### SIR CV RAMAN COACHING CENTRE IDAPPADI, SALEM

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# XLL MATHS CHAPTER 1,2,3 MODEL QUESTION PAPER – 2024

Total mark: 30 m

SECTION - A (5 X 1 = 5M)

## CHOOSE THE CORRECT BEST ANSWER

1.

If 
$$\omega = cis \frac{2\pi}{3}$$
, then the number of distinct roots of  $\begin{vmatrix} z+1 & \omega & \omega^2 \\ \omega & z+\omega^2 & 1 \\ \omega^2 & 1 & z+\omega \end{vmatrix} = 0$ 

(1) 1

(2) 2

(3) 3

(4) 4

2.

If 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & -1 \\ 2 & -2 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and  $A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$  then the value of  $a_{23}$  is

(1) 0

(2) -2

(3) -3

(4) -1

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If 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \tan \frac{\theta}{2} \\ -\tan \frac{\theta}{2} & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and  $AB = I_2$ , then  $B = I_2$ 

 $(1)\left(\cos^2\frac{\theta}{2}\right)A$ 

(2)  $\left(\cos^2\frac{\theta}{2}\right)A^T$  (3)  $(\cos^2\theta)I$  (4)  $\left(\sin^2\frac{\theta}{2}\right)A$ 

- 4. a square matrix is called .....
- a) singular b) non singular c) both a and b d) none of the above

4.

If 
$$x^a y^b = e^m, x^c y^d = e^n, \Delta_1 = \begin{bmatrix} m & b \\ n & d \end{bmatrix}, \Delta_2 = \begin{bmatrix} a & m \\ c & n \end{bmatrix}, \Delta_3 = \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}$$
, then the values of  $x$  and  $y$ 

are respectively,

(1) 
$$e^{(\Delta_2/\Delta_1)}, e^{(\Delta_3/\Delta_1)}$$

(2) 
$$log(\Delta_1/\Delta_3), log(\Delta_2/\Delta_3)$$

(3) 
$$log(\Delta_2 / \Delta_1), log(\Delta_3 / \Delta_1)$$

(4)) 
$$e^{(\Delta_1/\Delta_3)}, e^{(\Delta_2/\Delta_3)}$$

#### SECTION - B ( $5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ M}$ )

## **ANSWER ANY FIVE QUESTIONS**

By using Gaussian elimination method, balance the chemical reaction equation:

$$C_2H_6 + O_2 \rightarrow H_2O + CO_2$$

Investigate the values of  $\lambda$  and  $\mu$  the system of linear equations 2x+3y+5z=9,

$$7x + 3y - 5z = 8$$
,  $2x + 3y + \lambda z = \mu$ , have

(i) no solution (ii) a unique solution (iii) an infinite number of solutions.

8.

7.

In a T20 match, a team needed just 6 runs to win with 1 ball left to go in the last over. The last ball was bowled and the batsman at the crease hit it high up. The ball traversed along a path in a vertical plane and the equation of the path is  $y = ax^2 + bx + c$  with respect to a xy-coordinate system in the vertical plane and the ball traversed through the points (10,8),(20,16),(40,22), can you conclude that the team won the match?



Justify your answer. (All distances are measured in metres and the meeting point of the plane of the path with the farthest boundary line is (70,0).)

Obtain the Cartesian form of the locus of z in each of the following cases.

(i) 
$$|z| = |z - i|$$

(ii) 
$$|2z-3-i|=3$$

10.

Solve the equation  $z^3 + 8i = 0$ , where  $z \in \mathbb{C}$ .

11.

If z = 2 - 2i, find the rotation of z by  $\theta$  radians in the counter clockwise direction about the origin when

(i) 
$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}$$

(ii) 
$$\theta = \frac{2\pi}{3}$$

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. . . . .

If the equations  $x^2 + px + q = 0$  and  $x^2 + p'x + q' = 0$  have a common root, show that it must be equal to  $\frac{pq' - p'q}{q - q'}$  or  $\frac{q - q'}{p' - p}$ .

Solve: 
$$2\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}} + 3\sqrt{\frac{a}{x}} = \frac{b}{a} + \frac{6a}{b}$$
.

Simplify (i) 
$$(1+i)^{18}$$

$$(ii)(-\sqrt{3}+3i)^{31}$$
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#### PREPARED BY

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**PHYSICS** 

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