

MATHEMATICS : XII - STD : VOLUME - 2 (FULL)

- I CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER. (20 × 1 = 20)
- The tangent to the curve $y^2 = xy + 9 = 0$ is vertical form
 1) $y=0$ 2) $y=\pm\sqrt{3}$ 3) $y=\frac{1}{2}$ 4) $y=\pm 3$.
 - The minimum value of the function $|3-x|+9$ is
 1) 0 2) 3 3) 6 4) 9.
 - The point of the inflection of the curve $y = (x-1)^3$ is
 1) $(0,0)$ 2) $(0,1)$ 3) $(1,0)$ 4) $(1,1)$.
 - If $u(x,y) = e^{x^2+y^2}$, then $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x}$ is equal to.
 1) $e^{x^2+y^2}$ 2) $2xu$ 3) x^2u 4) y^2u .
 - The approximate change in the volume V of a cube of a side x meters caused by increasing the side 1% is
 1) $0.3x dx \text{ m}^3$ 2) $0.03x \text{ m}^3$ 3) $0.03x^2 \text{ m}^3$ 4) $0.03x^3 \text{ m}^3$.
 - Linear approximation for $g(x) = \cos x$ at $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$ is
 1) $x+\frac{\pi}{2}$ 2) $-x+\frac{\pi}{2}$ 3) $x-\frac{\pi}{2}$ 4) $-x-\frac{\pi}{2}$.
 - The Value of $\int_1^2 |x| dx$: 1) $\frac{1}{2}$ 2) $\frac{3}{2}$ 3) $\frac{5}{2}$ 4) $\frac{7}{2}$
 - If $f(x) = \int_0^x t \cdot \cos t dt$, then $dt/dx =$
 1) $\cos x - x \sin x$ 2) $\sin x + x \cos x$ 3) $x \cos x$ 4) $\sin x$.
 - The Value of $\int_0^{\pi} \sin^4 x dx$ is. 1) $3\pi/10$ 2) $3\pi/8$ 3) $3\pi/4$ 4) $3\pi/2$
 - The Value of $\int_0^1 (\sin^{-1} x)^2 dx$ is.
 1) $\frac{\pi^2}{4} - 1$ 2) $\frac{\pi^2}{4} + 2$ 3) $\frac{\pi^2}{4} + 1$ 4) $\frac{\pi^2}{4} - 2$.
 - The order and degree of the differential eqn $y^{14}(y')^3 + x^4 = 0$ are respectively.
 1) 2,3 2) 3,3 3) 2,6 4) 2,4.
 - The solution of $dy/dx + p(x)y = 0$

TEST) TIME : 3:Hrs MARKS : 90.

$$1) y = ce^{\int P dx} \quad 2) y = ce^{-\int P dx} \quad 3) \cancel{y = ce^{-\int P dy}} \quad 4) x = ce^{\int P dy}$$

13. The solution of the differential eqn $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{Y_2x + \Phi(Y_2)}{\Phi'(Y_2)}$ is 1) $x\Phi(Y_2) = k$ 2) $\Phi(Y_2) = kx$
 3) $y\Phi(Y_2) = k$, 4) $\Phi(Y_2) = ky$.

14. If the solution of the differential eqn $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{ax+3}{2y+1}$ represents a circle, then the value of c.
 1) 2 2) -2 3) 1 4) -1.

15. A random variable x has binomial distribution with $n=25$, $p=0.8$ then standard deviation of x is
 1) 6 2) 4 3) 3 4) 2.

16. If $P(X=0) = 1 - P(X=1)$. If $E(X) = 3$ $\text{Var}(X)$, then $P(X=0)$
 1) $2/3$ 2) $2/5$ 3) $1/5$ 4) $1/3$.

17. Let x have a Bernoulli distribution with mean 0.4 then the variance of $(2x-3)$ is
 1) 0.24 2) 0.48 3) 0.6 4) 0.96.

18. Subtraction is not a binary operation in
 1) \mathbb{R} 2) \mathbb{Z} 3) \mathbb{N} 4) \mathbb{Q} .

19. In the set \mathbb{Q} def $a \oplus b = a+b+ab$. For what value of y, $3 \oplus (y \oplus 5) = 7$?

- 1) $y = 2/3$ 2) $y = -2/3$ 3) $y = -3/2$ 4) $y = 4$.

20. The last column of the truth table has $\sim(p \vee q)$ the no. of final outcomes of the truth value F are
 1) 1 2) 2 3) 3 4) 4.

PREPARED BY: M. THIRUMAL (PG. Asst). DHARMAPURI.

II ANSWER 7 QUESTIONS : Q.NO: 30 IS COMPULSORY

21. Solve: $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\sqrt{1-y^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$. (7x2=14)
22. If $f(x,y) = x^3 - 3x^2y + y^2 + 5x + b$ then find f_x at $(1,-2)$.
23. Find the mean of the distribution $f(x) = \begin{cases} 3e^{-3x}, & 0 < x < 0 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$
24. Find the equation of tangent to the curve $y = x^2 - x^4$ at $(1,0)$.
25. Evaluate: $\int_0^{\pi/2} (\sin^2 x + \cos^4 x) dx$.
26. $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$, $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ be a bookan Matrices. Find AB , $A^T B$.
27. Find $P \rightarrow (\neg q \vee r)$ using truth table.
28. Evaluate: $\int_0^\infty x^5 e^{-3x} dx$
29. Find the values of interval by Rolle's theorem $f(x) = x - \frac{1}{x}$ $x \in [1/2, 2]$.
30. Find the diff. eqn for the family of all straight lines passing through the origin.

III ANSWER 7 QUESTIONS: Q.NO: 40 COMPULSORY.

31. Evaluate: $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2x^2 - 3}{x^2 - 5x + 3}$. (7x3=21)
32. The mean and variance of a binomial variate 2 ~~1.5~~.
33. Find the absolute extrema: $f(x) = 6x^{4/3} - 3x^{1/3} [-1, 1]$.
34. Evaluate: $\int_3^{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{x}}} \frac{1}{2\sqrt[3]{x+\sqrt{x}}} dx$.
35. Solve the diff. eqn. $(e^y + 1) \cos x dx + e^y \sin x dy = 0$.
36. If the radius of the sphere, with radius 10cm, has to decrease by 0.1 cm approximately. how much will its volume decrease?
37. Let $*$ be defined on \mathbb{R} by $(a+b)* = ab+ab-7$. If $*$ binary on \mathbb{R} ? If so find $3*(-1/15)$.
38. If $u(x,y) = x^2 + y^2 / \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$. Prove that $x \cdot \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \cdot \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = \frac{3}{2} u$.
39. Solve: $x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = x \log x$.
40. Show that $\sim (P \leftrightarrow q) \equiv P \leftarrow \sim q$.

IV ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS ($7 \times 5 = 35$)

41. a) If the curves $ax^2+by^2=1$ and $cx^2+dy^2=1$ intersect each other orthogonally then $\frac{1}{a} - \frac{1}{b} = \frac{1}{c} - \frac{1}{d}$. (OR)
- b) Show that area of the region bounded by $3x-2y+6=0$, $x=-3$, $x=1$ and x axis, is $15/2$.
42. a) If $V(x,y) = \log\left(\frac{x^2+y^2}{2xy}\right)$, prove that $x\frac{\partial V}{\partial x} + y\frac{\partial V}{\partial y} = 1$. (OR)
- b) For the function $f(x) = 4x^3 + 3x^2 - bx + 1$. Find point of inflection.
43. a) Evaluate: $\int_{\pi/8}^{3\pi/8} \frac{1}{1+\tan x} dx$ (OR)
- b) The rate of increase in the No. of bacteria in a certain bacteria culture is proportional to the number present. Given that the number triples in 5 hrs, find how many bacteria will be present after 10 hrs.
44. a) A random variable X has the following P.m.f.
- | X | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|----------|-----|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|
| $P(X=x)$ | K | $3K$ | $5K$ | $7K$ | $9K$ | $11K$ | $13K$ |
- i) Find K . ii) Evaluate $P(X \geq 4)$, $P(X \geq 5)$. iii) $P(3 < X < 6)$. (OR)
- b) Find the Volume of a Sphere when rotating a circle with radius a .
45. a) Prove that $p \wedge q \equiv (p \rightarrow q) \vee (q \rightarrow p) \wedge q$. (OR)
- b) Solve $(1+2e^{x/y})dx + 2e^{x/y}(1-x/y)dy = 0$.
46. a) If $w(x,y) = xy + \sin(xy)$, then prove that $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial y^2} = \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2}$. (OR)
- b) Prove that among all the rectangles of the given Perimeter, its square has the maximum Area.
47. a) If $X \sim B(n,p)$ such that $P(X=4) = P(X=2)$ and $n=6$. Find the distribution, Mean and Standard deviation. (OR)
- b) Verify i) closure ii) commutative iii) Associative, iv) Identity v) inverse for the operation x_1 on a subset $A = \{1, 3, 4, 5, 9\}$ of the set of remainders $\{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10\}$.