Class: 11
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COMMON HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION 2024 - 25 Choose of CHEMISTRY
I. Choose the CHEMISTRY
option code an experimental answer from the give form
option code and the corresponding answer. 1. Which of the following contain same number of carbon atoms as in 6 g of carbon-12. 2. What is the maximum purely of the corresponding answer. 3. The following contain same number of carbon atoms as in 6 g of carbon-12. 2. What is the maximum purely of the corresponding answer. 3. The following contain same number of carbon atoms as in 6 g of carbon-12.
d) 7.5 g ethans some number of carbon atoms as to a
2. What is the maximum number of electrons that can be associated by None of these
2. What is the maximum number of electrons that can be associated with the following set of a) 4 What is the maximum number of electrons that can be associated with the following set of
3. In a given shell the and b) 6 c) 2
a) s > p > d > f
Water is a $\frac{b}{s > p > t > d}$ c) $f > d > p > s$ d) $f > p > s > d$
d) pasic ovido
Amphoteric ovide di None et il
i here is a single in the control of
 a) Both Assertion and Reason are true and Reason is the correct explanation of Assertion. b) Both Assertion and Reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation. c) Assertion is true but reason is not the correct explanation.
b) Both Assertion and Reason are true and Reason is the correct explanation of Assertion. c) Assertion is true but reason is false d) Both assertion and reason of Assertion. 6. We achieved ———————————————————————————————————
6. We achieved temperature by removing the magnetic property of Gadolinium Sulphate. 7. In an adiabatic process, Which of the content explanation of Assertion. 8 Both assertion and reason are false 9 Both assertion and reason are false 10 Content explanation of Assertion. 11 Content explanation of Assertion. 12 Content explanation of Assertion. 13 Content explanation of Assertion.
7. In an adiabatic process Which of the control of the magnetic property of Gadolinium Sulphate.
a) q = w b) q = 0
8. $\frac{K_c}{K_p}$ for the reaction, $N_{2(q)} + 3H_2 \rightleftharpoons 2NH_{3(q)}$ is
$K_p \rightleftharpoons 2NH_{3(g)}$ is
a)
9. Which of the following as
9. Which of the following concentration terms is / are independent of temperature. 10. Shape of Yar
d) (a) and (c)
11. The purity of an organic compound is determined by a) Chromatography Square plannar c) "T" shape d) None of these
c) Melting or hoiling braces b) Crystallisation
c) Melting or boiling process b) Crystallisation 12. Which of the following species does acts as a Nucleophile? b) ROP
a) RX b) ROR c) CH ₂ Br d) RE
a) Att
14. The raw material for Rasching process a) Nitro benzene b) Toluene characteristic reactions easily? 14. The raw material for Rasching process d) Xylene
14. The raw material for Rasching process a) Chloroberzone (c) Cumene d) Xylene
a) Chlorobenzene b) Phenol 15. Ozone depletion will cause a) Forest fires
-/ / OICSI III ES
C) Bio magnification at a
16. Define the Aufban Principle. 17. How do you convert para 4. 18. Define the Aufban Principle. 19. 6x2=12
17. How do you convert para hydrogen into Ortho hydrogen? 18. State Graham's law of Diffusion. 19. Defendant Principle. 6x2=12
19. Define Molar Heat Capacity. Give it's unit.
Capacity. Give it's unit.
TPR/11/Che/1A

Draw the Lewis structure for the following species. (ii) HNO, 21. Identifly the functional group in the following compounds. (i) di methyl ether (ii) 2 - methyl butanal 22. Explain Birch Reduction. 23. Write a short note on BOD. 24. Complete the following reactions. a) CHCl, + HNO, $\xrightarrow{\Delta}$? b) $CCI_4 + H_2O \xrightarrow{\Delta} ?$ PART - III III. Answer any 6 questions. Question number 33 is compulsory. 6x3=18 25. Distinguish between Oxidation and Reduction. 26. How many radial nodes for 2s, 5d, 4f orbitals exhibit? How many Angular nodes? 27. Explain Diagonal Relationship. 28. How is Plaster of Paris prepared? Write it's one use? 29. The equilibrium concentration of NH₃, N₂ and H₂ are 1.8 x 10 2 m, 1.2 x 10 2 m and 3 x 10 2 m respectively. Calculate the equilibrium constant for the formation of NH, from N, and H, 30. Define (i) Osmosis (ii) Osmotic pressure 31. Explain Electromeric Effect. 32. How do react ethylene with Baeyer's Reagent. 33. A Hydro Carbon C₃H₈ (A) reacts with HBr to form compound (B). Compound (B) reacts with aqueous Potassium hydroxide to give (c) of molecular formula C₃H₈O. What are (A), B and (C). Explain the reactions. PART - IV Answer all the questions. IV. 5x5 = 25i) A compound on analysis gave the following. Percentage composition C = 54.55%, H = 9.09% O = 36.36%. Determine the empirical formula of the compound. ii) Write short note on Principal quantum number. (OR) i) Discuss any three similarities between Lithium and Magnesium. ii) Write the biological importance of Sodium and Potassium. 35. a) i) Explain the Pauling method for the determination of lonic Radices. ii) Mention the uses of Deuterium. (OR) b) State the various statements of Second law of Thermodynamics. Dervie the values of Critical constants in terms of Van der Waals constants. 36. a) i) Derive a expression for K_p and K_c for the formation of HI. ii) State Henry's law. Discuss the formation of N₂ molecule using MO theory with diagram. 37. a) (OR) i) Give the IUPAC name for the following compounds. A) $CH_3 - C \equiv C - CH - CH_3$ B) $CH_3 - CH_2 - CH - CHO$ C) $CH_3 - CH_2 - C - OH$ CI

OH

ii) State Inductive Effect.

i) How will you prepare Toluene from Benzene.

ii) Write Finkelstein Reaction.

(OR)

i) Differentiate Viable particulates and Non - Viable particulates.

ii) Write short note on Stone Leprosy.