

Time : 2 hrs

VIII – SOCIAL SCIENCE

Total Marks : 100

SECTION - I

I. Choose the correct options:

(14 x 1 = 14)

1. The Battle of Plassey was fought in
a) 1757 b) 1764 c) 1765 d) 1775
2. i) The Vellore revolt was held in 1801.
ii) The family members of Tipu were imprisoned at Vellore fort after the fourth Mysore war.
iii) At the time of Vellore revolt, the Governor of Madras was Lord William Bentinck.
iv) The victory of revolt of Vellore against British was one of the significant event in the history of India.
a) i & ii are Correct b) ii & iv are Correct
c) ii & iii are correct d) i, ii & iv are correct
3. Assertion (A) : Indian handicrafts collapsed under the colonial rule.
Reason (R) : British made India as the producer of raw materials and markets for their finished products.
a) A is correct R is correct explanation of A
b) A is correct and R is not the correct explanation of A
c) Both A and R is correct
d) Both A and R is wrong
4. Which of the following was/were the reform movement(s)?
a) Brahma Samaj b) Prathana Samaj
c) Arya Samaj d) all the above
5. is used to measure the humidity.
a) anemometer b) barometer
c) hygrometer d) thermometer
6. The percentage of fresh water on the earth is
a) 71% b) 97% c) 2.8% d) 0.6%
7. Assertion (A) : A geological feature of Africa is the Great Rift Valley.
Reason (R) : A Rift valley is a large crack in the earth's surface formed by tectonic activity.
a) Both A and R is individually true and R is the correct explanation for A.
b) Both A and R are individually true but R is not the correct explanation for A.
c) A is true but R is false.
d) R is true but, A is false.

8. Match the Following

- | | | |
|------------------|---|--------------|
| 1. Legend | - | 45° |
| 2. North East | - | brown colour |
| 3. Contour Line | - | thematic map |
| 4. Cadastral map | - | key of a map |
| 5. Choropleth | - | taxation |
- a) 3,5,1,4,2 b) 4,1,2,5,3 c) 2,5,1,3,4 d) 5,2,4,1,3

9. The Governor of a state is appointed by

- | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| a) President | b) Vice President |
| c) Prime Minister | d) Chief Minister |

10. F I R means

- | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| a) First Information Report | b) First information Result |
| c) First Incident Report | d) None of these |

11. The primary mission of Indian Army is to ensure

- a) National Security
- b) National Unity
- c) Defending the nation from external aggression
- d) All the above

12. Mixed economy is the mixture of merits of both

- | | |
|----------------------|------------------------|
| a) Capitalism | b) Socialism |
| c) a & b are correct | d) a & b are incorrect |

SECTION - II

VI. Answer the following any 13 questions (Answer the two question from each part)

(13 x 2 = 26)

PART - (I) HISTORY

1. Name the states signed into Subsidiary Alliance.
2. What do you know about the Palayakkarars? Name some of them.
3. Fill in the blanks.
a. Taxila ruins were discovered by
b. The word 'Veda' means
c. was the first ruler to establish a madrasa at Delhi.
d. Mid-day meal program was introduced in schools in
4. What were the regions covered in the Madras presidency during British regime?

5. Match the following:

1. Bombay - Religious centres
2. Kedarnath - hill stations
3. Darjeeling - Ancient town
4. Madurai - seven island

6. List out some social evils.

PART - (II) GEOGRAPHY

7. State the types of soils

8. Distinguish

Weather and climate.

9. Define "hydrological cycle".

10. Fill in the blanks.

- a. Atlas Mountain is located in continent.
- b. is the highest peak of Africa.
- c. is the most common tree in Australia.
- d. is the first Indian research station in Antarctica.

11. What is a physical map?

12. Classify and explain the rocks.

PART - (III) CIVICS

13. Name the types of citizens.

14. Name the five primary categories of Human Rights.

15. Name the members of the SAARC.

16. true or false

- a. The Supreme Court of India was inaugurated on 28th January 1951.
- b. Sadar Diwani Adalat was a Criminal court of appeal.
- c. The Allahabad High Court is the largest court in India.
- d. The Constitution of India secures justice to all its citizen.

PART - (IV) ECONOMICS

17. What are the recent forms of money?

18. What are the three organs of public sectors?

SECTION - III**VIII. Answer the following in detail.**

(3 x 4 = 12)

1. a) Give an account of the sources of Modern India.
(or)
b) Describe the National Policy on Education.
(or)
c) Give a detailed account on the Impact of reform movement.
2. a) Write about the wind and its types.
(or)
b) Explain in detail about the various causes of migration.
3. a) Describe the flora and fauna of Antarctica.
b) On what grounds that the citizenship of a person is cancelled?
(or)
c) Explain the factors contributed for road accidents.
d) Write five principles of Panchasheel.
4. a) What are the difference between savings and investment?
(or)
b) Explain the organs of public sector.
(or)
c) Write the functions of private sector.

SECTION - IV**1. Mark the following places on the outline map of India.**

(2 x 5 = 10)

- 1) Delhi 2) Madras 3) Nalanda 4) Cochin 5) Calcutta

2. Mark the following places in the world map.

- a) India b) Atlantic Ocean c) Antarctica d) Brazil e) Canada