

FILL IN THE BLANKS :

1. $\frac{-19}{5}$ lies between the integers _____ and _____.
2. The decimal form of the rational number $\frac{15}{4}$ is _____.
3. The rational numbers $\frac{-8}{3}$ and $\frac{8}{3}$ are equidistant from _____.
4. The next rational number in the sequence $\frac{-15}{24}, \frac{20}{-32}, \frac{-25}{40}$ is _____.
5. The standard form of $\frac{58}{-78}$ is _____.
6. The value of $\frac{-5}{12} + \frac{7}{15} =$ _____.
7. The value of $(\frac{-31}{6}) \times (\frac{18}{-9})$ is _____.
8. The rational number _____ does not have a reciprocal.
9. The value of $\left[\frac{-15}{23}\right] \div \left[\frac{30}{-46}\right]$ is _____.
10. The multiplicative inverse of -1 is _____.
11. The ones digit in the square of 77 is _____.
12. The number of non-square numbers between 24 and 25 is _____.
13. The number of perfect square numbers between 300 and 500 is _____.
14. If a number has 5 or 6 digits in it, then its square root will have _____ digits.
15. The value of $\sqrt{180}$ lies between integers _____ and _____.
16. The ones digit in the cube of 73 is _____.
17. The maximum number of digits in the cube of a two-digit number is _____.
18. The smallest number to be added to 333 to make it a perfect cube is _____.
19. The cube root of 540×50 is _____.
20. The cube root of 0.000004913 is _____.
21. $(-1)^{\text{even integer}}$ is _____.
22. For $a \neq 0$, a^0 is _____.
23. $4^{-3} \times 5^{-3} =$ _____.
24. $(-2)^{-7} =$ _____.
25. $\left[-\frac{1}{3}\right]^{-5} =$ _____.
26. The ratio between the circumference and diameter of any circle is _____.
27. A line segment which joins any two points on a circle is a _____.
28. The longest chord of a circle is _____.
29. The radius of a circle of diameter 24cm is _____. VENDHAN
30. A part of Circumference of a circle is called as _____.

S.PURATCHIVENDHAN M.Sc.,M.Ed.,M.Phil

31. The three dimensions of a cuboid are _____, _____, and _____.
32. The meeting point of more than two edges in a polyhedron is called as _____.
33. A cube has _____ faces.
34. The cross section of a solid cylinder is _____.
35. If a net of a 3-D shape has six plane squares then it is called _____.
36. $\frac{18m^4()}{2m^3n^3} = mn^5$.
37. $\frac{l^4m^5n()}{2lm^6n^6} = \frac{l^3m^2n}{()}$
38. $\frac{42a^4b^5()}{6a^4b^2} = ()b^()c^2$
39. The value of x in the equation $x+5=12$ is _____.
40. The value of y in the equation $y-9=(-5)+7$ is _____.
41. The value of m in the equation $8m=56$ is _____.
42. The value of p in the equation $\frac{2p}{3}=10$ is _____.
43. The linear equation in one variable has _____ solution.
44. The solution of the equation $ax+b=0$ is _____.
45. If a and b are positive integers than the solution of the equation $ax=b$ has to be always _____.
46. One-sixth of a number when subtracted from the number itself gives 25. The number is _____.
47. If the angles of a triangle are in ratio $2:3:4$ then the difference between the greatest and smallest angle is _____.
48. In an equation $a+b=23$. The value of a is 14 then the value of b is _____.
49. X axis and Y-axis intersect at _____.
50. The coordinates of the point in third quadrant are always _____.
51. $(0,5)$ point lies on _____ axis.
52. The x -coordinates is always _____ on the Y-axis.
53. _____ coordinates are the same for a line parallel to Y-axis.
54. $y=px$ where $p \neq 0$ always passes through the _____.
55. The intersecting point of the line $x=4$ and $y=-4$ is _____.
56. Scale for the given graph,

On the x axis $1\text{ cm} =$ _____ units

y axis $1\text{ cm} =$ _____ units.

57. If 30% of x is 150, then x is _____.
58. 2 minutes is _____ % to an hour.
59. If $x\%$ of $25 = 25$, then $x =$ _____.
60. In a School of 1400 students, there are 420 girls. The Percentage of boys in the School is _____.
61. 0.5252 is _____ %.
62. Loss or gain percentage is always calculated on the _____.
63. A mobile phone is sold for ₹8400 at a gain of 20%. The Cost price of the mobile phone is _____.
64. An article is sold for ₹555 at a loss of $\frac{1}{2}\%$. The cost price of the article is _____.
65. A mixer grinder marked at ₹4500 is sold for ₹4140 after discount. The rate of discount is _____.
66. The total bill amount of a shirt, costing ₹575 and a T-shirt costing ₹325 with GST of 5% is _____.
67. The compound interest on ₹5000 at 12% p.a. for 2 years, compounded annually is _____.
68. The compound interest on ₹8000 at 10% p.a. for 1 year, compounded half yearly is _____.
69. The annual rate of growth in population of towns is 10%. If its present population is 26620, then the population 3 years ago was _____. S. PURATCHIVENDHAN M.Sc., M.Ed., M.Phil.
70. If the compound interest is calculated quarterly, the amount is found using the formula is _____.
71. The difference between the C.I and S.I for 2 years for a principal of ₹5000 at the rate of interest 8% p.a. is _____.
72. A can finish a job in 3 days whereas B finishes it in 6 days. The time taken to complete the job working together is _____ days.
73. If 5 persons can do 5 jobs in 5 days, then 50 persons can do 50 jobs in _____ days.
74. A can do a work in 24 days. If A and B together can finish the work in 6 days, then B alone can finish the work in _____ days.
75. A alone can do a piece of work in 35 days. If B is 40% more efficient than A, then B will finish the work in _____ days.
76. A alone can do a work in 10 days and B alone in 15 days. They undertook the work for ₹ 200000. The amount that A will get is _____.

77. Corresponding sides of similar triangle are _____.
78. Similar triangles have the same _____ but not necessarily the same size.
79. In any triangle _____ sides are opposite to equal angles.
80. The symbol \equiv is used to represent _____ angles.
81. The symbol \sim is used to represent _____ triangle.
82. If in a $\triangle PQR$, $PR^2 = PQ^2 + QR^2$, then the right angle of $\triangle PQR$ is at the vertex _____.
83. If 'l' and 'm' are the legs and 'n' is the hypotenuse of a right angled triangle then, $l^2 = \text{_____}$.
84. If the sides of a triangle are in the ratio 5 : 12 : 13 then it is _____.
85. The medians of a triangle cross each other at _____.
86. The centroid of a triangle divides each medians in the _____ ratio.
87. Data has already been collected by some other person is _____ data.
88. The upper limit of a class interval (25-35) is _____.
89. The range of the data 200, 15, 20, 103, 3, 196, is _____.
90. If a class size is 10 and range is 80 then the number of classes are _____.
91. Pie chart is a _____ graph.
92. The total area of the histogram is _____ to the total frequency of the given data.
93. A graph that displays data that changes continuously over the periods of time is _____.
94. Histogram is a graphical representation of _____ data.
95. GZNRO = _____.
96. VMTORHS = _____.
97. NZGSVN ZGRXH = _____.
98. HXRVM XVM = _____.
99. HLXRZO HXRVM XV = _____.

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ANSWERS:

1. -4 and -3	26. π	51. Y	76. 120000
2. -3.75	27. Chord	52. O	77. In proportion
3. 0	28. diameter	53. X	78. Shape
4. $30/-48$	29. 12cm	54. origin	79. Equal
5. $-29/39$	30. Circular arc.	55. $(4, -4)$	80. Congruent
6. $1/20$	31. length, breadth, height	56. 3, 25	81. Similar
7. 1	32. vertex	57. 500	82. Q
8. 1	33. Six	58. $3\frac{1}{3}$	83. $n^2 - m^2$
9. 0	34. Circle	59. 50	84. a right angled triangle
10. -1	35. Cube	60. 70%	85. Centroid
11. 9	36. $n^8, 9$	61. 52.52%	86. 2:1
12. 48	37. $n^7, m^3, 2$	62. Cost price	87. Secondary
13. 5	38. $C^2, 7, b^3$	63. ₹7000	88. 35
14. 3	39. $x = 7$	64. ₹600	89. 197
15. 13 and 14	40. $y = 11$	65. 8%	90. 8
16. 7	41. $m = 7$	66. 945	91. Circular
17. 6	42. $P = 15$	67. 1272	92. Proportional
18. 42	43. one	68. 820	93. Histogram
19. 30	44. $x = -b/a$	69. 20,000	94. Grouped
20. 0.017	45. positive	70. $A = P \left[1 + \frac{r}{100}\right]^{4t}$	95. TAMIL
21. 1	46. $x = 30$	71. ₹32	96. ENGLISH
22. 1	47. 40°	72. 2 days	97. MATHEMATICS
23. $20/-3$	48. $b = 9$	73. 5 days	98. SCIENCE
24. $-1/128$	49. origin $(0,0)$	74. 8 days	99. SOCIAL SCIENCE
25. -243	50. negative	75. 25 days	