

CONDITIONALS

* A conditional sentence is a sentence that consist of two clauses * IF clauses that introduces the condition

* Main clause that introduces the result

⇒ Condition part begins with if.

⇒ Result part begins with Pronoun.

<p>IF you work hard,</p> <p>IF / conditional clause</p>	<p>you will succeed in life</p> <p>Main / Result clause</p>
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TYPES	USAGE	IF CLAUSE	MAIN CLAUSE
Type-0	General truth / Scientific truth	Simple Present IF + S + V	Simple Present S + V
Type-1	A possible condition Future possibility	Simple Present IF + S + V	Simple future S + will / won't / shall / shan't / can / can't + V
Type-2	Improbable condition Imaginary condition	Simple Past IF + S + V ₂	would + V S + would + V
Type-3	Unfulfilled Condition Unreal past condition	Past Perfect IF + S + had + Past Participle	would have + V ₃ S + would + have + Past Participle (V ₃)

Type Zero

We use the Type Zero when talking about our habits, our typical behaviors, scientific truth, general truth.

$IF + S + V \longrightarrow S + V$

Eg

- * IF you heat ice, it melts.
- * IF you boil water, it evaporates.
- * IF you stand in the rain, you get wet.

Note In this type, you can replace "if" with when because both express general truths. The meaning will be unchanged.

Type 1

This type indicate us a possible condition and its probable result. It means that expected actions depends on a condition.

If clause - Type-1 is used to express a possibility in the future. We use this type when talking about real and possible situations in the future.

$If + S + V \rightarrow S + will / won't / shall / shan't / can / can't + V$

- Ex *
- * If it rains, we will cancel the trip.
 - * If you study, you will pass the exam.
 - * If you don't study hard, you won't pass.

NOTE In some cases, present continuous tense, present perfect continuous tense can be used in if clause

- Ex
- * If she has been studying since 9 'o' clock, she will need a take break.
 - * If my mother has cooked the meal, I'll eat my food.

NOTE

One or two of the clauses may be negative
in Type-1

- * If you don't come, I will not go to the party.
- * If it doesn't snow, the roads will be open

NOTE ⇒ If you want, we can use modals in both if clause and main clause or you can use modals only in one part.

- * If you can speak English, you will find jobs
- * If you must do that, I will do.

Type - 2

If clause - Type - 2 is used to express dreams unreal situations and things that are unlikely to happen.

$\text{If} + \text{S} + V_2 \rightarrow \text{S} + \text{would} + V$

OR

- * If I won the lottery, I would travel a lot.
- * If she knew the answer, she would win the prize
- * If I were a rich man, I would buy a home like palace

NOTE

In If clause Type - 2 we usually use

'were' which is past form of 'to be' instead

of 'was' although the pronoun is 'I, he, she or it'

OR

- * If I were you, I wouldn't marry with him.
- * If she were ill, she couldn't attend the meeting.
- * If she were angry, she wouldn't not talk to us.

Type - 3

If clauses. Type 3 is used to express the past and the impossible situations that can no longer be changed. The condition specified in the clause is imaginary or unreal or impossible condition in the past that did not happen.

$\text{If} + \text{s} + \text{had} + \text{V}_3 \rightarrow \text{s} + \text{would} + \text{have} + \text{V}_3$

- * If you had studied, you would have passed the exam.
- * If she had saved enough money, she would have bought a new bicycle.
- * If the student had listened to the teacher carefully he would have answered the questions easily.
- * If I had participated in the game, I would have won the medal.

⇒ Work hard. You will succeed in life

IF you work hard, you will succeed in life.

* ⇒ Rita was late to school. She was punished

IF Rita had not been late to school, she would not have been punished.

⇒ I play well. I will win the match

IF I play well, I will win the match.

⇒ I won a lottery. I travel a lot.

IF I won a lottery, I would travel a lot.

⇒ You had studied, you would have passed the exam.

IF you had studied, you would have passed the exam

⇒ I had known you were ill, I called on you.

IF I had known you were ill, I would have called on you.

⇒ If any of the two sentences is in Past tense they are combined based on TYPE -3

Recall Type-3 If + S + had + V3 → S + would have + V3

If + S + had been → S + would have been

Eg

I ^{auxiliary} was a teacher. I taught English

If I had not been a teacher, I would not have taught English

⇒ For positive sentence, auxiliary is negative

⇒ For negative sentence, auxiliary is positive

⇒ For condition, we use had or had not

⇒ If there is any be form verb [was/were] we add been

⇒ If. Add 'if'

Positive

Negative Result

Eg * I was ill. I did not attend the exam.

If I had not been ill, I would have attended the exam

* Peter was careless. He met with an accident.

If Peter had not been careless, he would not have met with an accident.

⇒ If any of the two sentences is Present negative or wish / inability, they are combined based on TYPE - 2

Recall Type - 2 If + S + V₂ → S + would / could + V

She is lazy. She is not liked by all.
If she were not lazy, she would be liked by all.

- ⇒ If there is main verb in condition we use Past
- ⇒ If am / is / are we use were
- ⇒ If there is main verb in result we add could / would
- ⇒ If am / is / are we use could be / would be
- ⇒ Add or remove not based on the meaning of sentence

Eg She is lazy, she is not liked by all.
If she were not lazy, she would be liked by all.

Eg They don't sleep well. They get less marks
If they slept well, they would not get less marks.

i) Madhan ran slowly. He did not catch the thief.

If Madhan had had not run slowly, he would have caught the thief.

If Madhan had run slowly, he would have caught the thief.

ii) Rahim was not well. He did not go to school.

If Rahim had ~~not~~ been well, he would have gone to school.

iii) Sheela was sick. She did not attend the meeting.

If Sheela had not been sick, she would have attended the meeting.

iv) He is short. He is not selected.

If he were not short, he would be selected.

v) She doesn't asked me. I don't help her.

If she asked me, I would helped her.

Unless → If... not

- * If not and Unless are negative conditionals.
- * Unless needs a main clause to complete the meaningful sentence

If result sentence contains 'not',
We remove 'not' and write both the
sentence as such. Add If, Remove Unless

Eg [Unless we plant more trees], [We cannot save our planet]
Conditional (+) Result (-)

If we plant more trees, we can save our planet

If result sentence doesn't contain 'not'
We write both sentences by adding 'not' in
first sentence

Eg Unless you keep quiet, you will be punished.

If you do not keep quiet, you will be punished.

If clause → inversion in conditional clause.

- ⇒ Remove 'if'
- ⇒ Find out the auxiliary verb and place it in the beginning of the sentence.

⇒ If I were → Were I

Eg * ~~If I were a lion, I would kill all the animals~~
~~in the forest.~~

Were I a lion, I would kill all the animals.
in the forest.

⇒ If I had → had I

Eg * ~~If I had seen him, I would have warned him~~

Had I seen him, I would have warned him.

Examples

1) Stand in the rain. You get wet.

If you stand in the rain, you get wet.

2) I won the lottery I travel a lot.

If you I won the lottery, I would travel a lot.

3) Naveen is late. He is punished.

If Naveen is late, he will be punished.

4) Rajesh doesn't have more money, He doesn't help the poor.

If Rajesh had more money, he would help the poor

5) Bama told the news. Tanaki was shocked.

If Bama had not told the news, Tanaki would not have been shocked.

6) You did not study, You did not pass the exam.

If you had studied, you would have passed the exam.

7) If I were a kite, I would fly in the sky. [Begin were]
Were I a kite, I would fly in the sky.

8) If I had known you were ill, I would have called on you. [Begin had]
Had I known you were ill, I would have called on you.

9) He did not give his address. I could not visit him.
If he had given his address, I could have visited him.

10) Rita was late. She was punished.
If Rita had not been late to school, she would not have been punished.

11) Sheela was sick. She did not attend the meeting.
If Sheela had not been sick, she would have attended the meeting.

12) If you stop eating junk foods, you would not be sick. [unless]
Unless you stop eating junk foods, you will be sick.