

Ts11M

Tenkasi District



Common Second Mid Term Test - 2024

29-11-24

Standard 11

MATHEMATICS

Time: 1.30 Hrs.

Marks: 45

I. Choose the best:

10×1=10

- 1) If A is a square matrix, then which of the following is not symmetric?
 a) $A+A^T$ b) AA^T c) $A^T A$ d) $A-A^T$
- 2) If the points $(x, -2)$, $(5, 2)$, $(8, 8)$ are collinear, then $x = ?$
 a) -3 b) $\frac{1}{3}$ c) 1 d) 3
- 3) If $A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 & 4 \\ 3 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & 4 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ and $B = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 4 & 2 \\ 6 & 2 & 0 \\ -2 & 4 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$ then B is given by
 a) $B = 4A$ b) $B = -4A$ c) $B = -A$ d) $B = 6A$
- 4) Let A and B be two symmetric matrices of same order, then which one of the following statement is not true?
 a) $A+B$ is a symmetric matrix b) AB is symmetric matrix
 c) $AB = (BA)^T$ d) $A^T B = AB^T$
- 5) The unit vector parallel to the resultant of the vectors $\vec{i} + \vec{j} - \vec{k}$ and $\vec{i} - 2\vec{j} + \vec{k}$ is
 a) $\frac{\vec{i} - \vec{j} + \vec{k}}{\sqrt{5}}$ b) $\frac{2\vec{i} + \vec{j}}{\sqrt{5}}$ c) $\frac{2\vec{i} - \vec{j} + \vec{k}}{\sqrt{5}}$ d) $\frac{2\vec{i} - \vec{j}}{\sqrt{5}}$
- 6) If $|\vec{a} + \vec{b}| = 60$, $|\vec{a} - \vec{b}| = 40$ and $|\vec{b}| = 46$, then $|\vec{a}| = ?$
 a) 42 b) 12 c) 22 d) 32
- 7) If $(1, 2, 4)$ and $(2, -3\lambda, -3)$ are the initial and terminal points of the vector $\vec{i} + 5\vec{j} - 7\vec{k}$ then $\lambda = ?$
 a) $\frac{7}{3}$ b) $\frac{-7}{3}$ c) $\frac{-5}{3}$ d) $\frac{5}{3}$
- 8) If $\vec{a} = \vec{i} + 2\vec{j} + 2\vec{k}$, $|\vec{b}| = 5$ and the angle between \vec{a} and \vec{b} is $\frac{\pi}{6}$, then the area of triangle formed by these vectors as two sides, is
 a) $\frac{7}{4}$ b) $\frac{15}{4}$ c) $\frac{3}{4}$ d) $\frac{17}{4}$
- 9) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{a^x - b^x}{x} =$
 a) $\log ab$ b) $\log \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)$ c) $\log \left(\frac{b}{a} \right)$ d) $\frac{a}{b}$
- 10) The value of $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{\sqrt{x^2}} =$
 a) 1 b) -1 c) 0 d) ∞

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II. Answer any four questions. Q.No. 15 is compulsory:

4×2=8

11) Evaluate: $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^4 - 16}{x - 2}$

12) Show that $\begin{vmatrix} 0 & c & b \\ c & 0 & a \\ b & a & 0 \end{vmatrix}^2 = \begin{vmatrix} b^2 + c^2 & ab & ac \\ ab & c^2 + a^2 & bc \\ ab & bc & a^2 + b^2 \end{vmatrix}$.

13) Determine the value of X+Y if $\begin{bmatrix} 2X+Y & 4X \\ 5x-7 & 4X \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 7Y-13 \\ Y & X+6 \end{bmatrix}$.

14) If G is the centroid of the ΔABC , prove that $\vec{GA} + \vec{GB} + \vec{GC} = \vec{0}$.15) Find the projection of the vector $\vec{i} + 3\vec{j} + 7\vec{k}$ on the vector $2\vec{i} + 6\vec{j} + 3\vec{k}$.

III. Answer any four questions. Q.No. 20 is compulsory:

4×3=12

16) Evaluate: $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{1 + \sin x} - \sqrt{1 - \sin x}}{\tan x}$

17) Show that the points (4, -3, 1), (2, -4, 5) and (1, -1, 0) form a right angled triangle.

18) For any vector \vec{a} prove that $|\vec{a} \times \vec{i}|^2 + |\vec{a} \times \vec{j}|^2 + |\vec{a} \times \vec{k}|^2 = 2|\vec{a}|^2$.

19) Prove that $\begin{vmatrix} 1+a & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1+b & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1+c \end{vmatrix} = abc \left(1 + \frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{c} \right)$.

20) If (K, 2), (2, 4) and (3, 2) are vertices of the triangle of area 4 sq.units. Then determine the value of K.

IV. Answer the following questions:

3×5=15

21) Express the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 5 \\ -6 & 8 & 3 \\ -4 & 6 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ as the sum of a symmetric and a skew-symmetric matrices. (OR)SIVAKUMAR M,
Sri Ram Matric HSS,
Vallam-622809,
Tenkasi District.

Prove that $\lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin \theta}{\theta} = 1$.

22) Show that the function $\begin{cases} x^3 - 1, & \text{if } x \neq 1 \\ 3, & \text{if } x = 1 \end{cases}$ is continuous on $(-\infty, \infty)$.

(OR)

Prove that the medians of a triangle are concurrent.

23) Show that the vectors $\vec{i} - 2\vec{j} + 3\vec{k}$, $-2\vec{i} + 3\vec{j} - 4\vec{k}$, $-\vec{j} + 2\vec{k}$ are coplanar.

(OR)

Using factor theorem prove that $\begin{vmatrix} b+c & a-c & a-b \\ b-c & c+a & b-a \\ c-b & c-a & a+b \end{vmatrix} = 8abc$.
