

12MATHEMATICS

PREVIOUSYEARPUBLICQUESTIONS2-MARKS

| S.NO | 2 MARK QUESTIONS | YEAR |
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| C1.1 | Prove that $\begin{bmatrix} \cos\theta & -\sin\theta \\ \sin\theta & \cos\theta \end{bmatrix}$ is orthogonal. | Mar-2023 |
| 1.2 | If $\text{adj}(A) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 6 & 2 & -6 \\ -3 & 0 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$ find A^{-1} | Jun-2023 |
| C2.1 | Prove that $\frac{(1+i)^3}{(1-i)^3} = \frac{(1-i)^3}{(1+i)^3}$ | Mar-2020 |
| 2.2 | If $(1+i)(1+2i)\dots\dots(1+ni) = x+iy$ then prove that $2.5.10\dots\dots(1+n^2) = x^2+y^2$ | Mar-2020 |
| 2.3 | Find the least positive integers such that $\left(\frac{1+i}{1-i}\right)^n = 1$ | Sep-2020 |
| 2.4 | Obtain the Cartesian form of the locus of $z = x+iy$ in $ z+i = z-i $ | Sep-2020 |
| 2.5 | If $z = (2+3i)(1-i)$ then prove that $z^{-1} = \frac{5-i}{26}$ | Mar-2021 |
| 2.6 | Prove the following properties: $\text{Re}(z) = \frac{z+\bar{z}}{2}$ and $\text{Im}(z) = \frac{z-\bar{z}}{2i}$ | Mar-2022 |
| 2.7 | If $z_1=3, z_2=-7i$ and $z_3=5+4i$, show that $z_1(z_2+z_3) = z_1z_2 + z_1z_3$. | Jul-2022 |
| 2.8 | If $ z =2$, show that $3 \leq z+3+4i \leq 7$ | Mar-2023 |
| 2.9 | Express $e^{i\cos\theta + i\sin\theta}$ in $a+ib$ form. | Mar-2023 |
| 2.10 | Find the principal argument $\text{Arg}(z)$ when $z = \frac{-2}{1+i\sqrt{3}}$ | Jun-2023 |
| C3.1 | If α, β, γ and δ are the roots of the polynomial equation $2x^4 + 5x^3 - 7x^2 + 8 = 0$ find a quadratic equation with integer coefficients whose roots are $\alpha + \beta + \gamma + \delta$ and $\alpha\beta\gamma\delta$. | Sep-2020 |
| 3.2 | If α and β are roots of $x^2 - 5x + 6 = 0$ then prove that $\alpha^2 - \beta^2 = \pm 5$ | Mar-2021 |
| 3.3 | Find the polynomial equation of minimum degree with rational coefficients, having $2 - \sqrt{3}$ as a root. | Mar-2022 |
| 3.4 | If α and β are roots of $x^2 + 5x + 6 = 0$ then prove that $\alpha^2 + \beta^2 = 13$ | Jul-2022 |

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| 3.5 | If p and q are the roots of the equation $lx^2+nx+n=0$, show that | $\sqrt{\frac{p}{q}} + \sqrt{\frac{q}{p}} + \sqrt{\frac{n}{l}} = 0$. | Mar-2023 |
| C4.1 | Find the value of $\sin^{-1}\left(\sin\left(\frac{5\pi}{4}\right)\right)$ | | Mar-2020 |
| 4.2 | Find the principal value of $\tan^{-1}(\sqrt{3})$ | | Sep-2020 Mar-2022 |
| 4.3 | For what value of x does $\sin x = \sin^{-1}x$? | | Mar-2021 |
| 4.4 | Find the value of $\sin^{-1}(1) + \cos^{-1}(1)$ | | Jul-2022 |
| C5.1 | Find the equation of the parabola if the curve is open leftward, vertex is $(2,1)$ and passing through the point $(1,3)$ | | Mar-2020 |
| 5.2 | If $y = 4x + c$ is a tangent to the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 9$, find c . | | Mar-2023 |
| 5.3 | Find the equation of the hyperbola with vertices $(0, \pm 4)$ and foci $(0, \pm 6)$ | | Jun-2023 |
| C6.1 | Find the magnitude and the direction cosines of the torque about the point $(2, 0, -1)$ of a force $2\hat{i} + \hat{j} - \hat{k}$ whose line of action passes through the origin. | | Mar-2020 |
| 6.2 | If $\hat{a}, \hat{b}, \hat{c}$ are three unit vectors such that \hat{b} and \hat{c} are non-parallel and $\hat{a} \times (\hat{b} \times \hat{c}) = \frac{1}{2}\hat{a}$, find the angle between \hat{a} and \hat{c} . | | Sep-2020 |
| 6.3 | Show that the three vectors $2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + \hat{k}$, $\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$ and $3\hat{i} + \hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$ are coplanar | | Mar-2021 |
| 6.4 | Show that the distance from the origin to the plane $3x + 6y + 2z + 7 = 0$ is 1 | | Mar-2022 |
| 6.5 | Find the acute angle between the two straight lines. $\frac{x-4}{2} = \frac{y}{1} = \frac{z+1}{-2}$ and $\frac{x-1}{4} = \frac{y+1}{-4} = \frac{z-2}{2}$ | | Jul-2022 |
| 6.6 | Find the vector equation of a plane which is at a distance of 7 units from the origin having 3, -4, 5 as direction ratios of a normal to it. | | Mar-2023 |
| 6.7 | Find the distance from a point $(2, 5, -3)$ to the plane $\vec{r} \cdot (6\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}) = 5$ | | Jun-2023 |

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| C7.1 | Find the value in the interval $(2, \frac{1}{2})$ satisfied by the Rolle's theorem for the function $f(x) = x + \frac{1}{x}, x \in [1, 2]$ | Mar-2020 |
| 7.2 | Evaluate the limit: $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\sin mx}{x} \right)$ | Sep-2020 |
| 7.3 | Prove that $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{e^x}{x^m} \right) = \infty$ where m is a positive integer | Mar-2021 |
| 7.4 | Find the points on the curve $y = x^3 - 3x^2 + x - 2$ at which the tangent is parallel to the line $y = x$. | Mar-2022 |
| 7.5 | Find the tangent to the curve $y = x^2 - x^4$ at $(1, 0)$ | Jul-2022 |
| 7.6 | Find the equation of tangent to the curve $y = x^2 + 3x - 2$ at the point $(1, 2)$. | Mar-2023 |
| 7.7 | Prove that the function $f(x) = x^2 - 2x - 3$ is strictly increasing in $(2, \infty)$ | Jun-2023 |
| C8.1 | For the function $f(x) = x^2 + 3x$, calculate the differential df when $x = 2$ and $dx = 0.1$ | Mar-2020 Mar-2022 |
| 8.2 | Show that if $x = r \cos \theta, y = r \sin \theta$, then $\frac{\partial r}{\partial x}$ is equal to $\cos \theta$ | Sep-2020 |
| 8.3 | If $g(x) = x^2 + \sin x$, then find dg . | Mar-2021 |
| 8.4 | Find ddf for $f(x) = x^2 + 3x$ and evaluate it for $x = 3$ and $dx = 0.02$. | Jul-2022 |
| 8.5 | If the radius of a sphere with radius 10 cm, has to decrease by 0.1 cm, approximately how much will its volume decrease? | Mar-2023 |
| 8.6 | Show that the percentage error in the n^{th} root of a number is approximately $\frac{1}{n}$ times the percentage error in the number. | Jun-2023 |
| C9.1 | Prove that: $\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{f(\sin x)}{f(\sin x) + f(\cos x)} dx = \frac{\pi}{4}$ | Mar-2020 |
| 9.2 | Evaluate $\int_3^4 \frac{dx}{x^2 - 4}$ | Sep-2020 |
| 9.3 | Evaluate: $\int_a^{\infty} \frac{1}{b^2 + x^2} dx, a > 0, b \in R$ | Mar-2023 |

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| 9.4 | Evaluate: $\int_0^{\infty} x^5 e^{-3x} dx$ | Jun-2023 |
| C10.1 | Find the differential equation of the family of parabolas $y^2 = 4ax$, where "a" is an arbitrary constant. | Mar-2020 |
| 10.2 | Find the differential equation of the family of $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ where a, b are parameters and c is a constant. | Sep-2020 |
| 10.3 | Show that the solution of $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\sqrt{1-y^2}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$ is $\sin^{-1}y = \sin^{-1}x + C$ or $\sin^{-1}x = \sin^{-1}y + C$ | Mar-2021 Mar-2022 |
| 10.4 | Show that the differential equation corresponding to $y = A \sin x$, where A is an arbitrary constant, is $y = y' \tan x$ | Mar-2021 |
| 10.5 | Show that the differential equation of the family of curves $y = Ae^x + Be^{-x}$, where A and B are arbitrary constants, is $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - y = 0$. | Mar-2022 |
| 10.6 | Show that $y = ae^x + be^{-x}$, is a solution of the differential equation $y'' - y = 0$. | Jul-2022 |
| 10.7 | Form the differential equation of the curve $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ where a, b and c are arbitrary constants. | Jul-2022 |
| 10.8 | Assume that a spherical raindrop evaporates at a rate proportional to its surface area. Form a differential equation involving the rate of change of the radius of the raindrop. | Jun-2023 |
| C11.1 | If X is the random variable with distribution function F(x) given by $F(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & ; -\infty < x < 0 \\ \frac{1}{2}(x^2 + x); & 0 \leq x < 1 \\ \frac{1}{2} & ; 1 \leq x < \infty \end{cases}$ Then prove that the p.d.f. is $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2}(2x+1); & 0 \leq x < 1 \\ 0 & ; \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ | Mar-2021 |
| 11.2 | The probability density function of X is given by $f(x) = \begin{cases} kxe^{-2x} & \text{for } x > 0 \\ 0 & \text{for } x \leq 0 \end{cases}$ Prove that the value of k is 4. | Mar-2021 |
| 11.3 | A random variable X has the following probability mass function Find k. | Mar-2022 |
| 11.4 | X is the number of tails occurred when three fair coins are tossed simultaneously. Find the values of the random variable X and number of points in its range. | Mar-2022 |

| 11.5 | <p>A random variable X has the following probability mass function</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>X</th> <th>1</th> <th>2</th> <th>3</th> <th>4</th> <th>5</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>f(x)</td> <td>k^2</td> <td>$2k^2$</td> <td>$3k^2$</td> <td>$2k$</td> <td>$3k$</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Show that the value of k is $\frac{1}{6}$</p> | X | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | f(x) | k^2 | $2k^2$ | $3k^2$ | $2k$ | $3k$ | Jul-2022 |
|-------|--|----------|--------|------|------|---|---|------|-------|--------|--------|------|------|----------|
| | X | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | | | | | | | | |
| f(x) | k^2 | $2k^2$ | $3k^2$ | $2k$ | $3k$ | | | | | | | | | |
| 11.6 | <p>Suppose the amount of milk sold daily at a milk booth is distributed with a minimum of 200 liters and a maximum of 600 liters with probability density function of X is:</p> $f(x) = \begin{cases} k; & 200 \leq x \leq 600 \\ 0; & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ <p>Find the value of k.</p> | Jul-2022 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11.7 | <p>A pair of fair dice is rolled once. Find the probability mass function of the number of four.</p> | Jun-2023 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| C12.1 | <p>Prove that Identity element is Unique if it exists.</p> | Mar-2020 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 12.2 | <p>Examine the binary operation of the operation $a * b = \begin{pmatrix} a-1 \\ b-1 \end{pmatrix}; \forall a, b \in Q$</p> | Sep-2020 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 12.3 | <p>Let $A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}; B = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ be any two Boolean matrices of the same type. Find</p> <p>$A \vee B$ and $A \wedge B$</p> | Mar-2023 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Jun-2023 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

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|------|---|----|----|----|----|-----|
| X | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| f(x) | k | 2k | 6k | 5k | 6k | 10k |