## Vidya mander matric Hr. Sec. School, rellore

## **COMMON QUARTERLY EXAMINATION - 2024**

				010	IIIdaid	A11	reg.140.	
	7			MAT	HEMA	TICS	April 1	
Tin I.		0.00 hrs	orrect e	DEWAY:	Part - I			Marks : 90
							TOTAL PLANTS	$20 \times 1 = 20$
1,	If A	$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix} a$	nd B=	1 4 2 0 then	adj (AB)			•
2.	a) If A	⊸40 , B and C a	b) re invert	-80 ible matrices	c) of some	-60 order, then w	d) -20. hich one of the	following is
	noi	t true?	1		100			150 150
· ·		adj A =  A  A $det A^{-1} = (a)$		*	b)	$adj(AB) = (ad)$ $(ABC)^{-1} = C^{-1}$	j A) (adj B) 1 B-1 A-1	4.
3.	If A	$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$	be such	that $\lambda A^{-1} =$	A then	le confront de		
-		[5 -2]	De ode,	that was -	A, tileit	C IS		4.5
		17			c)	19	d) 21	
4.	The	e value of $\sum_{n=1}^{12}$	(i <sup>n</sup> + i <sup>n</sup>	¹) is	Low			
	a)	1+i	b)	1	c)	1	d) 0	
5.	If  z	z <sub>1</sub>   = 1,  z <sub>2</sub>   =	2,  z <sub>3</sub>   =	3 and  9z <sub>1</sub> z <sub>2</sub>	+ 4z <sub>1</sub> z <sub>3</sub> -	$ z_2z_3  = 12$ , th	d) 0 en the value of	$ z_1 + z_2 + z_3 $
	a)	1	b)	2	c)	3	d) 4	
6.				of (sin 40° +			2	to be be to
		-110°				70°	d) 110°	
7.	Acc		e ration				not possible rat	ional zero of
				5	,	4	-/\ E	7.15
	a)		3 .	4	C).	5	d) 5 nly if, k satisfies	A Contract
В.	The	polynomial	X3 - KX	+ 9x has th	ree real	zeros if and or		
	a)	k  ≤ 6	D)	k = 0	(C)	k  > 6	d) $ \mathbf{k}  \ge 6$ .	and the same
9.	The	The polynomial $x^3 + 2x + 3$ has a) one negative and two imaginary zeros b) one positive and two imaginary zeros						
		three real z		vo imaginary	zeros	d) no zeros	ve and two ima	iginary zeros
10.	sin	$-1(\cos x) = \frac{\pi}{2}$	$\frac{-x}{2}$ is va	lid for	P.	a dita	10780	
	a)	$-\pi \le x \le 0$	b)	$0 \le x \le \pi$	c)	$-\frac{\pi}{2} \le x \le \frac{\pi}{2}$	$d) -\frac{\pi}{4} \le x \le$	$\leq \frac{3\pi}{4}$
11.	tan	$-1\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)$ + tan	$-1\left(\frac{2}{9}\right)$ is	equal to		4	process on	gen, etterior
	a)	$\frac{1}{2}\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)$	b)	$\frac{1}{2}\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)$	c)	$\frac{1}{2}$ tan $^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)$	d) $tan^{-1} \left( \frac{1}{2} \right)$	0.04813

11.

12. If  $\cot^{-1}(\sqrt{\sin \alpha}) + \tan^{-1}(\sqrt{\sin \alpha}) = u$  then,  $\cos 2u$  is equal to

- d) tan2α

a) tall 20 13. The circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 4x + 8y + 5$  intersects the line 3x - 4y = m at two distinct points if a) 15 < m < 65 b) 35 < m < 85 c) -85 < m <-35 d) -35 < m <15

14. Area of the greatest rectangle inscribed in the ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$  is

- a) 2ab
- b) ab

15. The locus of a point whose distance from (-2,0) is  $\frac{2}{3}$  times its distance from the line

$$x = \frac{-9}{2}$$
 is

- a) a parabola
- b) a hyperbola c) an ellipse d) a circle

16. If  $\vec{a}$  and  $\vec{b}$  are parallel vectors, then  $\vec{a}$ ,  $\vec{c}$ ,  $\vec{b}$  is equal to

- b) -1

- d) 0

17. If  $\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = \vec{b} \cdot \vec{c} = \vec{c} \cdot \vec{a} = 0$ , then the value of  $|\vec{a}, \vec{b}, \vec{c}|$  is

- a)  $|\vec{a}||\vec{b}||\vec{c}|$  b)  $\frac{1}{3}|\vec{a}||\vec{b}||\vec{c}|$  c) 1 d) -1

18. If  $\vec{a}, \vec{b}, \vec{c}$  are three non-coplanar unit vectors such that  $\vec{a} \times (\vec{b} \times \vec{c}) = \frac{\vec{b} + \vec{c}}{\sqrt{2}}$ , then the angle between a and b is

- b)  $\frac{3\pi}{4}$
- c)  $\frac{\pi}{4}$
- d) π

19. Find the  $|d_1 - d_2|$  between the parallel plane x + 2y - 2z + 1 = 0 and 2x + 4y - 4z + 5 = 0b) -1c) 1

20. If 5x + 2y = 3 and 3x + 2y = 5 are the system of linear equations, then |A| =

Answer any 7 questions. (Q.No.30 is compulsory)

21. If A is a non-singular matrix of odd order, prove that |adj A| is positive.

22. Prove that  $\begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$  is orthogonal.

23. Simplifying the following:  $i^{59} + \frac{1}{i^{59}}$ 

24. If |z| = 2, show that  $3 \le |z + 3 + 4i| \le 7$ 

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XII Maths

- 25. Find a polynomial equation of minimum degree with rational coefficients having  $2-\sqrt{3}$  as a root.
- 26. Discuss the nature of the roots of the following polynomial:  $x^{2018} + 1947x^{1950} + 15x^8 + 26x^6 + 2019$
- 27. Find the principal value of  $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$
- 28. The maximum and minimum distances of the Earth from the Sun respectively are 152x10<sup>6</sup> km and 94.5 x 10<sup>6</sup> km. The sun is at one focus of the elliptical orbit. Find the distance from the sun to the other focus.
- 29. If  $2\hat{i} \hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$ ,  $3\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}$ ,  $\hat{i} + m\hat{j} + 4\hat{k}$  are coplanar, find the value of m.
- 30. Prove that  $|\vec{a} \vec{b}, \vec{b} \vec{c}, \vec{c} \vec{a}| = 0$

Part - III

III. Answer any 7 questions. (Q.No.40 is compulsory)

7 x 3 = 21

- 31. Find the adjoint of the following:  $\begin{bmatrix} -3 & 4 \\ 6 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$
- 32. Find the rank of the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & 4 \\ 3 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$  by reducing it to a row-echelon form.
- 33. Write the following in the rectangular form :  $\frac{10-5i}{6+2i}$
- 34. Show that the equation  $z^2 = \overline{z}$  has four solutions.
- 35. If  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are the roots of the quadratic equation  $2x^2 7x + 13 = 0$ , construct a quadratic equation whose roots are  $\alpha^2$  and  $\beta^2$ .
- 36. If p is real, discuss the nature of the roots of the equation  $4x^2 + 4px + p + 2 = 0$  in terms of p.
- 37. Find the value of  $\sin^{-1}(-1) + \cos^{-1}(\frac{1}{2}) + \cot^{-1}(2)$
- 38. Find the general equation of the circle whose diameter is the line segment joining the points (-4,-2) and (1,1)
- 39. If  $\vec{a} = \hat{i} \hat{j}$ ,  $\vec{b} = \hat{i} \hat{j} 4\hat{k}$ ,  $\vec{c} = 3\hat{i} \hat{k}$  and  $\vec{d} = 2\hat{i} + 5\hat{j} + \hat{k}$ , verify that  $(\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) \times (\vec{c} \times \vec{d}) = [\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} \cdot \vec{d} | \vec{b} [\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} \cdot \vec{c} | \vec{b}]$
- 40. Show that the points (2,3,4), (-1,4,5) and (8,1,2) are collinear.

XII Maths

IV. Answer all the questions.

A TEM

 $7 \times 5 = 35$ 

41. a) By using Gaussian elimination method, balance the chemical reaction equation  $C_2H_6 + O_2 \rightarrow H_2O + CO_2$ (OR)

b) Investigate for what values of  $\lambda$  and  $\mu$  the system of linear equations x + 2y + z = 7,  $x + y + \lambda z = \mu$ , x + 3y - 5z = 5 has

(i) no solution (ii) a unique solution (iii) an infinite number of solutions

42. a) Suppose z<sub>1</sub>, z<sub>2</sub> and z<sub>3</sub> are the vertices of an equilateral triangle inscribed in the circle |z| = 2 if  $z_1 = 1 + i\sqrt{3}$ , then find  $z_2$  and  $z_3$ .

b) If 
$$z = x + iy$$
 and  $arg(\frac{z - i}{z + 2}) = \frac{\pi}{4}$ , show that  $x^2 + y^2 + 3x - 3y + 2 = 0$ 

43. a) Solve the equation  $6x^4 - 35x^3 + 62x^2 - 35x + 6 = 0$ 

b) Solve the equation : (x-2)(x-7)(x-3)(x+2) + 19 = 0

44. a) Find the value of  $\cos^{-1}\left(\cos\left(\frac{4\pi}{3}\right)\right) + \cos^{-1}\left(\cos\left(\frac{5\pi}{4}\right)\right)$ 

b) Solve:  $\tan^{-1} \left( \frac{x-1}{x-2} \right) + \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{x+1}{x+2} \right) = \frac{\pi}{4}$ 

45. a) Identify the type of conic and find centre, foci, vertices and directrices.  $18x^2 + 12y^2 - 144x + 48y + 120 = 0$ 

b) Find the equations of tangent and normal to the parabola  $x^2 + 6x + 4y + 5 = 0$  at (1, -3)

46. a) Prove by vector method that the perpendiculars (attitudes) from the vertices to the opposite sides of a triangle are concurrent. (OR)

b) Find the non-parametric form of vector equation and cartesian equation of the plane passing through the point (1,-2,4) and perpendicular to the plane x + 2y - 3z = 11

and parallel to the line  $\frac{x+7}{3} = \frac{y+3}{-1} = \frac{z}{1}$ 

- 47. a) If the equation of the ellipse is  $\frac{(x-11)^2}{484} + \frac{y^2}{64} = 1$  (x and y are measured in centimetres) where to the nearest centimetres, should the patient's kidney stone be placed so that the reflected sound hits the kidney stone?
  - b) A fish tank can be filled in 10 minutes using both pumps A and B simultaneously. However, pump B can pump water in or out at the same rate. If pump B is inadvertently run in reverse, then the tank will be filled in 30 minutes. How long would it take each pump to fill the tank by itself? (Use Cramer's rule to solve the problem)