SECOND MID TERM TEST.

Standard - XII PHYSICS

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Time: 1.30 hrs.

5×1=5

I. Answer all the questions:

1. In a hydrogen atom, the electron revolving in the fourth orbit, has angular momentum equal to

- a) h
- b) h/π
- c) $4h/\pi$
- d) $2h/\pi$

2. The ratio between the first three orbits of hydrogen atom is

a) 1:2:3 b) 2:4:6 c) 1:4:9 d) 1:3:5 3. If the nuclear radius of ²⁷Al is 3.6 fermi, the approximate nuclear radius of 64Cu in fermi is

- a) 2.4
- b) 1.2
- c) 4.8
- d) 3.6

4. The Zener diode is primarily used as

- a) Rectifier b) Amplifier c) Oscillator d) Voltage regulator.

5. If the input to the NOT gate is A = 1011, its output is

- a) 0100
- b) 1000
- c) 1100
- d) 0011

II. Answer any four questions. Q.No.9 is compulsory:

- 6. What is distance of clorest approach?
- 7. What is isotope? Give an example.
- 8. Calculate the radius of 79Au179 nucleus.

10. What do you mean by doping?

11. What do you mean by skip distance?

12. Give the Barth. 12. Give the Barkhausen conditions for sustained oscillations. De vonisation

III. Answer any four questions. Q.No.16 is compulsory:

- 13. Write any three properties of Cathode rays?
- 14. What is meant by radioactivitiy?
- 15. Write down the draw backs of Bohr atom model.

16. In a transistor connected in the common base configuration $\alpha = 0.95$,

 $I_{\rm F}$ = 1mA. Calculate the values of $I_{\rm C}$ and $I_{\rm B}$.

17. What is meant by biasing? Mention its types. The Brogle 18. Give application of RADAR. Loss of planticularity and the second and the seco

IV. Answer any two questions: Pholica bhoto cells

XII - PHYSICS

20. Explain the J.J. Thomson experiment to determine the specific charge

(OR)

Obtain the law of radioactivity.

21. Draw the circuit diagram of a half wave rectifier and explain its working.

State and prove DeMorgan's first and second theroem. Emster photoelectric for Davidson German explanan