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Day - 1

Hero-Worship and the Heroic in History Lecture III – Shakespeare (Topic-Based)

- 1. **Which of the following best represents the central theme in Carlyle's *Hero-Worship* Lecture III on Shakespeare?**
 - A) The struggle between good and evil
 - B) The role of art in shaping history
 - C) The idealization of the individual in history
 - D) The decline of the Shakespearean drama
 - **Answer: C) The idealization of the individual in history**

- 2. **According to Carlyle, Shakespeare's greatness lies in his ability to:**
 - A) Create imaginary worlds
 - B) Reflect the moral flaws of society
 - C) Capture the essence of human nature and history
 - D) Critique the monarchy and state politics
 - **Answer: C) Capture the essence of human nature and history**
- 3. **What does Carlyle emphasize about Shakespeare's influence on history in his *Hero-Worship* lecture?**
 - A) Shakespeare was merely a product of his time
 - B) Shakespeare's works transcend time and place, influencing all of humanity
 - C) Shakespeare's works were mainly meant for the aristocracy
 - D) Shakespeare's works were too focused on individual glory
- **Answer: B) Shakespeare's works transcend time and place, influencing all of humanity**
- 4. **In Carlyle's analysis, Shakespeare is depicted as a hero because he: **
 - A) Challenges societal norms
 - B) Transforms his own life through literature
 - C) Reflects the universal human condition in his writings
 - D) Revolts against the established literary canon
 - **Answer: C) Reflects the universal human condition in his writings**
- 5. **Which of the following aspects does Carlyle focus on when discussing Shakespeare as a hero in history?**
 - A) His development of the English language
 - B) His social and political commentary

- C) His ability to depict the timeless struggles of humanity
- D) His innovations in theater technology
- **Answer: C) His ability to depict the timeless struggles of humanity**

Hero-Worship and the Heroic in History Lecture III – Shakespeare (Author-Based Life and Work)

- 1. **Which of the following is considered the most important characteristic of Shakespeare's work, according to Carlyle's *Hero-Worship*?**
 - A) His philosophical insights
 - B) His comedic talent
 - C) His exploration of human nature and the human soul
 - D) His ability to create epic tragedies
 - **Answer: C) His exploration of human nature and the human soul**
- 2. **Carlyle regards Shakespeare as a "Hero" mainly because: **
 - A) He was politically active in his lifetime
 - B) He brought drama and poetry into a moral framework
 - C) He achieved fame through his struggles
 - D) He was a revolutionary force in literature
 - **Answer: B) He brought drama and poetry into a moral framework**
- 3. **According to Carlyle, Shakespeare's greatest contribution to literature is:**
 - A) His portrayal of the complexities of human life and social order
 - B) His capacity to create magical, fantastical worlds

- C) His development of Elizabethan drama
- D) His critical stance on political issues
- **Answer: A) His portrayal of the complexities of human life and social order**
- 4. **In Carlyle's lecture, Shakespeare is compared to a hero because: **
 - A) He wrote plays that dominated all other genres
 - B) He provided a moral and philosophical mirror to society
 - C) He was an underdog who rose to fame
 - D) He successfully rebelled against his era's conventions
 - **Answer: B) He provided a moral and philosophical mirror to society**
- 5. **Carlyle's view of Shakespeare as a hero includes which of the following perspectives?**
 - A) His role as a spokesperson for the English monarchy
 - B) His depiction of political leaders and their failures
 - C) His ability to depict both grandeur and tragedy in human life
 - D) His focus on the spiritual journey of mankind
 - **Answer: C) His ability to depict both grandeur and tragedy in human life**

PG TRB Educational Psychology Unit-4 (Depth-Level)

- 1. **Which psychological theory emphasizes the importance of environment in shaping human behavior, as described in educational psychology?**
 - A) Psychoanalytic Theory
 - B) Cognitive Development Theory

- C) Behaviorism
- D) Humanism
- **Answer: C) Behaviorism**
- 2. **In the context of educational psychology, which principle is most central to Vygotsky's theory of social development?**
 - A) Learning occurs through personal reflection
 - B) Social interaction plays a fundamental role in cognitive development
 - C) Intelligence is a fixed trait
 - D) Memory is the key to learning
 - **Answer: B) Social interaction plays a fundamental role in cognitive development**
- 3. **Which type of memory is primarily involved in storing short-term information for immediate use, according to cognitive psychology?**
 - A) Sensory Memory
 - B) Short-Term Memory
 - C) Long-Term Memory
 - D) Working Memory
 - **Answer: D) Working Memory**
- 4. **What does Piaget's concept of "Equilibration" explain in the context of cognitive development?**
 - A) The process by which children learn to think logically
 - B) The balance between assimilation and accommodation in cognitive development
 - C) The importance of social learning in cognitive growth
 - D) The idea that intelligence is static and cannot change

- **Answer: B) The balance between assimilation and accommodation in cognitive development**
- 5. **Which of the following best describes the focus of Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs in educational psychology?**
 - A) Cognitive processes in problem-solving
 - B) Emotional and psychological needs impacting learning
 - C) The importance of peer interaction in learning
 - D) The stages of moral development in students
 - **Answer: B) Emotional and psychological needs impacting learning**

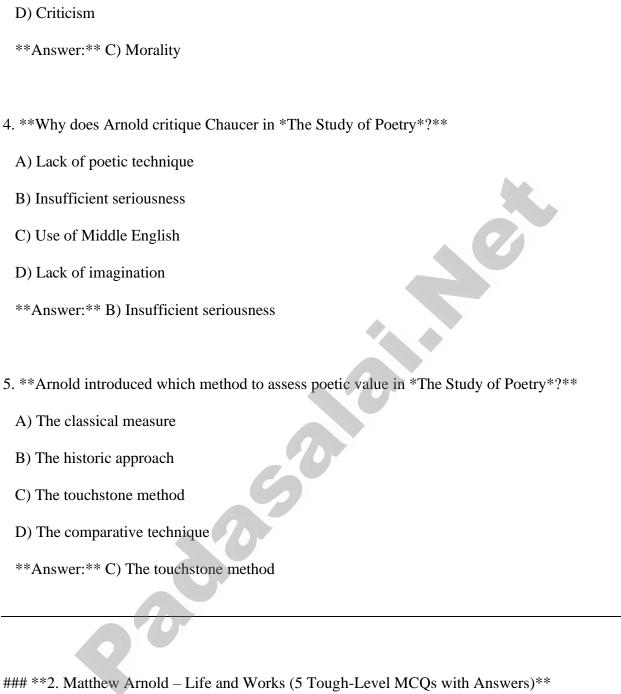
PG TRB General Knowledge Unit-4 (Very Confusing)

- 1. **Which of the following is the primary function of the "Planning Commission" in India?**
 - A) To execute government schemes
 - B) To plan the distribution of national resources
 - C) To make laws regarding national development
 - D) To act as a watchdog for the financial markets
 - **Answer: B) To plan the distribution of national resources**
- 2. **Which of these states does not share a border with China?**
 - A) Arunachal Pradesh
 - B) Jammu & Kashmir
 - C) Uttarakhand
 - D) Haryana

- **Answer: D) Haryana**
- 3. **Who was the first woman President of the Indian National Congress?**
 - A) Sarojini Naidu
 - B) Vijayalakshmi Pandit
 - C) Annie Besant
 - D) Kamaladevi Chattopadhyay
 - **Answer: C) Annie Besant**
- 4. **Which one of the following rivers is not a tributary of the Ganges?**
 - A) Yamuna
 - B) Gandak
 - C) Son
 - D) Mahanadi
 - **Answer: D) Mahanadi**
- 5. **What is the primary function of the Reserve Bank of India?**
 - A) To monitor stock exchanges
 - B) To issue currency and manage monetary policy
 - C) To regulate insurance companies
 - D) To promote industrial development
 - **Answer: B) To issue currency and manage monetary policy**

Day - 2

1. The Study of Poetry – Topic-based (5 Difficult MCQs with Answers)
(By Matthew Arnold)
1. **Which quality does Arnold prioritize in judging the greatness of poetry in *The Study of Poetry*?** A) Innovation in style B) Historical importance C) High seriousness D) Popular reception **Answer:** C) High seriousness
2. **According to Arnold, what should replace religion as a moral guide?**
A) Science
B) Philosophy
C) Poetry
D) History
Answer: C) Poetry
3. **Arnold compares poetry with which specific domain to establish its importance?**
A) Theology
B) Science
C) Morality



- 1. **Matthew Arnold held which official post that influenced his writings on education and culture?**
 - A) Lord Chancellor
 - B) Chief Examiner

C) Inspector of Schools
D) Royal Advisor
Answer: C) Inspector of Schools
2. **Which prose work of Arnold critiques the Philistinism of the English middle class?**
A) *Culture and Anarchy*
B) *Friendship's Garland*
C) *Essays in Criticism*
D) *The Function of Criticism*
Answer: A) *Culture and Anarchy*
3. **Arnold's poem "Dover Beach" reflects which philosophical theme?**
A) Celebration of nature
B) Optimism and progress
C) Decline of religious faith
D) Victory in war
Answer: C) Decline of religious faith
4. **Arnold was influenced heavily by which German philosopher?**
A) Nietzsche
B) Kant
C) Goethe
D) Schopenhauer

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~~	А	nswer:*	* C) Goethe	2

- 5. **In which work did Arnold define criticism as "a disinterested endeavour to learn and propagate the best that is known and thought in the world"?**
 - A) *On Translating Homer*
 - B) *Essays in Criticism*
 - C) *Culture and Anarchy*
 - D) *The Function of Criticism at the Present Time*
 - **Answer:** D) *The Function of Criticism at the Present Time*

3. PG TRB – Educational Psychology (Unit 4: Intelligence and Creativity) – Very Depth-Level (5 MCQs)

- 1. **Who proposed the Triarchic Theory of Intelligence?**
 - A) Charles Spearman
 - B) J.P. Guilford
 - C) Robert Sternberg
 - D) Howard Gardner
 - **Answer:** C) Robert Sternberg
- 2. **Which factor is *not* a part of Guilford's Structure of Intellect model?**
 - A) Operations
 - B) Products

C) Content	
D) Stimulus	
Answer: D) Stimulus	
3. **Torrance Tests are primarily used to measure what psychological trait?**	
A) IQ	
B) Memory	
C) Motivation	
D) Creativity	
Answer: D) Creativity	
4. **What is the term for the ability to generate multiple solutions to a problem in creativity?	**
A) Convergent thinking	
B) Divergent thinking	
C) Inductive thinking	
D) Logical reasoning	
Answer: B) Divergent thinking	
5. **Which of the following best defines "fluid intelligence"?**	
A) Accumulated knowledge	
B) Ability to adapt to new situations	
C) Language and literacy skill	
D) Practical decision-making	

Answer: E	3)	Ability	to	adapt	to	new	situations
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4. PG TRB General Knowledge – Unit 4 (India and Tamil Nadu – Confusing MCQs)

- 1. **Which of the following is *not* a feature of the National e-Governance Plan (NeGP)?**
 - A) Mission Mode Projects
 - B) State Data Centers
 - C) Smart Cities Integration
 - D) Common Service Centres
 - **Answer:** C) Smart Cities Integration
- 2. **Which sector contributes the highest share to Tamil Nadu's GSDP in recent years?**
 - A) Agriculture
 - B) Industry
 - C) Services
 - D) Manufacturing
 - **Answer:** C) Services
- 3. **In the Tamil Nadu health system, which program is directly linked with maternal health?**
 - A) NHM
 - B) RCH
 - C) Ayushman Bharat

D) SSA	
Answer: B) RCH	
4. **Which of the following	is not a pillar under the Tamil Nadu Vision 2023 plan?**
A) Health for all	
B) World-class infrastructu	re
C) Urbanisation	
D) Disaster insurance	
Answer: D) Disaster in	nsurance
5. **Which e-Governance ini	itiative in Tamil Nadu is focused on land records?**
A) e-Sevai	
B) e-Panchayat	
C) STAR	
D) e-Pathai	
Answer: C) STAR	

1. "You and the Atom Bomb" by George Orwell – 5 Difficult MCQs

- **1.1** What central argument does Orwell present in "You and the Atom Bomb" regarding the political implications of atomic weapons?
- A. They will democratize warfare

Day - 3

- B. They will lead to global disarmament
- C. They will promote centralized despotism

D. They will make wars obsolete

Answer: C. They will promote centralized despotism

- **1.2** Orwell compares the atom bomb to which historical invention to explain its political implications?
- A. Gunpowder
- B. The printing press
- C. The steam engine
- D. The crossbow

Answer: D. The crossbow

- 1.3 Which concept does Orwell challenge in the essay?
- A. That science promotes equality
- B. That technology always leads to progress
- C. That atomic power will ensure peace
- D. That democratic nations will control nuclear power

Answer: B. That technology always leads to progress

- **1.4** According to Orwell, the atom bomb could lead to a future where:
- A. All nations are forced into treaties
- B. Power is concentrated in a few hands
- C. Scientific discoveries are banned
- D. War is replaced by diplomacy

Answer: B. Power is concentrated in a few hands

- **1.5** Which of the following best describes Orwell's tone in the essay?
- A. Optimistic and persuasive
- B. Alarmist and sensational
- C. Skeptical and analytical
- D. Sarcastic and dismissive

Answer: C. Skeptical and analytical

2. George Orwell - Life and Work - 5 Tough Level MCQs

- **2.1** Which war influenced Orwell's anti-totalitarian stance and was later reflected in *Homage to Catalonia*?
- A. World War I
- B. Spanish Civil War
- C. World War II
- D. Boer War

Answer: B. Spanish Civil War

- **2.2** Orwell's original name was:
- A. Eric Alfred Orwell

- B. George Arthur Blair
- C. Eric Arthur Blair
- D. George Eric Blair

Answer: C. Eric Arthur Blair

- **2.3** Orwell's experience as a colonial officer in Burma influenced which of his works?
- A. 1984
- B. Animal Farm
- C. Shooting an Elephant
- D. The Road to Wigan Pier

Answer: C. Shooting an Elephant

- 2.4 Which of Orwell's novels introduces the concept of "Newspeak" and "Doublethink"?
- A. Animal Farm
- B. Coming Up for Air
- C. Keep the Aspidistra Flying
- D. 1984

Answer: D. 1984

- **2.5** What is the allegorical significance of *Animal Farm?*
- A. It critiques capitalism
- B. It romanticizes rural life
- C. It is a metaphor for Stalinist Russia
- D. It promotes socialism

Answer: C. It is a metaphor for Stalinist Russia

3. PG TRB – Educational Psychology – Unit 4 – Very Deep-Level 5 MCQs

- **3.1** According to Piaget, at what stage does a child develop the ability to perform mental operations on concrete objects?
- A. Sensorimotor
- B. Preoperational
- C. Concrete operational
- D. Formal operational

Answer: C. Concrete operational

- **3.2** Vygotsky's Zone of Proximal Development (ZPD) implies:
- A. Tasks a learner can do independently
- B. The difference between actual and potential development
- C. Memorizing facts quickly
- D. Learning through rewards

Answer: B. The difference between actual and potential development

- **3.3** What is the major contribution of Jerome Bruner to educational psychology?
- A. Operant conditioning
- B. Stages of moral development
- C. Discovery learning and spiral curriculum
- D. Classical conditioning

Answer: C. Discovery learning and spiral curriculum

- **3.4** In Erikson's psychosocial stages, the primary conflict during adolescence is:
- A. Trust vs. mistrust
- B. Intimacy vs. isolation
- C. Identity vs. role confusion
- D. Autonomy vs. shame

Answer: C. Identity vs. role confusion

- **3.5** Howard Gardner's theory of multiple intelligences argues that:
- A. Intelligence is a single measurable factor
- B. Intelligence is fixed and hereditary
- C. Intelligence includes varied modalities like spatial and musical
- D. Intelligence is best measured by IQ tests

Answer: C. Intelligence includes varied modalities like spatial and musical

4. PG TRB – General Knowledge – Unit 4 – Very Confusing 5 MCQs

- **4.1** Which of the following is not a component of Tamil Nadu's e-Governance policy?
- A. Simplification of forms
- B. Smartcard implementation
- C. Cloud seeding technology
- D. Online grievance redressal

Answer: C. Cloud seeding technology

- **4.2** In Tamil Nadu, which department handles the implementation of the "Chief Minister's Comprehensive Health Insurance Scheme"?
- A. Health and Family Welfare
- B. Social Justice
- C. Rural Development
- D. Medical Education

Answer: A. Health and Family Welfare

- **4.3** Which of the following schemes focuses primarily on urban employment generation in Tamil Nadu?
- A. TNSRLM
- B. THAI
- C. NULM

D. ICDS

Answer: C. NULM

- **4.4** What is the primary objective of "Puratchi Thalaivar MGR Noon Meal Programme"?
- A. Promote employment
- B. Eradicate child marriage
- C. Improve rural infrastructure
- D. Enhance child nutrition and school attendance

Answer: D. Enhance child nutrition and school attendance

- **4.5** Which of the following is **incorrectly** matched regarding Tamil Nadu's social development schemes?
- A. Amma Kudineer Clean drinking water
- B. TN-KALVI Digital learning initiative
- C. TNeGA Road Infrastructure
- D. Amma Unavagam Low-cost nutritious food

Answer: C. TNeGA – Road Infrastructure

(TNeGA relates to e-Governance, not road infrastructure.)

Day - 4

I. Hard Times by Charles Dickens - Topic-Based (5 Difficult MCQs)

- 1. What does the character Sissy Jupe symbolize in Hard Times?
 - A) Utilitarianism
 - B) Rationality
 - C) Imagination and emotional intelligence
 - D) Industrial efficiency

Answer: C) Imagination and emotional intelligence

- 2. Which educational theory does Mr. Gradgrind's system most closely resemble?
 - A) Experiential Learning
 - B) Constructivism
 - C) Behaviorism
 - D) Rationalism

Answer: D) Rationalism

- 3. Why is Coketown described in abstract and repetitive terms in *Hard Times*?
 - A) To emphasize its beauty
 - B) To suggest the uniformity and dehumanization of industrial life
 - C) To highlight architectural diversity
 - D) To romanticize industrial progress

Answer: B) To suggest the uniformity and dehumanization of industrial life

4. In Hard Times, what is the narrative significance of Stephen Blackpool's character?

- A) He is a comic relief
- B) He represents the aristocracy
- C) He is a moral center highlighting the injustice of the industrial system
- D) He is a utilitarian scholar

Answer: C) He is a moral center highlighting the injustice of the industrial system

- 5. What is the role of the circus in the thematic structure of *Hard Times*?
 - A) To support Gradgrind's ideology
 - B) To emphasize economic productivity
 - C) To contrast imagination with utilitarian logic
 - D) To portray elite society

Answer: C) To contrast imagination with utilitarian logic

II. Charles Dickens - Life and Work Based (5 Tough MCQs)

- 1. Which of Dickens' novels is considered his most autobiographical work?
 - A) Oliver Twist
 - B) David Copperfield
 - C) Great Expectations
 - D) Nicholas Nickleby

Answer: B) David Copperfield

- 2. Which traumatic childhood experience deeply influenced Dickens' portrayal of poverty and injustice?
 - A) Boarding school experience
 - B) His father's imprisonment in a debtor's prison
 - C) Orphanhood
 - D) Colonial displacement

Answer: B) His father's imprisonment in a debtor's prison

- 3. What social reform movement did Dickens passionately support through his writings?
 - A) Women's suffrage
 - B) Abolition of monarchy
 - C) Educational and prison reforms
 - D) Anti-imperialism

Answer: C) Educational and prison reforms

- 4. Which of the following journals was founded and edited by Dickens himself?
 - A) The Times
 - B) Punch
 - C) Household Words
 - D) Spectator

Answer: C) *Household Words*

- 5. Which unfinished novel by Dickens was published posthumously?
 - A) The Pickwick Papers
 - B) Little Dorrit

- C) The Mystery of Edwin Drood
- D) Martin Chuzzlewit

Answer: C) The Mystery of Edwin Drood

III. PG TRB – Educational Psychology, Unit 4 (Very Depth-Level 5 MCQs)

Topic: Learning Theories and Motivation

- 1. Which of the following best represents the difference between classical and operant conditioning in terms of learner control?
 - A) Classical is active; operant is passive
 - B) Classical involves voluntary behavior; operant does not
 - C) Classical involves passive learning; operant involves active learning
 - D) Both involve identical learner engagement

Answer: C) Classical involves passive learning; operant involves active learning

- 2. According to Maslow, deficiency needs must be met before...
 - A) Cognitive development
 - B) Self-actualization
 - C) Physical maturity
 - D) Moral reasoning

Answer: B) Self-actualization

- 3. Which concept emphasizes the learner's internal locus of control in learning processes?
 - A) Skinner's reinforcement theory
 - B) Pavlov's classical conditioning
 - C) Bandura's self-efficacy theory
 - D) Thorndike's law of effect

Answer: C) Bandura's self-efficacy theory

- 4. According to Bloom's taxonomy, evaluating is categorized as what level of cognitive domain?
 - A) Lower-order thinking
 - B) Remembering
 - C) Applying
 - D) Higher-order thinking

Answer: D) Higher-order thinking

- 5. Vygotsky's concept of ZPD (Zone of Proximal Development) implies:
 - A) Learning is independent of social context
 - B) Learning is only trial and error
 - C) Scaffolding enables potential development
 - D) Intelligence is fixed

Answer: C) Scaffolding enables potential development

IV. PG TRB – GK Unit 4 (Very Confusing 5 MCQs)

Topic: Tamil Nadu – Socio-Economic Issues

- 1. Which sector contributes the most to Tamil Nadu's Gross State Domestic Product (GSDP)?
 - A) Primary sector
 - B) Secondary sector
 - C) Tertiary sector
 - D) Agriculture

Answer: C) Tertiary sector

- 2. Which Tamil Nadu scheme provides health insurance cover for serious ailments?
 - A) Ayushman Bharat
 - B) Chief Minister's Comprehensive Health Insurance Scheme
 - C) PM-JAY
 - D) National Rural Health Mission

Answer: B) Chief Minister's Comprehensive Health Insurance Scheme

- 3. What is the primary objective of the Tamil Nadu Corporation for Development of Women (TNCDW)?
 - A) Promote women entrepreneurs in IT
 - B) Implement women's education schemes only
 - C) Promote SHGs and economic empowerment
 - D) Conduct elections for local bodies

Answer: C) Promote SHGs and economic empowerment

- 4. Which district in Tamil Nadu has the highest literacy rate as per the last census?
 - A) Chennai
 - B) Coimbatore
 - C) Kanyakumari
 - D) Madurai

Answer: C) Kanyakumari

- 5. Which e-Governance initiative in Tamil Nadu integrates public grievances and service delivery?
 - A) CM Dashboard
 - B) e-Sevai
 - C) TNeGA
 - D) Digital India Mission

Answer: B) e-Sevai

Day-5			
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I. The Mill on the Floss – 5 Topic-Based Difficult MCQs

1. What symbolic function does the river Floss serve throughout the novel?

- A) Represents economic development
- B) Signifies moral judgment
- C) Symbolizes the uncontrollable forces of nature and fate
- D) Embodies national identity

Answer: C) Symbolizes the uncontrollable forces of nature and fate

2. Why is Maggie Tulliver's relationship with Philip Wakem considered controversial in the novel?

- A) He is her cousin
- B) He is mentally unstable
- C) He is the son of her father's legal enemy
- D) He is much older than Maggie

Answer: C) He is the son of her father's legal enemy

3. Which literary technique is most notably used in narrating Maggie's inner conflicts?

- A) Stream of consciousness
- B) Third-person omniscient narration with psychological depth
- C) Epistolary format
- D) Free indirect discourse

Answer: B) Third-person omniscient narration with psychological depth

- 4. The ending of the novel, where Tom and Maggie die together in the flood, primarily suggests:
 - A) The redemptive power of nature
 - B) The triumph of familial duty over personal desire
 - C) A critique of religious fatalism
 - D) A reward for moral steadfastness

Answer: B) The triumph of familial duty over personal desire

- 5. What does the character of Mr. Tulliver most clearly represent in the broader social critique of the novel?
 - A) The success of capitalist ideals
 - B) The victim of patriarchal corruption
 - C) The decline of the traditional rural middle class
 - D) The rise of rational education

Answer: C) The decline of the traditional rural middle class

II. George Eliot – Life and Work Based (5 Tough MCQs)

1. What influenced George Eliot to adopt a male pseudonym for her writing career?

- A) To express gender-neutral themes
- B) To gain critical respect in a male-dominated literary field
- C) To reflect her atheist beliefs

D) To differentiate from Brontë sisters

Answer: B) To gain critical respect in a male-dominated literary field

- 2. Which of the following philosophical movements deeply influenced Eliot's writings?
 - A) Existentialism
 - B) Utilitarianism
 - C) German idealism and positivism
 - D) Romantic transcendentalism

Answer: C) German idealism and positivism

- 3. Which work by George Eliot was published serially under her real name before she became famous as a novelist?
 - A) The Lifted Veil
 - B) Impressions of Theophrastus Such
 - C) Scenes of Clerical Life
 - D) Romola

Answer: C) Scenes of Clerical Life

- 4. George Eliot's relationship with George Henry Lewes was unconventional because:
 - A) He was her half-brother
 - B) He was already married and couldn't divorce
 - C) He was a Catholic priest
 - D) She married him in secret

Answer: B) He was already married and couldn't divorce

- 5. Which of George Eliot's novels is considered the most autobiographical?
 - A) Daniel Deronda
 - B) Adam Bede
 - C) Middlemarch
 - D) The Mill on the Floss

Answer: D) The Mill on the Floss

III. PG TRB Educational Psychology – Unit 4 (Advanced Depth MCQs)

Unit 4: Intelligence and Creativity

- 1. Which theory of intelligence did Robert Sternberg propose, integrating analytical, creative, and practical intelligence?
 - A) Multiple Intelligences Theory
 - B) Triarchic Theory
 - C) Emotional Intelligence Theory
 - D) General Intelligence Theory

Answer: B) Triarchic Theory

- 2. According to Guilford's Structure of Intellect model, creativity is primarily linked to:
 - A) Divergent production
 - B) Convergent production
 - C) Evaluation

D) Memory recording

Answer: A) Divergent production

- 3. The Torrance Tests are used to measure:
 - A) IQ levels
 - B) Logical thinking
 - C) Emotional stability
 - D) Creative thinking ability

Answer: D) Creative thinking ability

- 4. Which of the following is not a component of creativity according to Torrance?
 - A) Originality
 - B) Elaboration
 - C) Memorization
 - D) Fluency

Answer: C) Memorization

- 5. The Flynn Effect refers to:
 - A) The decline in creativity among younger generations
 - B) A steady increase in average IQ scores over decades
 - C) Decrease in emotional intelligence globally
 - D) The rise in linguistic intelligence specifically

Answer: B) A steady increase in average IQ scores over decades

IV. PG TRB General Knowledge - Unit 4 (Confusing/Tricky Level MCQs)

Unit 4: Tamil Nadu – Development Administration in Education and Health Systems

- 1. Which of the following flagship education schemes in Tamil Nadu was the first to include a free bicycle distribution initiative?
 - A) Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan
 - B) Puratchi Thalaivar MGR Nutritious Meal Scheme
 - C) Chief Minister's Girl Child Protection Scheme
 - D) Thaaliku Thangam Scheme

Answer: A) Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan (trick: actually launched under SSA but implemented with state additions)

- 2. What is a key distinction of the "Makkalai Thedi Maruthuvam" scheme launched in 2021?
 - A) It targets only urban slums
 - B) It involves telemedicine centers in every taluk
 - C) It provides doorstep healthcare delivery
 - D) It offers only dental and vision services

Answer: C) It provides doorstep healthcare delivery

- 3. Which department is responsible for implementing ICDS (Integrated Child Development Services) in Tamil Nadu?
 - A) Department of Public Health
 - B) Department of School Education

- C) Social Welfare and Nutritious Meal Programme Department
- D) Women's Development Department

Answer: C) Social Welfare and Nutritious Meal Programme Department

- 4. Which is the official portal for Tamil Nadu government schemes and citizen services?
 - A) eSevai.tn.gov.in
 - B) tnscb.gov.in
 - C) tnschools.gov.in
 - D) tnrd.tn.gov.in

Answer: A) eSevai.tn.gov.in

- 5. The Gross Enrollment Ratio (GER) in Tamil Nadu for higher education is one of the highest in India. What is one primary contributing factor?
 - A) Low drop-out rate in primary education
 - B) Compulsory school uniform scheme
 - C) Reservation for women in colleges
 - D) Free education in government colleges up to PG

Answer: D) Free education in government colleges up to PG





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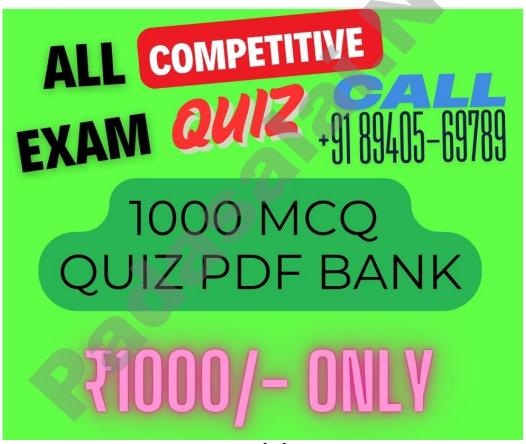


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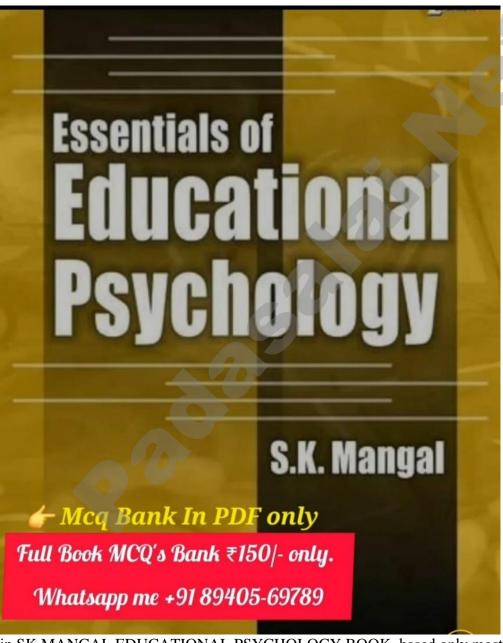
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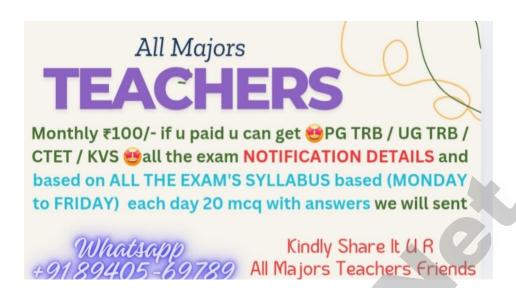
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