



SHRI VIDHYABHARATHI MATRIC HR.SEC.SCHOOL
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XI ENGLISH

SYNONYMS AND ANTONYMS

1. THE PORTRAIT OF A LADY

Choose the most appropriate synonym of the underlined lexical item in each of the following sentences.

1. My grandfather's portrait hung above the mantelpiece in the drawing room
 a) shelf b) picture c) lamb d) puzzle
2. A peaceful pallor spread on her face and we knew that she was died
 a) pale b) dark c) bright d) colourful
3. Puckered face and her lips constantly moved in inaudible prayer.
 a) wrinkled b) graceful c) smoothed d) fresh
4. His grandmother told games that seemed quite absurd and undignified on her part
 a) ridiculous b) analytical c) reasonable d) unquestionable
5. Hundreds of little birds collected round her creating a veritable bedlam of chirruping.
 a) Peace b) calm c) confusion d) Interest
6. She thumped the sagging skins of dilapidated drum and sang of the homecoming of warriors.
 a) Damaged b) elegant c) unbreakable d) reputable
7. An Expanse of pure white serenity breathing peace and contentment
 a) narrow b) widespread c) slight d) bend
8. Her part and we treated it like the fables of the prophets she used to tell us.

a) kind

b) Tales

c) Magazines

d) Sharp

9. She hobbled about the house in spotless white with one hand resting on her waist to balance her stoop.

a) steady

b) speed walk

c) unsteadily

d) reliable

10. She said her morning prayer in a monotonous a sing-song while she bathed and dressed me.

a) **boring**

b) Interesting

c) relax

d) sharp

11. Some birds came and Perched on her legs.

a) Landed

b) rested

c) nestled

d) moved

12. She fed longer and with frivolous rebuks

a) censures

b) cautions

c) scolds

d) praises

13. My grandmother accepted her seclusion with resignation.

a) Companionship

b) retirement

c) retreat

d) isolation

14. We laid her on the ground and covered her with a red shroud

a) cloth

b) metal

c) liquid

d) soil

15. The common link of friendship was snapped

a) Praised

b) hailed

c) broken

d) welcome

Choose the most accurate of the four given words which is opposite to the usage of the underlined word in the following sentences.

1. I cherished the moist imprint as perhaps the last sign of physical contact between us

a) marshy

b) arid

c) slimy

d) sultry

2. She fed longer and with frivolous rebukes

a) serious

b) sad

c) furious

d) happy

3. We protested But she ignored our protests.

a) promote

b) apprehend

c) accept

d) project

4. An expanse of pure white serenity breathing peace and contentment.

a) simplicity

b) anxiety

c) absurdity

d) stupidity

5. She said her morning prayer in a monotonous sing-song while she bathed and dressed me.

- a) **interesting** b) tiresome c) fragrant d) satisfying

6. Some came and perched on her legs, others on her shoulders -----

- a) Landed b) rested c) nestled d) **moved**

7. Her happiest moments were with her sparrows whom she fed longer and with frivolous rebukes

- a) Scolds b) censures c) cautions d) **praises**

8. ----- hundreds of little birds collected round her creating a veritable bedlam of chirrupings.

- a) confusion b) chaos c) mess d) **calm**

9. We had to persuade her to stop to avoid overstraining

- a) convince b) induce c) **prevent** d) lead

10. My grandmother accepted her seclusion with resignation

- a) isolation b) **companionship** c) retirement d) retreat

2. THE QUEEN OF BOXING

Choose the most appropriate synonym of the underlined lexical item in each of the following sentences.

1. With this princely sum, and a little more that had been collected from people. I left for the U.S.

- a) small b) **very large** c) few d) little

2. I was tired and suffering from jet lag.

- a) Lazy b) Active c) **unpleasant feeling** d) Bold

3. The greatest disadvantage for me was my loss of appetite.

- a) **Hunger** b) anger c) Taste d) fear

4. The coaches were kind; they consoled me and lauded me on the silver win

- a) blame b) criticize c) **appreciated** d) Hated

5. I took away from this championship was the conviction that I could take on any boxes.

- a) hopeless b) **faith or belief** c) aimless d) selfish

6. I was hungry enough that I managed the complex work required –I ate enough to sate.

- a)Careless b) calm c) anger **d)satisfy**

7. I ate enough to sate my appetite and my palate

- a)sense at taste** b) sense of smell
c) remembrance d)unbarred table

8. There was a victory ride across town a felicitation programmed was held in lingo, an area that houses the government garters

- a) laboriously b)welcome
c) congratulatory address d) bounce

9. Thanks giving prayers were said and words at praise and adulation were showered on me

- a)Blame b) criticize **c) appreciation** d)Support

10.The fight and all that followed are clearly etched in my memory.

- a) imprinted** b) regard c) arranged d) welcomed

11.My medal haul continued after my marriage.

- a)Gift b) food c) job **d) collection**

12. Putting an end to speculation among my family and friends around that particular topic.

- a)played **b) guess** c)named d)regard

Choose the most accurate of the four given words which is opposite to the usage of the underlined word in the following sentences.

1. Internationale de Boxe Amateur, or the World Women's Boxing championships in Pennsylvania ,USA, in November-December 2001.

- a)Professional** b)leader c)eccentric

2. I was even hopeful of winning the gold.

- a)desperate** b) fanciful c)repulsive

3. My fear of facing the new opponents quickly vanished.

- a) disappeared b) obligatory c)feared **d)appeared**

4. Just when I had painfully begun to master the art of using a knife and fork, I had to use two sticks to fill my stomach.
a) gain control of **b) give way to** c) overcome d) attack
5. But the biggest thing I took away from this championship was the conviction that I could take on any boxer.
a) firm belief **b) doubt** c) certainty d) surety
6. If any accustomed money is in your account the bank will send you a check.
a) used b) open **c) unused** d) waste
7. She achieved to win in the dance competition.
a) success **b) failed** c) victory d) fall
8. They ate the category cake together.
a) whole b) half c) few d) more
9. The house was large and confined
a) open b) upset c) closed d) gloomy
10. I was consoled about my result.
a) happy b) rejoice **c) upset** d) pleasure

3. FORGETTING

Choose the most appropriate synonym of the underlined lexical item in each of the following sentences.

1. He remembers the dates of good vintages
a) inauspicious **b) memorable day** c) holy day d) holiday
2. It is because of their antipathy to pills and potions.....
a) aversion/strong dislike b) suitability c) agreeable d) intensity
3. Chemists make their fortunes out of the medicines people forget to take.
a) debts b) losses c) distresses **d) huge sum of money**
4. I am always reluctant to trust a departing visitor to post an important letter.
a) ready **b) unwilling** c) eager d) anxious
5. I am no great delinquent in such matters.
a) innocent b) diligent **c) offender** d) honourable

6. As they recall their exploits or their errors.

a) feats/daring or heroic acts on actions

b) failures c) wastes d) ideas

7. They are abstracted from the world outside them.

a) lacking concentration

b) interesting

c) attentive

d) active

8. Memories prevent them from remembering to do such small Prosaic things....

a) creative

b) interesting

c) dull

d) curious

9. The absent-minded man.... Has no time to remember the mediocre.

a) ordinary

b) extra-ordinary c) elegant d) sterling

10. Men with fallible memories have sometimes tried to make out a case

a) perfect

b) unreliable

c) credible d) flawless

11. He has a memory like a sieve or is an audacious perverter of the truth.

a) shy

b) meek

c) daring

d) coward

12. We regard a man who does not possess it as eccentric.

a) whimsical

b) usual

c) common

d) regular

13. Indignant at her husband's behavior, she decided to teach him a lesson.

a) ampere

b) hanger

c) danger

d) angry

14. the white face and quivering lips that would soon appear.

a) trembling

b) vibrating

c) cheering

d) smiling

15. What was her vexation, when just before lunch her husband came in smiling cheerfully....

a) annoyance

b) delight

c) comfort

d) glory

Choose the most accurate of the four given words which is opposite to the usage of the underlined word in the following sentences.

1. The ordinary man seldom ,forgets to turn off the lights before going upstairs.
a) rarely b) commonly **c) often** d) always
2. It must be admitted, some matters ----- the memory works with less than its usual perfection
a) Expected b) accepted c) careless **d) denied**
3. It is only a very methodical man, who can always remember to take the medicine.
a) disorganized b) chaotic **c) random** d) organized
4. The fishing-rod of reality is forgotten by him
a) fantasy b) worst c) care d) fun
5. Absent-mindedness of this kind seems to me all but a virtue.
a) honors b) integrity c) merit **d) vice**
6. Provincial hotel at which he had a vile meal during the summer.
a) healthy b) bad c) delicious **d) good**
7. Indignant at her husband's behavior, she decided to teach him a lesson.
a) astonished b) disapproved **c) admired** d) dissatisfied
8. She arrived home, anticipating with angry relish the white face and quivering lips that would soon appear .
a) dislike b) like c) good d) dull
9. Having forgotten all about the baby and the fact that he had taken it out with him
a) fiction b) truth c) often d) fantasy
10. Now read the Humorous essay "Forgetting" by Robert Lynd
a) interesting b) boring c) enjoyable **d) serious**

4. TIGHT CORNERS

Choose the most appropriate synonym of the underlined lexical item in each of the following sentences.

1. One man had been caught by the tide in Brittany
a) region b) standing c) dropping d) stooping
2. ----- I was nodding away to the auctioneer like a bloatocrat
a) rich person b)portion c)immensely d)success

3. who had bought quite a number, electrified the room by starting
a) shocked b) unfortunate c) fortune d) adverse
4. ----- with a gradual crescendo to which I had been safely contributing
a) decrescendo b) regress **c) progress** d) least
5. My heart stopped; my blood congealed
a) dissolved b) melted **c) thickened** d) evaporated
6. There was no sound but a curious smothered noise.
a) inhabited b) fostered c) nurtured d) cherished
7. ----- nonchalantly (I hope) to the clerk who came
a) boldly b) depraved **c) indifferently** d) exalted
8. If the money lenders who talk so glibly about -----
a) smoothly b) gladly c) roughly d) perverseness
9. About 'note of hand only' really mean it ; speculating on the possibility of confessing -----.
a) promissory note b) honesty c) good behavior d) cunning
10. I realized that a career of rectitude sometimes has rewards
a) malpractice b) naughty c) malice **d) righteousness**
11. ----- why I would have taken fifty farthing
a) penny b) reason c) asked d) condition
12. ----- a messenger of the height gods wore an green baize apron
a) woolen material b) smooth c) course d) silky
13. ----- The best of us is worldly guile
a) cunning b) hopeful c) guilty d) helpless
14. It is indelibly branded in letters
a) moved **b) permanentaly** c) stationary d) static

Choose the most accurate of the four given words which is opposite to the usage of the underlined word in the following sentences.

1. "E.V. Lucas was saved from humiliation by a sudden stroke of Luck and relieved from a tight corner'.
a) favorable **b) worried** c) freed d) satisfied
2. A fourth was torpedoed in the war.
a) saved b) destroyed c) attacked d) damaged
3. "Those of us whose lives were adventurous enough to comprise any'.
a) bold b) risky **c) fearful** d) rash
4. 'A terrible silence followed during which the auctioneer looked inquiring first at the opener, and then at the company generally.
a) questioning b) investigating c) avoiding **d) answering**
5. The staff looked so prosperous and unsympathetic.'
a) rich b) wealthy **c) poor** d) luxurious
6. 'Stunned and dazed as I was, I pulled myself together sufficiently to hand my card'.
a) surprised b) amazed c) wondered **d) unsurprised**
7. 'But you all talk as though tight corners were always physical affairs'.
a) relative **b) mental** c) pleasant d) urgent
8. 'Although the previous lots had run into four figures they had all been modestly started at fifty guineas with a gradual crescendo'.
a) fall b) progress c) decline **d) decrease**
9. 'I set to pondering (lost in thought) on the problem what to do next.
a) meditating b) thinking c) realizing **d) forgetting**
10. I stood on the outskirts of the little knot of buyers.
a) Border b) boundary **c) interior** d) edge

5. CONVOCATION ADDRESS

Choose the most appropriate synonym of the underlined lexical item in each of the following sentences.

1. Thankful as I am for the unique honour conferred on me by this institution.
(a) granted (b) removed (c) attached (d) attempted

2. ----- but only reiterate some of the cardinal principal enunciated by those who offered their advice in the past.
 (a) reduce (b) **repeat** (c) add (d) inform
3. ----- but only reiterate some of the cardinal principal enunciated by those who offered their advice in the past.
 (a) situated (b) placed (c) **spoken** (d) left out
4. I do claim to represent him all his ruggedness.
 (a) refinement (b) **toughness** (c) understanding (d) doubts
5. Universities, as the repositories of knowledge and the nursing ground for the emissaries of thought have got a prominent role.
 (a) giver (b) claimer (c) inviter (d) **storehouse**
6. Universities, as the repositories of knowledge and the nursing ground for the emissaries of thought have got a prominent role.
 (a) gathering (b) assembly (c) **representatives** (d) group
7. We have eschewed monarchy and autocracy and have inaugurated the era of democracy.
 (a) accepted (b) **avoided** (c) informed (d) believed
8. We have eschewed monarchy and autocracy and have inaugurated the era of democracy.
 (a) **rule by one ruler** (b) rule by people (c) rule by a group (d) rule by few
9. During the feudal days, Universities had to train scholars and poets to adorn the chambers of royalty.
 (a) **medieval** (b) modern (c) recent (d) fresh
- 10.----- nor were eminent scholars asked to face the problems confronting the masses.
 (a) showing (b) **challenging** (c) inviting (d) giving
- 11.They were content to work in secluded spheres.
 (a) clear (b) open (c) different (d) **isolated**
- 12.The role of the University today is not cloistered and confined as in the past.
 (a) open (b) **restricted** (c) cleared (d) closed

13.----- a task which kindles sweet hopes but which demands patience and perseverance.

- (a) interest (b) commitment (c) demanding **(d) persistence**

14.----- confidence in his inherent ability to shoulder the responsibilities

- (a) intend **(b) inborn** (c) selected (d) achieved

15.----- realizes the perils and possibilities, the challenges are opportunities of the present.

- (a) danger** (b) proper (c) property (d) safety

16.----- for which you are deeply indebted to the community of which you are a member.

- (a) obliged** (b) received (c) wounded (d) faithful

17.----- a good portion of the revenue comes from the tillers and the toilers

- (a) machines (b) people **(c) farmers** (d) teachers

18.----- a good portion of the revenue comes from the tillers and the toilers

- (a) tailors **(b) labourers** (c) holders (d) rich

19. Unless you replenish it richly, coming generation will find only an empty coffer.

- (a) spent (b) open (c) require **(d) refill**

20.----- hope unto the despondent and anew life unto every one

- (a) individual (b) group **(c) depressed** (d) farmers

21. A continuous stream of men and women endowed with the spirit of service have been carrying on the crusade successfully.

- (a) removed **(b) gifted** (c) entry (d) deputed

22. A continuous stream of men and women endowed with the spirit of service have been carrying on the crusade successfully.

- (a) exams (b) information **(c) struggle** (d) wonder

23. As inheritors of that rich legacy, you are best.....

- (a) successors** (b) failures (c) travellers (d) drivers

24. Unless service is the outcome, the sermons become sweet nothings. (lecture, talk, oration)

- (a) speech on morale subject **(b) speech on moral subject**
(c) speech on bad subject (d) speech on good subject

25. May your life be a bright one, and may its lustre brighten the entire land

- (a) fear of reflected light **(b) glow of reflected light**
(c) cheer of reflected light (d) guilty of reflected light

Choose the most accurate of the four given words which is opposite to the usage of the underlined word in the following sentences.

1. I do claim to represent him in all his ruggedness

- (a) softness** (b) clarity (c) foolishness (d) doubts

2. Those were days when numbers did not count, nor were eminent scholars asked to face problems confronting the masses.

- (a) significant **(b) insignificant** (c) unimportant (d) improper

3. The role of the University today is not cloistered and confined as in the past.

- (a) restricted (b) meant **(c) liberated** (d) kept

4. ----- solace into the afflicted, hope unto the despondent and a new life unto every one

- (a) encouraged** (b) discouraged (c) dejected (d) disheartened

5. ----- a task which kindles sweet hopes but which demands patience and perseverance
 (a) calmness **(b) agitation** (c) request (d) silence
6. ----- confidence in his inborn ability to shoulder the responsibilities
 (a) verified **(b) acquired** (c) normal (d) implicit
7. ----- solace into the afflicted, hope unto the despondent and a new life unto every one.
(a) discomfort (b) comfort (c) conformation (d) confrontation
8. ----- solace into the afflicted, hope unto the despondent and a new life unto every one.
 (a) affected **(b) pleased** (c) distress (d) torture
9. ----- solace into the afflicted, hope unto the despondent and a new life unto every one.
 (a) faith (b) distress **(c) despair** (d) inspire
10. ----- may its lustre brighten its entire land!
 (a) brightness **(b) dullness** (c) strength (d) weakness

6. THE ACCIDENTAL TOURIST

Choose the most appropriate synonym of the underlined lexical item in each of the following sentences.

1. So I pulled on its and yanked at it with grunts and frowns and increasing consternation.
(a) pulled with jerk (b) pulled smoothly
 (c) pulled easily (d) pulled slowly
2. So I pulled on it and yanked at it with grunts and frowns and increasing consternation.
 (a) pressure (b) laughter **(c) worry** (d) strength

3. I watched dumbstruck as a hundred carefully sorted documents came raining down in a fluttery cascade.
 (a) rain (b) lake (c) river **(d) waterfall**
4. ----- lidless tin of tobacco rolled crazily across the concourse disgorging its contents
 (a) keeping **(b) emptying** (c) closing (d) seeing
5. I discovered that I had gashed my finger on the zip.
 (a) gathered (b) kept (c) closed **(d) wounded**
6. My wife looked at me with an expression of wonder – not anger or exasperation.
 (a) expensive (b) pleasant (c) dejection **(d) irritation**
7. I always have catastrophes when I travel.
 (a) experience (b) involvement **(c) disaster** (d) understanding
8. I amused her twenty minutes with the scattering of urbane bons mots.
(a) witty remarks (b) serious remarks
 (c) family remarks (d) angry remarks
9. So you will understand, I trust, when I tell you how much I ache to be suave.
(a) polite **(b) sophisticated** (c) witty (d) important
10. I explained to her the close and venerable relationship between Bill and William.
 (a) possible (b) unwanted (c) famous **(d) respected**
11. ended up standing in an alley on the wrong side of a self-locking door
(a) narrow passage (b) under passage (c) behind passage (d) before passage
12. tobacco, magazines, passport, English money, film — was extravagantly ejected
 (a) bad (b) wierd **(c) excessively** (d) bored
13. crazily across the concourse disgorging its contents
 (a) house (b) bridge (c) road **(d) open area**
14. when it's my own — well, I think hysterics
 (a) uncontrollable sad or crying (b) uncontrollable mad or crying
(c) uncontrollable laughing or crying (d) uncontrollable creul or crying

Choose the most accurate of the four given words which is opposite to the usage of the underlined word in the following sentences.

1. ----- lidless tin of tobacco rolled crazily across the concourse disgorging its contents as it went
 (a) **filling** (b) changing (c) shouting (d) entering
2. ----- as if I have just experienced an extremely localized seismic event
 (a) inside (b) **global** (c) outside (d) country
3. I explained to her the close and venerable relationship between Bill and William
 (a) respected (b) wasted (c) meaningful (d) **disrespected**
4. I am not very good at living in the real world is perhaps the most outstanding
 (a) great (b) extraordinary (c) **common** (d) known
5. I suddenly remembered that I had recently joined British Airways' frequent flyer programme.
 (a) **after** (b) before (c) just (d) happily
6. I suddenly remembered that I had recently joined British Airways' frequent flyer programme
 (a) often (b) always (c) **seldom** (d) infamous
7. I had gashed my finger on the zip and was shedding blood in a lavish manner.
 (a) plenty (b) extravagant (c) wasteful (d) **frugal**
8. ----- not anger or exasperation, but just simple wonder
 (a) **enjoyment** (b) irritation (c) helplessness (d) sadness
9. ----- at the moment someone in the seat ahead of me threw his seat back into full recline.
 (a) **push** (b) straight (c) pull (d) rotation
10. I amused her for perhaps 20 minutes with a scattering of urbane bons mots
 (a) entertained (b) took care of (c) pleased (d) **annoyed**



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XI ENGLISH

VOCABULARY FLASH TEST

A. MODALS

a. Choose the correct word to complete the following sentences.

1. We are not completely sure but Kishore _____ come back tomorrow.
a) needn't b) may c) ought
2. When Koushik was a child, he _____ play in the street.
a) won't b) must c) used to
3. _____ I have some more juice, please?
a) could b) needn't c) would
4. I _____ believe my eyes. Is Santhosh the one who is standing over there?
a) could n't b) must n't c) can't
5. Dinesh _____ be the richest person in the village. He's just bought two luxurious cars.
a) may not b) ought c) must
6. Imran _____ have studied more for the final exam than playing.
a) would b) should c) have to
7. My house _____ decorating as I'm tired of the old furniture.
a) has to b) may c) needs.
8. I _____ rather you checked my exercise before giving it to the teacher.
a) would b) should c) ought to
9. _____ I use your mobile phone? It's an emergency.
a) must b) may c) won't
10. In schools, students _____ wear uniforms. It is compulsory.
a) should b) must c) may
11. Nirmala's daughter _____ write perfectly when she was seven.
a) might b) could c) mustn't
12. I _____ let you know when I have more information about the matter.
a) shall b) could c) mustn't

b. Read the following passage and fill in the blanks with appropriate modals and read the paragraph aloud.

I thought I will go to the British museum today to read the treatment for some slight ailment of which I had a touch. I _1_ read all I wanted to read and then felt I _2_ begin to study diseases. I started to generally turn the leaves idly. I came to typhoid fever, read the symptoms and discovered I _3_ be having it for months without knowing it. Cholera I had severe complications. Diphtheria I _4_ have been born with. I was relieved to find that Bright's disease I had only in a modified form as so far as that was concerned, I _5_ live for years. The only disease I _6_ conclude I had not got was a housemaid's knee. I sat and pondered .I tried to feel my heart. I _7_ (not feel) my heart. I walked into the reading room a happy healthy man but crawled out a decrepit wreck.

B. PREPOSITIONS

a) Fill in the blanks in the following sentences with appropriate prepositions.

- (i) In case _____ difficulty, you should refer _____ a dictionary and then respond.
- (ii) The clothes that he has put _____ are very impressive. He is going _____ his hometown to pay homage _____ the village deity.
- (iii) The nearest hospital _____ this place is _____ a distance of twenty kilometers. You can reach it either _____ car or _____ bicycle.

b) Complete the following paragraph by filling in the blanks with suitable prepositions and read the paragraph aloud for better understanding of the use of prepositions.

Mr. Beek of New Jersey has invented a floating life-preserver, which gives complete protection _1_ people who have been shipwrecked. The upper section is large enough for the wearer to be able _2_ move his head and arms _3_, and a month 's supply _4_ food and drinking water can also be stored _5_ it. The cover can be closed in rough weather, and the wearer can see _6_ the window in the front, and breathe

7 a curved pipe. The life preserver is made _8_ water proof cloth attached _9_ circular metal tubes, which protect the wearer _10_ sharp rocks and hungry fish.

c. Fill in the blanks in the following sentences, using prepositions if necessary.

(i) The new machines are quite different _____ the old ones. They are able to work _____ a much faster pace, with a substantially reduced risk _____ the environment.

(ii) The students discussed the problem _____ themselves. However, they did not arrive _____ any conclusion. They went _____ their class teacher and discussed _____ her. She gave a solution _____ it and they were happy.

d). Now choose the right word and complete the paragraph. Read the paragraph aloud.

The wreck _1_ (up/of) the RMS Titanic lies _2_ (in/at) a depth of _3_ (about/above) 12,500 feet about 370 miles south east _4_ (of/off) the coast of Newfoundland. It lies _5_ (in/on) two main pieces about a third _6_ (of/off) a mile apart. The bow is still largely recognizable _7_ (with/within) many preserved interiors, despite the damage it sustained hitting the sea floor. A debris field _8_ (of/for) the wreck contains thousands _9_ (on/of) items spilled _10_ (from/of) the ship as it sank. She sank _11_ (in/at) the year 1912.

E. SOLVE THE CORRE WORD USING THE CLUES GIVEN BELOW

Across

2. We fought _____ the measure. (7)

7. The cat jumped _____ the table. (4)

9. The cat climbed _____ the tree. (2)

10. My story is shorter _____ yours. (4)

11. Cats are _____ dogs. (6)

13. Put the cookie _____ the park.
14. Let's walk _____ the park. (7)
16. The vegetables were planted _____ the apple tree. (6)
17. Banu sings _____ a bird. (4)
18. My story is _____ the river. (5)
19. Subash is the president _____ our class. (2)
20. We live _____ the river. (2)
21. Let's walk _____ class together
22. The bank is _____ the park. (8)
23. We live _____ the city limits. (6)
25. I saw John waving _____ the crowd (5)
28. I am more cautious _____ the fall. (5)
29. I have a present _____ you. (3)
31. We strolled _____ the river. (5)
32. He ran _____ us. (7)
33. The leaves had collected _____ the trees. (7)

DOWN

1. Put the book _____ the table. (4)
2. Please treat us _____ equals. (2)
3. Desert will be served _____ dinner. (5)
4. My house is _____ the school. (4)
5. We walked _____ the store. (2)
6. No eating _____ class. (6)

8. The book fell _____ my desk. (3)
11. I will not leave _____ the speech is finished. (5)
12. The store is open every day _____ Sunday. (3)
15. The dog is _____ the house. (7)
16. The cat is hiding _____ my bed. (5)
20. He is hiding _____ bookcase. (6)
22. Dinner is _____ the table. (2)
24. I put my hands _____ my Pockets. (6)
26. We will eat _____ the play. (6)
27. The cat is sleeping _____ the bed. (5)
29. This letter is _____ my aunt. (4)
30. We ran _____ the other kids. (4).

QUESTION TAG

A. Add appropriate question tags to the following sentences.

1. Cities are increasingly becoming urbanized, _____?
2. They experiment with ways to improve air quality, _____?
3. The aim should be to reduce congestion _____?
4. There is an urgent need to provide clean, reliable and affordable energy to their growing populations. _____?
5. Automation and shared mobility will play a key role in this transformation _____?
6. It changes the way people commute in cities _____?
7. Before long, a fleet of electric autonomous vehicles (AVs) could drive people to their destinations? _____?
8. These shared AVs will run at higher utilization rates, _____?
9. They can substantially reduce the cost of mobility and congestion, _____?
10. These should not be thought of as luxury but as necessity, _____?

B. Add appropriate question tags and role play the dialogue with your friend.

Jeyanth : Hello, Anish! It's your Physics exam today, _____?

Anish : Yes. They have set a very long paper. Yet, I managed to finish the paper. _____?

Jeyanth : True. My maths paper too was very long. I couldn't finish it. _____?

Anish : I could not solve my paper properly. _____?

Jeyanth : Ok. Actually, my question paper was very easy. _____?

Anish : Mine wasn't easy. I made a silly mistake. _____?

Jeyanth : Tell me about your English paper. _____?

Anish : The story comprehension was very easy. I am sure to score more than ten marks on fifteen. I wrote it very well. There wouldn't be any mistake. _____?

Jeyanth : For me, my letter- writing was the best. I didn't make a single mistake. _____?

Anish : Ok. I've got lots to study for tomorrow's exam. _____?

Jeyanth : Me too. So, see you later. All the best, bye.

Anish : Thank you. Wish you the same, bye.

SET-1

1. Choose the correct combination for the compound word 'birthcontrol'
- (a) Adjective + Noun (b) Noun + Verb
(c) Adverb + Noun (d) Adjective + Verb

2. Add a prefix to the root word "pass"

a) dis b) anti c) social d) sur

3. Add a suffix to the root word "ample"

- a) ify b) ity c) less d) ment

4. Choose the expanded form of "AICTE"

- a) All India Council for Teaching English.
b) All India Certificate of Teaching English.
c) All India Council for Technical Education.
d) All India Council of Technical English.

5. Choose the clipped form of "perquisite"

- a) perk b) queue c) site d) quist

6. Choose the right definition for the given term "Versenist".

- a) warrior b) administer c) translator d) quist

7. Phrasal verb "bring up"

- a) come to an end b) let us start
c) go back d) visit for

8. Choose the meaning of the foreign word "liaison"

- a) co-ordinator of activities b) administrator of activities
c) manager of activities d) doer of activities

9. The rise and fall of the voice in speaking is _____.

10. _____ compiled the first dictionary.

- a) Peter b) Wren and Martin c) Samuel Johnson d) Mitaliraji

11. During my teens, I _____ always sit for hours together before the TV.

(model verb)

12. I _____ wake up at 5 o'clock in the morning when I was a young boy.

(Semi-modal)

13. Preposition:

We have holidays _____ Deepavali.

14. Choose the correct Question tag for the given sentence.

Japan supported Germany.

- a) did it? b) didn't it? c) could it? d) could n't it?

15. Identify the correct sentence pattern of the following.

She told him in a story last night.

- a) SVIODOA b) SV c) SVC d) SVOC

16. Choose the syllabication for the word "voyagers"

- a) 2 b) 3 c) 4 d) 5

17. What is the plural for "fish"?

- a) fishes b) fish c) fishable d) fisheses

18. Amercian word for "pram"

- a) baby carriage b) carriages c) cotridge d) breakup

19. He _____ Rs 1000/- from me. (lent/borrowed)

20. Choose the correct combination for the blended word "agronomy"

- a) agriculture + economy b) economy + agriculture
c) agri + economy d) eco + agriculture

SET-2

PART -I

1. Choose the correct expansion of IELTS

- (a) International English Language Test System
(b) International English Language Test Systems
(c) International English Languages Test System
(d) The International English Language Testing System

2. Choose the correct combination for the compound word "headache"

- a) Verb+adjective b) Noun+verb
c) Adjective+Gerund d) Verb+Noun

3. Choose the clipped word for "saxophone"

- a) sax b) phone c) axo d) photo

4. Choose the meaning of the idiom : “*On the ropes*”

- a) enquirey b) defeat c) report d) collapse

5. Choose the suitable meaning for the foreign word in “*ad hoc*”:

- a) arranged for ordinary purpose b) arranged for special purpose
c) arranged for unique purpose d) arranged for solo purpose

6. _____ reading involves learners reading in detail (special focus) with specific learning aims and tasks.

7. _____ reading involves learners reading texts for enjoyment and to develop general reading skills.

8. Choose the phrasal verb for the given word “*ranover*”

- a) crashed b) scrached c) peeloff d) collapsed

9. Choose a prefix to the root word “*nutrition*”

- a) mal b) de c) over d) anti

10. What is the plural for genie?

- a) genii b) genies c) geens d) genieuses

11. Identify the correct sentence pattern of the following.

The clown made everyone happy in the school.

- a) SVCA b) SV c) SVOCA d) SVIO DOA

12. Efficacy _____ syllabic word.

- a) Mono b) Tri c) Di d) Tetra

13. What is the plural for “*reef*”?

- a) reefs b) reeves c) reefies d) reefvs

14. Amercian word for “*dress circle*”

- a) balcony b) circle c) dressing d) cricles

15. Preposition:
Christians go to church _____ Sundays.
16. Choose the correct Question tag for the given sentence.
Pass the salt, _____?
a) doesn't she? b) will you? c) does she? d) could n't she ?
17. Everybody attended the party _____?
a) doesn't she? b) hasn't she? c) didn't they? d) could n't she ?
18. _____ God Bless you (Suitable modal verb)
19. You would be pardoned _____ you confess (suitable link word)
20. She has really _____ character.(bazaar/bizarre)

ANSWER KEY

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(model verb)

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- a) **agriculture + economy** b) economy + agriculture
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- a) sax** b) phone c) axo d) photo

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18. _____ **May** _____ God Bless you (Suitable modal verb)
19. You would be pardoned _____ **If** _____ you confess (suitable link word)
20. She has really _____ **bizarre** _____ character.(bazaar/bizarre)

A. MODALS

a. Choose the correct word to complete the following sentences.

1. We are not completely sure but Kishore _____ **may** _____ come back tomorrow.
2. When Koushik was a child, he _____ **used to** _____ play in the street.
3. _____ **could** _____ I have some more juice, please?
4. I _____ **could n't** _____ believe my eyes. Is Santhosh the one who is standing over there?
5. Dinesh _____ **must** _____ be the richest person in the village. He's just bought two luxurious cars.
6. Imran _____ **should** _____ have studied more for the final exam than playing.
7. My house _____ **needs** _____ decorating as I'm tired of the old furniture.
8. I _____ **would** _____ rather you checked my exercise before giving it to the teacher.
9. _____ **May** _____ I use your mobile phone? It's an emergency
10. In schools, students _____ **must** _____ wear uniforms. It is compulsory.
11. Nirmala's daughter _____ **could** _____ write perfectly when she was seven.
12. I _____ **shall** _____ let you know when i have more information about the matter

b. Read the following passage and fill in the blanks with appropriate modals and read the paragraph aloud.

I thought I will go to the British museum today to read the treatment for some slight ailment of which I had a touch. I 1 **could** read all I wanted to read and then felt I 2 **should** begin to study diseases. I started to generally turn the leaves idly. I came to typhoid fever, read the symptoms and discovered I 3 **may** be having it for months without knowing it. Cholera I had severe complications. Diphtheria I 4 **must** have been born with. I was relieved to find that Bright's disease I had only in a modified form as so far as that was concerned, I 5 **would** live for years. The only disease I

6 **could** _ conclude I had not got was a housemaid's knee. I sat and pondered .I tried to feel my heart. I _7_ **could** _ (not feel) my heart. I walked into the reading room a happy healthy man but crawled out a decrepit wreck.

B. PREPOSITIONS

a) Fill in the blanks in the following sentences with appropriate prepositions.

- (i) In case ___ **of** ___ difficulty, you should refer ___ **to** ___ a dictionary and then respond.
- (ii) The clothes that he has put ___ **on** ___ are very impressive. He is going ___ **to** ___ his hometown to pay homage ___ **to** ___ the village deity.
- (iii) The nearest hospital ___ **in** ___ this place is ___ **at** ___ a distance of twenty kilometers. You can reach it either ___ **by** ___ car or ___ **by** ___ bicycle.

b) Complete the following paragraph by filling in the blanks with suitable prepositions and read the paragraph aloud for better understanding of the use of prepositions.

Mr. Beek of New Jersey has invented a floating life-preserver, which gives complete protection _1_ **to** _ people who have been shipwrecked. The upper section is large enough for the wearer to be able _2_ **to** _ move his head and arms _3_ **in** ___, and a month 's supply _4_ **of** _ food and drinking water can also be stored _5_ **in** _ it. The cover can be closed in rough weather, and the wearer can see _6_ **through** _ the window in the front, and breathe _7_ **into** _ a curved pipe. The life preserver is made _8_ **of** _ water proof cloth attached _9_ **to** _ circular metal tubes, which protect the wearer _10_ **from** _ sharp rocks and hungry fish.66

c. Fill in the blanks in the following sentences, using prepositions if necessary.

- (i) The new machines are quite different ___ **from** ___ the old ones. They are able to work ___ **at** ___ a much faster pace, with a substantially reduced risk ___ **for** ___ the environment.

(ii) The students discussed the problem among themselves. However, they did not arrive at any conclusion. They went to their class teacher and discussed with her. She gave a solution for it and they were happy.

d). Now choose the right word and complete the paragraph. Read the paragraph aloud.

The wreck 1_of (up/of) the RMS Titanic lies 2_at (in/at) a depth of 3_about (about/ above) 12,500 feet about 370 miles south east 4_off (of/off) the coast of Newfoundland. It lies 5_in (in/on) two main pieces about a third 6_of (of/off) a mile apart. The bow is still largely recognizable 7_with (with/within) many preserved interiors, despite the damage it sustained hitting the sea floor. A debris field 8_of (of/for) the wreck contains thousands 9_of (on/of) items spilled 10_from (from/of) the ship as it sank. She sank 11_in (in/at) the year 1912.

E. SOLVE THE CORRE WORD USING THE CLUES GIVEN BELOW

Across

2. We fought against the measure. (7)
7. The cat jumped onto the table. (4)
9. The cat climbed up the tree. (2)
10. My story is shorter than yours. (4)
11. Cats are Unlike dogs. (6)
13. Put the cookie in the park.
14. Let's walk through the park. (7)
16. The vegetables were planted beside the apple tree. (6)
17. Banu sings like a bird. (4)
18. My story is about the river. (5)
19. Subash is the president of our class. (2)
20. We live by the river. (2)

21. Let's walk into class together
22. The bank is opposite the park. (8)
23. We live within the city limits. (6)
25. I saw John waving above the crowd (5)
28. I am more cautious since the fall. (5)
29. I have a present for you. (3)
31. We strolled along the river. (5)
32. He ran between us. (7)
33. The leaves had collected beneath the trees. (7)

DOWN

1. Put the book upon the table. (4)
2. Please treat us as equals. (2)
3. Desert will be served after dinner. (5)
4. My house is near the school. (4)
5. We walked to the store. (2)
6. No eating during class. (6)
8. The book fell off my desk. (3)
11. I will not leave until the speech is finished. (5)
12. The store is open every day but Sunday. (3)
15. The dog is outside the house. (7)
16. The cat is hiding below my bed. (5)
20. He is hiding behind bookcase. (6)
22. Dinner is on the table. (2)
24. I put my hands inside my Pockets. (6)

26. We will eat before the play.(6)
27. The cat is sleeping under the bed.(5)
29. This letter is from my aunt.(4)
30. We ran past the other kids. (4).

QUESTION TAG

A. Add appropriate question tags to the following sentences.

1. Cities are increasingly becoming urbanized, aren't they?
2. They experiment with ways to improve air quality, don't they?
3. The aim should be to reduce congestion, shouldn't it?
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B. Add appropriate question tags and role play the dialogue with your friend.

Jeyanth: Hello, Anish! It's your Physics exam today, isn't it?

Anish: Yes. They have set a very long paper. Yet, I managed to finish the paper. didn't?

Jeyanth: True. My maths paper too was very long. I couldn't finish it. could I?

Anish: I could not solve my paper properly. could I?

Jeyanth: Ok. Actually, my question paper was very easy. wasn't it?

Anish: Mine wasn't easy. I made a silly mistake. didn't I?

Jeyanth: Tell me about your English paper. won't you?

Anish: The story comprehension was very easy. I am sure to score more than ten marks on fifteen. I wrote it very well. There wouldn't be any mistake. Can't you?

Jeyanth : For me, my letter- writing was the best. I didn't make a single mistake. did

I?

Anish : Ok. I've got lots to study for tomorrow's exam. haven't I?

Jeyanth: Me too. So, see you later. All the best, bye.

Anish: Thank you. Wish you the same, bye.



**SHRI VIDHYABHARATHI MATRIC HR.SEC.SCHOOL
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XI ENGLISH

SYNONYMS AND ANTONYMS

1. THE PORTRAIT OF A LADY

Choose the most appropriate synonym of the underlined lexical item in each of the following sentences.

- My grandfather's portrait hung above the mantelpiece in the drawing room
a) shelf b) picture c) lamb d) puzzle
- A peaceful pallor spread on her face and we knew that she was died
a) pale b) dark c) bright d) colourful
- Puckered face and her lips constantly moved in inaudible prayer.
a) wrinkled b) graceful c) smoothed d) fresh
- His grandmother told games that seemed quite absurd and undignified on her part
a) ridiculous b) analytical c) reasonable d) unquestionable
- Hundreds of little birds collected round her creating a veritable bedlam of chirruping.
a) Peace b) calm c) confusion d) Interest
- She thumped the sagging skins of dilapidated drum and sang of the homecoming of warriors.
a) Damaged b) elegant c) unbreakable d) reputable
- An Expanse of pure white serenity breathing peace and contentment
a) narrow b) widespread c) slight d) bend
- Her part and we treated it like the fables of the prophets she used to tell us.
a) kind b) Tales c) Magazines d) Sharp

9. She hobbled about the house in spotless white with one hand resting on he waist to balance her stoop.

- a) steady b) speed walk c) unsteadily d) reliable

10. She said her morning prayer in a monotonous a sing-song while she bathed and dressed me.

- a) boring b) Interesting c) relax d) sharp

11. Some birds came and Perched on her legs.

- a) Landed b) rested c) nestled d) moved

12. She fed longer and with frivolous rebuks

- a)censures b) cautions c) scolds d)praises

13. My grandmother accepted her seclusion with resignation.

- a)Companionship b) retirement c) retreat d) isolation

14. We laid her on the ground and covered her with a red shroud

- a)cloth b) metal c) liquid d) soild

15. The common link of friendship was snapped

- a) Praised b) hailed c) broken d) welcome

Choose the most accurate of the four given words which is opposite to the usage of the underlined word in the following sentences.

1. I cherished the moist imprint as perhaps the last sign of physical contract between us

- a) marshy b) arid c)slimy d)sultry

2. She fed longer and with frivolous rebukes

- a)serious b)sad c)furious d)happy

3. We protested But she ignored our protests.

- a)promote b)apprehend c)accept d)project

4. An expanse of pure white serenity breathing peace and contentment.

- a)simplicity b)anxiety c)absurdity d)stupidity

5. She said her morning prayer in a monotonous sing-song while she bathed and dressed me.
a)interesting b)tiresome c)fragrant d)satisfying
6. Some came and perched on her legs, others on her shoulders -----
a)Landed b) rested c) nestled d) moved
7. Her happiest moments were with her sparrows whom she fed longer and with frivolous rebukes
a)Scolds b) censures c) cautions d) praises
8. ----- hundreds of little birds collected round her creating a veritable bedlam of chirrupings.
a)confusion b) chaos c) mess d) calm
9. We had to persuade her to stop to avoid overstraining
a)convince b)induce c)prevent d)lead
10. My grandmother accepted her seclusion with resignation
a)isolation b)companionship c) retirement d)retreat

2. THE QUEEN OF BOXING

Choose the most appropriate synonym of the underlined lexical item in each of the following sentences.

1. With this princely sum, and a little more that had been collected from people. I left for the U.S.
a) small b) very large c) few d) little
2. I was tired and suffering from jet lag.
a) Lazy b) Active c) unpleasant feeling d) Bold
3. The greatest disadvantage for me was my loss of appetite.
a) Hunger b) anger c) Taste d) fear
4. The coaches were kind; they consoled me and lauded me on the silver win
a) blame b) criticize c) appreciated d) Hated
5. I took away from this championship was the conviction that I could take on any boxes.
a) hopeless b) faith or belief c) aimless d) selfish

6. I was hungry enough that I managed the complex work required –I ate enough to sate.
 a)Careless b) calm c) anger d)satisfy
7. I ate enough to sate my appetite and my palate
 a)sense at taste b) sense of smell
 c) remembrance d)unbarred table
8. There was a victory ride across town a felicitation programmed was held in lingo, an area that houses the government garters
 a) laboriously b)welcome
 c) congratulatory address d) bounce
9. Thanks giving prayers were said and words at praise and adulation were showered on me
 a)Blame b) criticize c) appreciation d)Support
- 10.The fight and all that followed are clearly etched in my memory.
 a) imprinted b) regard c) arranged d) welcomed
- 11.My medal haul continued after my marriage.
 a)Gift b) food c) job d) collection
12. Putting an end to speculation among my family and friends around that particular topic.
 a)played b) guess c)named d)regard

Choose the most accurate of the four given words which is opposite to the usage of the underlined word in the following sentences.

1. Internationale de Boxe Amateur, or the World Women's Boxing championships in Pennsylvania ,USA, in November-December 2001.
 a)Professional b)leader c)eccentric
2. I was even hopeful of winning the gold.
 a)desperate b) fanciful c)repulsive
3. My fear of facing the new opponents quickly vanished.
 a) disappeared b) obligatory c)feared d)appeared
4. Just when I had painfully begun to master the art of using a knife and fork, I had to use two sticks to fill my stomach.
 a)gain control of b)give way to c) overcome d)attack

5. But the biggest thing I took away from this championship was the conviction that I could take on any boxer.
 a) firm belief b) doubt c) certainty d) surety
6. If any accustomed money is in your account the bank will send you a check.
 a) used b) open c) unused d) waste
7. She achieved to win in the dance competition.
 a) success b) failed c) victory d) fall
8. They ate the category cake together.
 a) whole b) half c) few d) more
9. The house was large and confined
 a) open b) upset c) closed d) gloomy
10. I was consoled about my result.
 a) happy b) rejoice c) upset d) pleasure

3. FORGETTING

Choose the most appropriate synonym of the underlined lexical item in each of the following sentences.

1. He remembers the dates of good vintages
 a) inauspicious b) memorable day c) holy day d) holiday
2. It is because of their antipathy to pills and potions.....
 a) aversion/strong dislike b) suitability c) agreeable d) intensity
3. Chemists make their fortunes out of the medicines people forget to take.
 a) debts b) losses c) distresses d) huge sum of money
4. I am always reluctant to trust a departing visitor to post an important letter.
 a) ready b) unwilling c) eager d) anxious
5. I am no great delinquent in such matters.
 a) innocent b) diligent c) offender d) honourable
6. As they recall their exploits or their errors.
 a) daring b) failures c) wastes d) ideas

7. They are abstracted from the world outside them.
 a) lacking concentration b) interesting
 c) attentive d) active
8. Memories prevent them from remembering to do such small Prosaic things....
 a) creative b) interesting c) dull d) curious
9. The absent-minded man.... Has no time to remember the mediocre.
 a) ordinary b) extra-ordinary c) elegant d) sterling
10. Men with fallible memories have sometimes tried to make out a case
 a) perfect b) unreliable c) credible d) flawless
11. He has a memory like a sieve or is an audacious perverter of the truth.
 a) shy b) meek c) daring d) coward
12. We regard a man who does not possess it as eccentric.
 a) whimsical b) usual c) common d) regular
13. Indignant at her husband's behavior, she decided to teach him a lesson.
 a) amperer b) hanger c) danger d) angry
14. the white face and quivering lips that would soon appear.
 a) trembling b) vibrating c) cheering d) smiling
15. What was her vexation, when just before lunch her husband came in smiling cheerfully....
 a) annoyance b) delight c) comfort d) glory

Choose the most accurate of the four given words which is opposite to the usage of the underlined word in the following sentences.

1. The ordinary man seldom ,forgets to turn off the lights before going upstairs.
 a) rarely b) commonly c) often d) always
2. It must be admitted, some matters ----- the memory works with less than its usual perfection
 a) Expected b) accepted c) careless d) denied

3. It is only a very methodical man, who can always remember to take the medicine.
a) disorganized b) chaotic c) random d) organized
4. The fishing-rod of reality is forgotten by him
a) fantasy b) worst c) care d) fun
5. Absent-mindedness of this kind seems to me all but a virtue.
a) honors b) integrity c) merit d) vice
6. Provincial hotel at which he had a vile meal during the summer.
a) healthy b) bad c) delicious d) good
7. Indignant at her husband's behavior, she decided to teach him a lesson.
a) astonished b) disapproved c) admired d) dissatisfied
8. She arrived home, anticipating with angry relish the white face and quivering lips that would soon appear .
a) dislike b) like c) good d) dull
9. Having forgotten all about the baby and the fact that he had taken it out with him
a) fiction b) truth c) often d) fantasy
10. Now read the Humorous essay 'Forgetting' by Robert Lynd
a) interesting b) boring c) enjoyable d) serious

4. TIGHT CORNERS

Choose the most appropriate synonym of the underlined lexical item in each of the following sentences.

1. One man had been caught by the tide in Brittany
a) region b) standing c) dropping d) stooping
2. ----- I was nodding away to the auctioneer like a bloatocrat
a) rich person b)portion c)immensely d)success
3. who had bought quite a number, electrified the room by starting
a) shocked b) unfortunate c) fortune d) adverse
4. ----- with a gradual crescendo to which I had been safely contributing
a) decrescendo b) regress c)progress d) least

5. My heart stopped; my blood congealed
 a) dissolved b) melted c) thickened d) evaporated
6. There was no sound but a curious smothered noise.
 a) inhabited b) fostered c) nurtured d) cherished
7. ----- nonchalantly (I hope) to the clerk who came
 a) boldly b) depraved c) indifferently d) exalted
8. If the money lenders who talk so glibly about -----
 a) smoothly b) gladly c) roughly d) perverseness
9. About 'note of hand only' really mean it ; speculating on the possibility of confessing -----.
 a) promissory note b) honesty c) good behavior d) cunning
10. I realized that a career of rectitude sometimes has rewards
 a) malpractice b) naughty c) malice d) righteousness
11. ----- why I would have taken fifty farthing
 a) penny b) reason c) asked d) condition
12. ----- a messenger of the height gods wore an green baize apron
 a) woolen material b) smooth c) course d) silky
13. ----- The best of us is worldly guile
 a) cunning b) hopeful c) guilty d) helpless
14. It is indelibly branded in letters
 a) moved b) permanently c) stationary d) static

Choose the most accurate of the four given words which is opposite to the usage of the underlined word in the following sentences.

1. "E.V. Lucas was saved from humiliation by a sudden stroke of Luck and relieved from a tight corner'.
 a) favorable b) worried c) freed d) satisfied
2. A fourth was torpedoed in the war.
 a) saved b) destroyed c) attacked d) damaged

3. 'Those of us whose lives were adventurous enough to comprise any'.
a) bold b) risky c) fearful d) rash
4. 'A terrible silence followed during which the auctioneer looked inquiring first at the opener, and then at the company generally.
a) questioning b) investigating c) avoiding d) answering
5. The staff looked so prosperous and unsympathetic.'
a) rich b) wealthy c) poor d) luxurious
6. 'Stunned and dazed as I was, I pulled myself together sufficiently to hand my card'.
a) surprised b) amazed c) wondered d) unsurprised
7. 'But you all talk as though tight corners were always physical affairs'.
a) relative b) mental c) pleasant d) urgent
8. 'Although the previous lots had run into four figures they had all been modestly started at fifty guineas with a gradual crescendo?'
a) fall b) progress c) decline d) decrease
9. 'I set to pondering (lost in thought) on the problem what to do next.
a) meditating b) thinking c) realizing d) forgetting
10. I stood on the outskirts of the little knot of buyers.
a) Border b) boundary c) interior d) edge

5. CONVOCATION ADDRESS

Choose the most appropriate synonym of the underlined lexical item in each of the following sentences.

1. Thankful as I am for the unique honour conferred on me by this institution.
(a) granted (b) removed (c) attached (d) attempted
2. ----- but only reiterate some of the cardinal principal enunciated by those who offered their advice in the past.
(a) reduce (b) repeat (c) add (d) inform
3. ----- but only reiterate some of the cardinal principal enunciated by those who offered their advice in the past.
(a) situated (b) placed (c) spoken (d) left out
4. I do claim to represent him all his ruggedness.
(a) refinement (b) toughness (c) understanding (d) doubts

5. Universities, as the repositories of knowledge and the nursing ground for the emissaries of thought have got a prominent role.
(a) giver (b) claimer (c) inviter (d) storehouse
6. Universities, as the repositories of knowledge and the nursing ground for the emissaries of thought have got a prominent role.
(a) gathering (b) assembly (c) representatives (d) group
7. We have eschewed monarchy and autocracy and have inaugurated the era of democracy.
(a) accepted (b) avoided (c) informed (d) believed
8. We have eschewed monarchy and autocracy and have inaugurated the era of democracy.
(a) rule by one ruler (b) rule by people (c) rule by a group (d) rule by few
9. During the feudal days, Universities had to train scholars and poets to adorn the chambers of royalty.
(a) medieval (b) modern (c) recent (d) fresh
- 10.----- nor were eminent scholars asked to face the problems confronting the masses.
(a) showing (b) challenging (c) inviting (d) giving
11. They were content to work in secluded spheres.
(a) clear (b) open (c) different (d) isolated
12. The role of the University today is not cloistered and confined as in the past.
(a) open (b) restricted (c) cleared (d) closed
- 13.----- a task which kindles sweet hopes but which demands patience and perseverance.
(a) interest (b) commitment (c) demanding (d) persistence
- 14.----- confidence in his inherent ability to shoulder the responsibilities
(a) intend (b) inborn (c) selected (d) achieved
- 15.----- realizes the perils and possibilities, the challenges are opportunities of the present.
(a) danger (b) proper (c) property (d) safety

- 16.----- for which you are deeply indebted to the community of which you are a member.
- (a) obliged (b) received (c) wounded (d) faithful
- 17.----- a good portion of the revenue comes from the tillers and the toilers
- (a) machines (b) people (c) farmers (d) teachers
- 18.----- a good portion of the revenue comes from the tillers and the toilers
- (a) tailors (b) labourers (c) holders (d) rich
- 19.Unless you replenish it richly, coming generation will find only an empty coffer.
- (a) spent (b) open (c) require (d) refill
- 20.----- hope unto the despondent and anew life unto every one
- (a) individual (b) group (c) depressed (d) farmers
- 21.A continuous stream of men and women endowed with the spirit of service have been carrying on the crusade successfully.
- (a) removed (b) gifted (c) entry (d) deputed
- 22.A continuous stream of men and women endowed with the spirit of service have been carrying on the crusade successfully.
- (a) exams (b) information (c) struggle (d) wonder
- 23.As inheritors of that rich legacy, you are best.....
- (a) successors (b) failures (c) travellers (d) drivers
- 24.Unless service is the outcome, the sermons become sweet nothings. (lecture, talk, oration)
- (a) speech on morale subject (b) speech on moral subject
- (c) speech on bad subject (d) speech on good subject
- 25.May your life be a bright one, and may its lustre brighten the entire land
- (a) fear of reflected light (b) glow of reflected light
- (c) cheer of reflected light (d) guilty of reflected light

Choose the most accurate of the four given words which is opposite to the usage of the underlined word in the following sentences.

1. I do claim to represent him in all his ruggedness
(a) softness (b) clarity (c) foolishness (d) doubts
2. Those were days when numbers did not count, nor were eminent scholars asked to face problems confronting the masses.
(a) significant (b) insignificant (c) unimportant (d) improper
3. The role of the University today is not cloistered and confined as in the past.
(a) restricted (b) meant (c) liberated (d) kept
4. ----- solace into the afflicted, hope unto the despondent and a new life unto every one
(a) encouraged (b) discouraged (c) dejected (d) disheartened
5. ----- a task which kindles sweet hopes but which demands patience and perseverance
(a) calmness (b) agitation (c) request (d) silence
6. ----- confidence in his inborn ability to shoulder the responsibilities
(a) verified (b) acquired (c) normal (d) implicit
7. ----- solace into the afflicted, hope unto the despondent and a new life unto every one.
(a) discomfort (b) comfort (c) conformation (d) confrontation
8. ----- solace into the afflicted, hope unto the despondent and a new life unto every one.
(a) affected (b) pleased (c) distress (d) torture
9. ----- solace into the afflicted, hope unto the despondent and a new life unto every one.

- (a) faith (b) distress (c) despair (d) inspire

10.----- may its lustre brighten its entire land!

- (a) brightness (b) dullness (c) strength (d) weakness

6. THE ACCIDENTAL TOURIST

Choose the most appropriate synonym of the underlined lexical item in each of the following sentences.

1. So I pulled on its and yanked at it with grunts and frowns and increasing consternation.

- (a) pulled with jerk (b) pulled smoothly
(c) pulled easily (d) pulled slowly

2. So I pulled on it and yanked at it with grunts and frowns and increasing consternation.

- (a) pressure (b) laughter (c) worry (d) strength

3. I watched dumbstruck as a hundred carefully sorted documents came raining down in a fluttery cascade.

- (a) rain (b) lake (c) river (d) waterfall

4. ----- lidless tin of tobacco rolled crazily across the concourse disgorging its contents

- (a) keeping (b) emptying (c) closing (d) seeing

5. I discovered that I had gashed my finger on the zip.

- (a) gathered (b) kept (c) closed (d) wounded

6. My wife looked at me with an expression of wonder – not anger or exasperation.

- (a) expensive (b) pleasant (c) dejection (d) irritation

7. I always have catastrophes when I travel.

- (a) experience (b) involvement (c) disaster (d) understanding

8. I amused her twenty minutes with the scattering of urbane bons mots.
 (a) witty remarks (b) serious remarks
 (c) family remarks (d) angry remarks
9. So you will understand, I trust, when I tell you how much I ache to be suave.
 (a) polite (b) sophisticated (c) witty (d) important
10. I explained to her the close and venerable relationship between Bill and William.
 (a) possible (b) unwanted (c) famous (d) respected
11. ended up standing in an alley on the wrong side of a self-locking door
 (a) narrow passage (b) under passage (c) behind passage (d) before passage
12. tobacco, magazines, passport, English money, film — was extravagantly ejected
 (a) bad (b) wierd (c) excessively (d) bored
13. crazily across the concourse disgorging its contents
 (a) house (b) bridge (c) road (d) open area
14. when it's my own — well, I think hysterics
 (a) uncontrollable sad or crying (b) uncontrollable mad or crying
 (c) uncontrollable laughing or crying (d) uncontrollable creul or crying

Choose the most accurate of the four given words which is opposite to the usage of the underlined word in the following sentences.

1. ----- lidless tin of tobacco rolled crazily across the concourse disgorging its contents as it went
 (a) filling (b) changing (c) shouting (d) entering
2. ----- as if I have just experienced an extremely localized seismic event
 (a) inside (b) global (c) outside (d) country
3. I explained to her the close and venerable relationship between Bill and William
 (a) respected (b) wasted (c) meaningful (d) disrespected
4. I am not very good at living in the real world is perhaps the most outstanding
 (a) great (b) extraordinary (c) common (d) known

5. I suddenly remembered that I had recently joined British Airways' frequent flyer programme.
(a) after (b) before (c) just (d) happily
6. I suddenly remembered that I had recently joined British Airways' frequent flyer programme
(a) often (b) always (c) seldom (d) infamous
7. I had gashed my finger on the zip and was shedding blood in a lavish manner.
(a) plenty (b) extravagant (c) wasteful (d) frugal
8. ----- not anger or exasperation, but just simple wonder
(a) enjoyment (b) irritation (c) helplessness (d) sadness
9. ----- at the moment someone in the seat ahead of me threw his seat back into full recline.
(a) push (b) straight (c) pull (d) rotation
10. I amused her for perhaps 20 minutes with a scattering of urbane bons mots
(a) entertained (b) took care of (c) pleased (d) annoyed



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XI ENGLISH

PART-II

APPRECIATION

Poem - 1

A. Interpret each of the following expressions used in the poem, in one or two lines.

- i. *laugh with their eyes*
- ii. *shake hands without hearts*
- iii. *like a fixed portrait smile*
- iv. *hands search my empty pockets*
- v. *to unlearn all these muting things*

B. Read the lines given below and answer the questions that follow.

*i. 'But now they only laugh with their teeth,
While their ice-block-cold eyes...'*

- a) Who are 'they'?
- b) Explain: ice-block-cold eyes
- c) Identify the figure of speech used here.

ii. 'Most of all, I want to relearn

How to laugh, for my laugh in the mirror

Shows only my teeth like a snake's bare fangs!'

- a) Why does the poet want to relearn how to laugh?
- b) Whom does the poet want to relearn from?
- c) Mention the figure of speech used here.

POETIC DEVICE:

1. While their ice-block-cold eyes - _____
 2. Like dresses – home face - _____
 3. When I was like you - _____
 4.conforming smiles like a fixed portrait smile - _____
 5. “son”, “laugh” and “Once upon a time” - _____
 6. “Feel at home!” , “come again” - _____
- They say.....
- I find door shut on me - _____

Poem - 2

a. *"With all my heart I do admire
Athletes who sweat for fun or hire"*

- i. Whom does the poet admire?
- ii. For what reasons do the athletes sweat?

b. *"Well, ego it might be pleased enough
But zealous athletes play so rough..."*

- i. What pleases the ego?
- ii. Why are athletes often rough during play?

c. *"When officialdom demands
Is there a doctor in the stands?"*

- i. Why are doctors called from stands by the sponsors?
- ii. Why does the poet make such an observation?

d. *"When snaps the knee and cracks the
wrist...."*

Identify and explain the use of the literary device in this line.

POETIC DEVICE

➤ **FIGURE OF SPEECH:**

1. "I am just glad as glad can be - _____
2. That I am not them, that they are not me - _____
3. That you are not me and I'm not you - _____
4. When snaps the knee, and cracks the wrist - _____
5. My soul in true thanksgiving speaks - _____
6. For this modest of physiques. - _____

➤ **ALLITERATION:**

1. They do not ever in their dealings
2. Athletes who sweat for fun or hire
3. When snaps the knee, and cracks the wrist
4. For this *most* *modest* physiques

➤ **RHYMING SCHEME: STANZA 1 TO 6 - _____**

Poem – 3

(i) *“And ‘tis my faith that every flower
Enjoys the air it breathes...”*

- (a) What is the poet’s faith?
- (b) What trait of Nature do we see here?

(ii) *“And I must think, do all I can,
That there was pleasure there...”*

- (a) What did the poet notice about the twigs?
- (b) What was the poet’s thought about then?

(iii) *“If this belief from heaven be sent,
If such be Nature’s holy plan.”*

- (a) What does ‘heaven’ refer to?
- (b) Why does the poet call it ‘holy’?

POETIC DEVICE

1. ‘To her fair works did Nature link’ _____
2. ‘I heard a thousand blended notes’ – _____
3. ‘What Man has made of Man’ – _____
4. ‘What man has made of man’ – Alliteration _____
5. The human soul that through me ran.... _____
6. While in a grove I sate reclined.-- _____
7. And ‘tis my faith that every flower. – Alliteration _____
8. Rhyme scheme- stanza 1 to 6 _____
9. Rhyming words _____

Poem- 4

i. *“Macavity’s a Mystery Cat: he’s called
the Hidden Paw...”*

- a) Does the poet talk about a real cat?
- b) Why is he called the Hidden Paw?

ii. *“He’s the bafflement of Scotland
Yard, the Flying Squad’s despair:
For when they reach the scene of crime
— Macavity’s not there!..”*

- a) What is ‘Scotland Yard’?
- b) Why does the flying squad feel disappointed?

iii. *"He sways his head from side to side, with movements like a snake; And when you think he's half asleep, he's always wide awake..."*

- a) Explain the comparison made here.
- b) What does he pretend to do?

iv. *"For he's a fiend in feline shape, a monster of depravity."*

- a) How is the cat described in this line?
- b) Explain the phrase 'monster of depravity'.

v. *"And his footprints are not found in any file of Scotland Yard's."*

- a) What seems to be a challenge for the Scotland Yard?
- b) Why do they need his footprints?

vi. *"It must have been Macavity!" but he's a mile away."*

- a) What is Macavity blamed for?
- b) Where is he?

vii. *"There never was a Cat of such deceitfulness and suavity."*

- a) Which cat is being talked of here?
- b) How is he different from the rest?

POETIC DEVICE

A. He sways his head from side to side, with movements like a snake _____

B.

1. for he's the master criminal who can defy the Law. _____
2. He's broken every human law, he breaks his law of gravity. _____
3. His brow is deeply lined with thought, his head is highly domed; _____
4. His coat is dusty from neglect, his whiskers are uncombed _____
5. He's outwardly respectable. (They say he cheats at cards.) _____
6. He always has an alibi, and one or two to spare: _____

C. He's broken every human law, he breaks the law of gravity. _____

D. 1. Macavity, Macavity, there's no one like Macavity _____

2. I Might mention Mungojerrie, I might mention Griddle bone. _____

Poem - 5

1. *"Our nature it is that whatever we try
We do with devotion deep and true".*

- Who does 'we' refer to?
- How should we carry out our duties?

2. *"Defeat we repel, courage our fort;"*

- How do we react to defeat?
- Which is considered as our stronghold?

3. *"We are proud of the position we
hold; humble as we are,"*

- What is the speaker proud of?
- How is the speaker both humble and proud?

4. *"He, who does not stoop, is a king we adore.
We bow before competence and merit;"*

- Who is adored as a king?
- What is the figure of speech used in the first line?

5. *"Honour is a property, common to all:
In dignity and pride no one need to be poor."*

- Who are considered rich?
- What is their asset??

POETIC DEVICE:

1. We are proud and feel so tall

- What is the figure of speech used in the given lines?

2. He who does not stoop, is a king we adore

- What is figure of speech used in the given lines?

3. *"We are proud of the position we
Hold, humble as we are*

*Our pride springs from the way we life
A life that knows no kneeling and bending"*

- Pick out the word in alliteration?

4. *"Every hillock has a summit to boast*

*The height you reach is not that we care
He who does not stoop, is a king we adore*

*The ones that are true and stand on their own
Are really the ladder for the rise of Man
In dignity and pride on one need to be poor"*

1. Pick out the words in alliteration?

2. Name the figure of speech used in line 3,

Poem-6

1. What do the three words, 'graves, worms and epitaphs', refer to?
2. What does the executor mentioned in the poem do?
3. Who is Bolingbroke? Is he a friend or foe?
4. Are all deposed kings slain by the deposer?
5. What does the crown of rulers stand for?
6. What hides within the crown and laughs at the king's grandeur?
7. What does 'flesh' mean here?
8. What are the various functions and objects given up by a defeated king?
9. How does the king establish that he and his subjects are equal in the end?
10. Bring out King Richard's feelings when he was defeated.

POETIC DEVICE

1. "And yet not so – for what can we bequeath
Save our deposed bodies to the ground?"

2. How can you say to me, I am a king?

3. **Scoffing** his state and **grinning** at his pomp,

4. Bores through his castle wall, and farewell king!

5. Let's talk of graves, of worms, and epitaphs

Make dust our paper, and with rainy eyes

Write sorrow on the bosom of the earth

- a. Name the figure of speech used in lines 1 and 2,

- b. Name the figure of speech used in line 3.

6. Which serves as paste and cover to our bodies
a. Name the figure of speech used in the gives line.

7. All murdered- for within the hollow crown
a. Name the figure of speech used in the gives line

8. Keeps Death his court, and there the antic sits
a. Name the figure of speech used in the gives line .

- b. Pick out the words in alliteration.

9. Scoffing his state and grinning at his pomp
a. Pick out the words in alliteration.

10. To monarchize, be fear'd and kill with looks
a. Name the figure of speech used in the gives line

11. As if this flesh which about our life
a. Name the figure of speech used in the gives line

- b. Pick out the words in alliteration.

12. Bores through his castle wall, and farewell king
a. Name the figure of speech used in the gives line

- b. Pick out the words in alliteration.

13. I live with bread like you, feel want
a. Name the figure of speech used in the gives line

- b. Pick out the words in alliteration.

live, like; with, want

14. How can you say to me, I am a king?

- a. Name the figure of speech used in the gives line

- b. Pick out the words in alliteration.

PICK OUT THE ALLITERATION FROM THE FOLLOWING LINES :

i) "Our lands, our lives, and all, are Boling broke's,...."

ii) "And tell sad stories of the death of kings:"

iii) "Comes at the last, and with a little pin"

ANSWER KEY FOR POETIC DEVICE

POEM 1. ONCE UPON A TIME

- GABRIEL OKARA

- | | | |
|---|---|------------|
| 1. While their ice-block-cold eyes | - | Metaphor |
| 2. <u>Like</u> dresses – home face | - | Simile |
| 3. When I was <u>like</u> you | - | Simile |
| 4.conforming smiles <u>like</u> a fixed portrait smile | - | Simile |
| 5. "son", "laugh" and "Once upon a time" | - | Repetition |
| 6. "Feel at home!", "come again" | | |
| They say..... | | |
| I find door shut on me | - | Sarcasm |

2. CONFESSION OF A BORN SPECTATOR

-OGDEN NASH

➤ FIGURE OF SPEECH:

- | | | |
|---|---|-----------------|
| 7. "I am just glad as glad can be | - | Simile |
| 8. That I am not them, that they are not me | - | Metaphor |
| 9. That you are not me and I'm not you | - | Metaphor |
| 10. When snaps the knee, and cracks the wrist | - | Onomatopoeia |
| 11. My soul in true thanksgiving speaks | - | Personification |
| 12. For this modest of physiques. | - | personification |

➤ **ALLITERATION:**

5. They **d**o not ever in their **d**ealings
6. Athletes who sweat **f**or **f**un or hire
7. **W**hen snaps the knee, and cracks the **w**rist
8. For this **m**ost **m**odest physiques

➤ **RHYMING SCHEME:**

STANZA 1 TO 6 - aa ,bb, cc

3. LINES WRITTEN IN EARLY SPRING

- **WILLIAM WORDSWORTH**

1. 'To her fair works did Nature link'-personification
2. 'I heard a thousand blended notes' – Onomatopoeia
3. 'What Man has made of Man'- Aphorism
4. 'What **man** has **made** of **man**' – Alliteration
5. The human soul that through me ran....-personification
6. While in a grove I sate reclined.-- Archaism
7. And 'tis my **faith** that every **flower**. – Alliteration
8. Rhyme scheme- stanza 1 to 6 ab ,ab
9. Rhyming words

notes	- thoughts	reclined	- mind
link	- think	ran	- man
bower	- flower	wreaths	- breaths
played	- made	measure	- pleasure
Fan	- can	air	- there
sent	- lament	plan	- man

4. MACAVITY - THE MYSTERY CAT

T.S.ELIOT

E. **Simile** :He **s**ways his head from side to side, with movements **like** a snake

F. **Personification**:

1. for he's the master criminal who can defy the Law.
2. He's broken every human law, he breaks his law of gravity.
3. His brow is deeply lined with thought, his head is highly domed;

4. His coat is dusty from neglect, his whiskers are uncombed

5. He's outwardly respectable. (They say he cheats at cards.)

6. He always has an alibi, and one or two to spare:

G. **Hyperbole:** He's broken every human law, he breaks the law of gravity.

H. **Repetition:** 1. Macavity, Macavity, there's no one like Macavity

2. I Might mention Mungojerrie, I might mention Griddle bone.

5. EVEREST IS NOT THE ONLY PEAK

KULOTHUNGAN

1. We are proud and feel so tall

a. What is the figure of speech used in the given lines?

Repetition

2. He who does not stoop, is a king we adore

a. What is figure of speech used in the given lines?

Metaphor

3. *"We are proud of the position we*

Hold, humble as we are

Our pride springs from the way we life

A life that knows no kneeling and bending"

1. Pick out the word in alliteration?

Proud, position; Hold, humble; way, we ; knows, no, kneeling

4. *"Every hillock has a summit to boast*

The height you reach is not that we care

He who does not stoop, is a king we adore

The ones that are true and stand on their own

Are really the ladder for the rise of Man

In dignity and pride on one need to be poor"

1. Pick out the words in alliteration?

a hillock, has; the, that; who, we; The , that ,their; really, rise;
pride, poor

2. Name the figure of speech used in line 3,

Metaphor

6. THE HOLLOW CROWN

-WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE

1. “And yet not so – for what can we bequeath
Save our deposed bodies to the ground?”

Rhetorical Question/Interrogation

2. How can you say to me, I am a king?

Interrogation/Rhetorical Questions

3. **Scoffing** his state and **grinning** at his pomp,

Personification

4. Bores through his castle wall, and farewell king!

Personification

5. Let's talk of graves, of worms, and epitaphs

Make dust our paper, and with rainy eyes

Write sorrow on the bosom of the earth

- a. Name the figure of speech used in lines 1 and 2,

Metaphor

- b. Name the figure of speech used in line 3.

Personification

6. Which serves as paste and cover to our bodies

- a. Name the figure of speech used in the gives line.

Simile

7. All murdered- for within the hollow crown

- a. Name the figure of speech used in the gives line

Metaphor

8. Keeps Death his court, and there the antic sits

- a. Name the figure of speech used in the gives line .

Personification

- b. Pick out the words in alliteration.

Keeps, court; there, the

9. Scoffing his state and grinning at his pomp

- a. Pick out the words in alliteration.

Scoffing, state

10. To monarchize, be fear'd and kill with looks

- a. Name the figure of speech used in the gives line

Personification

11. As if this flesh which about our life

a. Name the figure of speech used in the gives line

Simile

b. Pick out the words in alliteration.

Which, walls

12. Bores through his castle wall, and farewell king

a. Name the figure of speech used in the gives line

Personification

b. Pick out the words in alliteration.

Castle, king

13. I live with bread like you, feel want

a. Name the figure of speech used in the gives line

Simile

b. Pick out the words in alliteration.

live, like; with, want

14. How can you say to me, I am a king?

a. Name the figure of speech used in the gives line

Rhetorical question

b. Pick out the words in alliteration.

can, king

PICK OUT THE ALLITERATION FROM THE FOLLOWING LINES :

iv) "Our lands, our lives, and all, are Boling broke's,...."

lands-lives; and, all, are

v) "And tell sad stories of the death of kings:"

sad-stories

vi) "Comes at the last, and with a little pin"

last - little; at - and



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XI ENGLISH

PART - IV

➤ **BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH**

A biographical sketch is a brief summary of a person's life and his achievements. It should include a description of the person's physical appearance, education, work, achievements and other salient personal traits. The main focus of a biographical sketch is to portray the person in an admirable way.

Here are the steps to write a bio-sketch.

1. Write in the third person.
2. Write down personal details like name, age, physical appearance etc.
3. Highlight his/her education and work.
4. Mention his/her special contribution.
5. Make a list of achievements.

A sample is given below.

Write the biography of R.K. Narayan in a paragraph, using the information given in the box.

R.K. Narayan—Rasipuram Krishnaswami Narayan – born—October 10, 1906—Chennai—author—Indian writing in English completed education 1930— teacher—writer—Swami and Friends – first novel – 1935 – narrative of adventures of schoolboys – most of his stories—set in fictitious town—Malgudi – themes – peculiar human relationships – clash of modern and ancient traditions – style – graceful – humorous—elegant – simple—34 novels – prose version – The Ramayana – The Mahabharata – died May 13, 2001 – Chennai

Answer

BIOGRAPHY OF ARTHUR R.K. NARAYAN

R.K. Narayan, whose full name is Rasipuram Krishnaswami Narayan was born on October 10, 1906, at Chennai in Tamil Nadu. He is one of the finest authors of Indian writing in English. He completed his education in 1930 and worked as a teacher before he became an author. His first novel, 'Swami and Friends' written in 1935, is a narrative, recounting the adventures of a group of schoolboys. Most of Narayan's works are set in the fictitious South Indian town of Malgudi. Narayan typically portrays the peculiarities of human relationships and the ironies of Indian daily life, in which modern urban existence clashes with ancient tradition. His style is graceful, marked by genial humour, elegance, and simplicity. He has written about 34 novels in addition to prose versions of two Indian epics, The Ramayana and The Mahabharata. He died on May 13, 2001 in Chennai.

a. Given below are hints about a renowned British science fiction writer Arthur C. Clarke.

Write a biographical sketch on the author in not more than 80—100 words based on the information given below.

Name	Arthur C. Clarke
Pen names	Charles Willis, E.G.O'Brien
Birth	16 Dec 1917, England
Career	Novelist, Television host, inventor and film screen writer.
Genre	Science Fiction, Television series, film screen play
Awards and Honours	1961, Kalinga Prize - an award given by UNESCO for popularising science
	Hugo and Nebula Awards Chairman of the Interplanetary Society
	Highest Civil Honour of Sri Lanka – 'Sri Lankabhimanya 2005'
Titles	Clarke, Robert Heinlein and Isaac Asimov – 'Big Three' of Science Fiction
	'The Prophet of the Space Age'
Famous Works	Childhood's End 2001: A Space Odyssey Rendezvous with Rana

Answer

BIOGRAPHY OF ARTHUR C. CLARKE

Arthur C. Clarke, a renowned British science fiction writer was born on 16 December, 1917 in England. He wrote under the pen names Charles Wills and E.G. O'Brien. Arthur C. Clarke was a novelist, television host, inventor and film screen writer. He wrote science fiction, television series and film screen play. In 1961 he won Kalinga Prize, an award given by UNESCO for popularizing science. He also won Hugo and Nebula awards. Arthur c. Clarke was Chairman of the Interplanetary Society. He got the Highest Civil Honour of Sri Lanka 'Sri Lankabhimanya 2005'. Clarke, Robert Heinlein and Isaac Asimov were the 'Big Three' of Science fiction. 'The Prophet of the Space Age', 'Childhood's End, 2001' 'A Space Odyssey' and 'Rendezvous with Rana' are some of his famous works.

➤ REPORT WRITING

A report is written for a clear purpose.

- Reports can be academic, technical or business related.
- The first step is to collect relevant material or information.
- The next step is to organize the collected information and put it together in an outline.
- Proper planning will be easier to write a report.
- A report can be written about an incident, accident or a natural calamity or a coverage of an official function or the visit of a dignitary etc.

While collecting facts and writing a report, remember to check and include the following.

- Correctness of facts (authenticity) or accuracy should be ensured to avoid legal complications.
- Be concise, factual and clear.
- Give the title and name of reporter.
- Mention place and date of event.

- Use reported speech for narrations.
- Style should be engrossing, to sustain the interest of the reader.
- Main text should include three components – introduction, discussion and conclusion.
- Use active voice to make writing move smoothly and easily.

The main parts of the report are:

- Title
- Introduction
- The scope
- Duration, data collection, detailed discussion and their analysis
- Conclusion

Read the following report by Dinesh on the 50th Annual Day of his school.

REPORT
GOLDEN JUBILEE CELEBRATION
V. R. Dinesh Kumar

11th August, 2018.

On 10th August, 2018, a colourful and memorable Golden Jubilee Annual Day event was organized in our school. This event was held in the auditorium of our school. Many eminent personalities and educationists graced the occasion. The District Collector, who was the Chief Guest, inaugurated the function. It began with a prayer, hailing the goddess of knowledge and wisdom. This was followed by a colourful welcome dance by the students of kindergarten. The Principal welcomed the gathering, after which all the invitees were felicitated. The cultural programme, which followed, was a truly mesmerizing show. The cultural programme included items such as singing, dancing, poetry recitation, skits, mimicry and mono act shows. The audience sat enthralled by the show. In his address, the Chief Guest praised the efforts of the students and teachers alike. This was followed by prize distribution to teachers and students, for their achievements. The programme concluded with the vote of thanks proposed by the School Pupil Leader.

a. You have recently attended a seminar on ‘Science and Literature’ in which writers presented papers on Science Fiction and literature and focused on the creativity of young writers. Write a short report about it for a leading newspaper in about 100—120 words.

REPORT
Science and Literature
K. Sridharan

10th June 2018

On 1st June, 2018, a seminar on ‘Science and Literature’ was organized in our school auditorium. Many eminent personalities and educationists graced the occasion. The Director of

School Education, who was the Chief Guest, inaugurated the seminar. It began with a prayer, hailing the goddess of knowledge and wisdom. This was followed by a colourful welcome dance by the girls of our school. The principal of our school welcomed the gathering, after which all the invitees were felicitated. Eminent professors from the local colleges came to the stage. Great writers who have written articles on scientific topics spoke to the members. They dwelt on the relationship between science and literature. Some of them pointed out with examples how science is intermingled with our ancient culture. Some of the young writers came to the stage and read out their literary work related to scientific topics. There were discussions about science and literature. A lot of pictures which depicted scenes from literature were displayed by the Arts Club. Prizes were given to participants who presented the best portraits and articles. The programme concluded with the vote of thanks proposed by our school science club secretary.

b. You are the School Pupil Leader. Your school organised an Inter-School Sports event at Nehru Stadium. Write a report on the special events conducted in 100—120 words for the school souvenir.

Inter-School Sports

A.C. Balakrishnan

20th September 2018

On 10th September, the Inter-School Sports was conducted at Nehru Stadium. All the teams from our district took part in it. The Commissioner of police, who was the Chief Guest, inaugurated the sports event. It began with a prayer and a colourful march by the competitors. The District Collector lit the Olympic torch and spoke a few words about the importance of sports and games. Then the matches started. The first match, a hundred metre dash was the first. The athletes ran like a shot from the bow. The winners were called to the victory stand. Then different competitions in sports and field items were conducted. The names of the winners were read out. Muthu of our class was declared champion of Inter-school shooting competition. Our school won the inter-school cup of Championship. The meeting concluded with the Prize giving ceremony and the vote of thanks was proposed by the Physical Director of our school.



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XI ENGLISH

PART-III ERROR SPOT

BOOK BACK

S. No.	Textual Exercise	
1.	The trains often are late.	
2.	His salary is Rs.20,000/- per year.	
3.	I am not understanding the problem	
4.	Have you had your meals?	
5.	He invited us to stay a few days with him.	
6.	My sister was recently operated for appendicitis.	
7.	Thirukkural has been translated to many languages.	
8.	There are no reliable evidences to show that he is guilty.	
9.	I bought a blue colour shirt and a tie.	
10.	There is always heavy traffic during peak hours.	
11.	I am not on talking terms with my neighbour.	
12.	The teacher says, "He is making a good progress in studies"	
13.	He was proclaimed a traitor by the king.	
14.	The letter was written partially in English and partially in Tamil	
15.	We are unable to locate the mistake.	

16.	He took up gymnastic when he was eight years old.	
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YEAR QUESTIONS 2006-2018

1. He gave me an one-rupee note.
2. Though she is weak but she is active.
3. She kept the book in the table.
4. None of you know the answer.
5. We speak the English.
6. Children prefer TV games than story books.
7. Mala is a M.A., in English.
8. One of the boy has got the first prize.
9. Two and two make four.
10. Though he was honest, but he was poor.
11. Sheela is junior than me.
12. Ramesh went to abroad.
13. Guilty must be punished.
14. Though he is ill, but he attends the class.
15. The principal with all the teachers ar present.
16. He gave me an one-rupee coin.
17. If they had contacted me, I would help them.
18. He is confident on his success.
19. My father gave me a lot of advices.
20. Though he practiced well, but he did not win the prize.
21. He took up gymnastic when he was seven years old.
22. He come latte to school.
23. Although he came late, but he finished the work in time.
24. A group of twelve students are travelling together.
25. John is best student in the class.
26. The cat was sitting in a wall
27. A honest man is always respected.

28. Mathematics are my favourite subject.
29. Each of the student has participated in the competition.
30. If I was a bird, I would fly.
31. He is my cousin brother.
32. No one know the answer.
33. Children prefer sweets than fruits.
34. Though he prepared well but he failed in his exam.
35. Jim/Mohan is one of the best student in his class.
36. She goes to school by feet.
37. Sun rises in the east.
38. Gopi is one of the tallest boy.
39. I am a teacher, isn't I?
40. Neither Ram nor Arun are present today.
41. He is a M.Sc., student.
42. They discussed about the matter.
43. The luggages are very heavy.
44. As I am suffering from fever, so give me two days leave.
45. Taj Mahal is one of the greatest wonder of the world.
46. He congratulated me for winning the election. She congratulated him for his success.
47. The news are very good.
48. He wears a HMT watch presented by his uncle.
49. Neither he nor you are active.
50. If you had walked fast, you would catch the bus.
51. He joined an European University last year.
52. One of the boy looks happy.
53. She / He prefers coffee than tea.
54. He sold his furnitures.
55. Sitting near the window and he saw the crowd.
56. I prefer coffee than tea.

57. He has finished his meals.
58. I am suffering with fever.
59. One of the dacoits were shot dead.
60. I bought a HMT watch.
61. The cow is an useful animal.
62. Mary is superior than Jose in drawing.
63. She said that she can drive a car.
64. We sell wooden furnitures.
65. Working hard and he passed.
66. He is a M.Sc., student.
67. Though he is poor but he is happy.
68. Mathematics are my favourite subject.
69. Sheela is junior than me.
70. She kept the book in the table.
71. If they had contacted me I would help them.
72. One of his sons are a doctor in the United States of America.
73. I met an European at the airport.
74. My uncle will come on next Monday.
75. Kevin has been working here from 2003.
76. If you had given the money in advance, I would buy the book.
77. He made an universal appeal to all.
78. If she had approached me, I would help her.
79. The scenery of Kashmir are enchanting.
80. Even though he walked fast but he missed the bus.
81. One of his men were caught by the police.
82. There is an university at Madurai.
83. He gave me a lot of advices.
84. Although Raju is poor but he is generous.
85. He is confident on his success.
86. We were discussing about the matter.

87. Children prefer TV games than story books.
88. Although he came late but he finished the work is time.
89. Civics are my favourite subject.
90. If he had known of your arrival, he would come to receive you
91. Madhumati is my cousin sister.
92. Sheela purchased furnitures from the shop.
93. Though he is old but he walks steadily.
94. Sam is junior than me.
95. The news are read every day. / The news are very good.
96. Though his mother-tongue is Tamil but he always speaks in English.
97. The cow is an useful animal.
98. One of the boys look happy.
99. If I were a bird, I will fly.
100. Let us hope though the best.
101. Mathematics are an interesting subject.
102. One of the minister walked out.
103. Unless you study well, you will pass.
104. Children prefer sweets than fruits.
105. She gave me an one-rupee coin.
106. Mohan is one of the best student in his class.
107. She is angry at her husband.
108. I have not met you before, isn't?
109. The workers formed an union for their welfare.
110. Naveen as well as Sekar sing well.
111. Ivan prefers reading than playing.
112. One of the machines are not working.
113. Although he worked hard but he scored low marks.
114. If she had known the matter, she would solve the problem.
115. Physics are my favourite subject.
116. Children prefer sweets than snacks.

117. He had written the letter by pen.
118. Neither Ram nor his friends is present today.
119. I met one of my relative yesterday.
120. The telephone is an useful instrument.
121. He did not listen to his father's advices.
122. Neither of the boys are guilty.
123. He is a honourable man.
124. Slow and steady win the race.
125. Everyone admire the Taj Mahal.
126. The wages of sin are death.
127. If I had time, I would have taught you.
128. Supposing if you go too the library, return this book.
129. An apple a day keeps a doctor away.
130. Neither of your suggestions are practical.
131. The three brothers shared the property between themselves.
132. The horse which I rode ran fastly.
133. The theory of Economics are confusing.
134. Yellow River is the second longest river in China.
135. Despite being old and he is active.
136. Rini always speaks the truth, don't he?
137. His father met in an accident.
138. The house is built in an one- acre land.
139. Rahul has been working here from 2010.
140. If you jump the signal or you will be penelized.
141. The boys are entering into the classroom.
142. We usually go to the bed at night.
143. Every fruit in the basket were rotten.
144. Grant Trunk Express has arrived on time.
145. Sheela knows him very well, don't she?
146. I lost my luggages in the train.

March 2018

June 2018

147. If you come late. I would punish you.

148. Despite of his shoulder injury, he continued to bowl.

149. The first volume of these poems have already been published.

150. The lightning flashed across a sky.

151. Martin has finished his meals.

152. Gas is usually more cheap than electricity.

Sep 2018

PTA

LOOK AT THE FOLLOWING SPOT THE ERRORS AND CORRECT THEM:

1. Supposing if we start early we can reach on time.
2. He remains brave and confidence in a difficult situation
3. Our joys knew no bounds
4. He joined an European University last year.
5. One of the boy looks happy.
6. Unless you study well, you will pass
7. Civics are my favourite subjects.
8. If I had started in time, I would caught the train
9. A bunch of keys were found in the car
10. I prefer coffee than tea
11. He gave me an on rupee coin
12. Raju met in an accident
13. Steel is use in concrete buildings
14. They were discussing about the programme
15. All the furnitures in her house has been sold.

PUBLIC EXPECTED QUESTION with key

1. Let us hope **for** the best
2. Men and women are **equals**.
3. **The** young shouldn't teach tradition to **the** old.
4. I bought half **a** litre of milk.
5. I have **a** headache.
6. India defeated Srilanka by **an** innings.

7. I can speak English **besides** Hindi.
8. There is a Church **beside** our school.
9. My school is **behind** the temple.
10. It has been raining **for** five hours.
11. He has been working here **since** 2001.
12. My book is **on** the table.
13. The cat jumped **upon** the wall.
14. She jumped **into** the well.
15. Several dam were built **across** the river.
16. The bridge is being built **over** the Cauvery river.
17. The UNICEF **carries** out a lot of noble service for the protection of children.
18. A lot of work **is** to be finished by me.
19. A lot of students **are** attending the seminar.
20. The **cattle** are grazing.
21. The police **are** in search of the criminal.
22. Get me a **pair of scissors** from the tool box.
23. My friend **is** always cheerful.
24. I **always read** in the morning.
25. I **want** a pen.
26. He **is possesses** a new car.
27. He **is leaving for** Chennai tonight.
28. Anand **is suffering from** fever.
29. I **listened to** the music.
30. Santhosh **knocked at** the door.
31. Raja **met with** an accident.
32. Ramesh **is good at** English.
33. Suresh **is poor in** Mathematics.
34. He **is confident of** his success.
35. They have been **accused of** the murder
36. The Principal **is angry with** you
37. I always **sympathise with** the poor.
38. He **discussed** the matter yesterday.
39. I have **ordered** a cup of coffee.
40. He **requested** my help.
41. They **described** the scenery.
42. We **regret** the inconvenience.
43. He **discussed** the matter yesterday.
44. She **entered** the room.

45. He **accompanied** his friends to Ooty.
46. He **told** me that he was busy.
47. I have **answered** all their questions.
48. Slow and steady **wins** the race
49. The cup and saucer **is** placed on the table.
50. Bread and butter **makes** a wholesome breakfast.
51. Early to bed and Early to rise **is** good habit.
52. Greed and grief **goes** hand in hand.
53. Honour and glory **is** his reward.
54. The ebb and flow of the tide **is** due to the lunar influence.





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XI ENGLISH PUBLIC EXPECTED QUESTION “VOCABULARY”

BRITISH ENGLISH VS AMERICAN ENGLISH

BRITISH ENGLISH	AMERICAN ENGLISH
Loo	bathroom, restroom
Store room	Closet
Teachers (Staff)	Faculty
Public school	Private school
State school	Public school
Waist coat	Vest
Cooker	Stove
Car park	parking lot
Staff room	Teacher lounge
Play time / Break time	Recess
Cash point	ATM
Shopping point	Mal
Dust bin	Trash can
Forth coming	Up coming
Solicitor	Lawyer
Full stop	Period
hire	rent
CV	Resume
Garden	Yard
Engaged	busy
Jumper	Sweater
Trainers	Sneakers
Fort night	Two weeks
Diary	Calendar
Pants	Trouser
Dressing room	bath robe
Primary school	Elementary school
Mark / Grade	Grade
Toilet	Rest room
Peckish	hungry
Indicator	blinker

post	Mail
Foot ball	Soccer
Pitch	Field
Kit	Uniform
Bonnet (the front of the car)	hood
boot (back of the car)	Trunk
Bank holiday	legal holiday
Caravan	Trailer
Cupbrard	closet
Fair	Carnival
Gaol	jail
Let	lease / rent
nought	Zero
number plate	license plate
pudding	dessert
receptionist	desk clerk
sellotape	Scotch tape
Sweet shop	Candy store
Term academic	Semester
Turnover	Revenue

COMPOUND WORDS

I. Noun + Noun

air breake, arm chair, atom bomb, fish pond honey bee, post man, lam post, pencil mark,
post master, saw dust, silk warm.

II. Adjective + Noun

blue print, short hand, sweet heart, safe guard.

III. Noun + Verb

birth control, haircut, head ache

IV. Verb + Noun

breakfast, cutthroat, glow worm, pickpocket

PREFIX& SUFFIX

Prefix

- dis - discharge, disconnect, dislike, disown.
- mis - misfire, mistake, mislead, misjudge

- arch - arch-enemy, archangel, arch bishop.
- out - outgrow, outline, outweigh
- over - overdo, over confident, over flow.
- anti - antisocial, antigovernment, antisocialist
- fore - foretell, forecast
- be - behead, benumb, belittle
- em - empower, embalm, belittle
- bi - bicycle, bilingual, bifocal, biweekly
- tri - triangle, tricycle, tripod
- sur - surcharge, surpass, surpluss

Suffixes

- ----- acy - accuracy, privacy, obstinacy
- ----- dom - freedom, kingdom, stardom
- ----- ess - actress, waitress, lioness
- ----- ity - sanity, diversity, rapidity
- ----- ish - boyish, childish, foolish, selfish
- ----- en - deafen, gladden, sadden, ripen

ABBREVIATION & ACRONYMS

- AIDS - ACQUIRED IMMUNE DEFICIENCY SYNDROME
- NSS - NATIONAL SERVICE SCHEME
- RMSA - RASHTRIYA MADHYAMIK SHIKSHA ABHIYAN
- SSA - SERVA SHIKSHA ABHIYAN
- NCC - NATIONAL CADETS CORPS
- AVADI - ARMED VEHICLES AND AMMUNITION DEPOT OF INDIA
- MLA - MEMBER OF LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
- MP - MEMBER OF PARLIAMENT
- UGC - UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION
- AICTE - ALL INDIA COUNCIL FOR TECHNICAL EDUCATION
- TNPL - TAMILNADU NEWSPRINT AND PAPERS LIMITED.

CLIPPED WORD

- advertisement - ad
- facsimile - fax
- public house - pub
- popular music - pop
- cablegram - cable
- university - varsity
- fantasy - fancy
- madam – ma'am
- gabble - gab
- cabriolet - cab
- fanatic - fan
- luncheon - lunch
- perquisite - perk

PHRASAL VERBS**I. BREAK**

break in (interrupt / enter a building)	robbers <u>broke in</u> at the bank last night
break out (escape)	Fire <u>broke out</u> in the building
break off (fail)	You should not <u>break off</u> from your duty
Break up (end/disperse)	The function <u>broke up</u> at 11.00 p.m

2.CALL

call upon (invite / appeal to)	I <u>call upon</u> you to help me
call up (recall)	I <u>called up</u> my childhood days
call for (require / demand)	Your poor performance <u>calls for</u> improvement
call off (cancel)	The match was <u>called off</u> due to heavy rain
call on (visit)	The Prime minister <u>called on</u> the President.

3.CUT

cut in (interrupt)	Don't <u>cut in</u> on our conversation
cut off(separate / stop the supply)	His finger was <u>cut off</u>
cut short (reduce)	The lengthy essay must be <u>cut short</u>

cut up (divide into small pieces)	She <u>cuts up</u> the vegetables.
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4.WAIT

wait around (stay at a place impatiently)	I <u>waited around</u> the bus stop
wait behind (stay at a place, especially to meet someone)	I <u>waited behind</u> after the class in order to meet our teacher.
wait on (attend to someone by serving food)	He <u>waited on</u> his boss at the dinner
wait up (not going to bed until someone returns home)	The lady <u>waited up</u> for the return of her son

5.SEE

see over (inspect a place carefully)	The police <u>saw over</u> the meeting spot
see through (not to be deceived by somebody or something)	Children don't <u>see through</u> the tricks of the adults.
see to (attend)	You must <u>see to</u> the problem at once.
see about (deal with)	My brother will <u>see about</u> the transport arrangement for our picnic.

6.KEEP

keep away (not to go near)	We must <u>keep away</u> from bad habits.
keep up (continue / maintain)	You must <u>keep up</u> your good habits.
keep on (continue)	Tendulkar is always expected to <u>keep on</u> his good batting.
keep off (avoid contact / touching / using)	It is better to <u>keep off</u> bad company

7.LOOK

look out (be alert and watchful)	<u>Look out</u> for spelling mistakes while writing the essay.
look over (inspect / examine)	We must <u>look over</u> the flat before buying it
look after (take care of)	My parents <u>look after</u> me very well
look into (investigate / examine)	The CBI <u>looked into</u> the murder case

8.PICK

pick on (criticize or blame someone unfairly)	The captain always <u>picks on</u> the team members for defeat.
pickup (improve / give a lift to somebody)	His health is <u>picking up</u> gradually
pick over (check carefully before selecting something)	I spent one hour and <u>picked over</u> this jeans
pick out (choose or select)	<u>Pick out the</u> correct answer from the passage

pick off (to remove)	We <u>picked off</u> all the weeds from the garden
----------------------	---

9.PULL

pull up (bringing a vehicle to halt / correct or reprimand somebody)	I <u>pulled up</u> the car in front of the gate.
pull back (retreat or withdraw)	India demands Pakistan to <u>pull back</u> from Kashmir.
pull on (breathe something in)	He <u>pulled on</u> fresh air as soon as he reached the hill top
pull through (recover from an illness)	The doctor said that my father would <u>pull through</u> within two days

10.STAND

stand by (be ready for action / support or help)	My friends <u>stood by</u> me during the crisis.
stand in for (substitute or take somebody's place)	Raina is <u>standing in</u> for Sachin on the field
stand out (better than others, noticeable)	Golden letter <u>stand out</u> from the dark back ground
stand up (support / withstand / resist / stand straight on one's feet)	I will <u>stand up</u> for my rights

QUESTION TAG

1.Statements with auxiliaries:

1. It is bright, isn't it?
2. Bears are dangerous, aren't they?

2.Statements without auxiliaries:

1. The Cuckoo sings beautifully, doesn't it?
2. Rats dig burrows, don't they?
3. Sachin broke the world record, didn't he?

3. Statements using has/have/had as auxiliaries:

1. The bell has rung, hasn't it?
2. The flowers have drooped, haven't they?

4.Statements using has/have/had as the main verb –use do/does/did

1. A tiger has sharp claws, doesn't it?

2. Indians have great respect for traditions, don't they?
3. Little Rosy had fever, didn't she?

5. Statements having negative words – use positive tag:

A. Using no, none, never not, neither-nor

1. Sheela is not going to come today, is she?
2. My grandfather never smokes, does he?
3. Neither swetha nor sneha has any bad habits, do they?

B. Using little, few, scarcely, hardly, rarely

1. Muni shows little care in his studies, does he?
2. Few planets can be seen, can they?

6. Statements having a little/ a few are positive:

1. A little sugar is added to sauces, isn't it?
2. They had bought a few handkerchiefs, hadn't they?
3. I have a few chocolates to share, haven't they?

7. Let uses "shall we"?

1. Let's go for a walk, shall we?

8. Simple request use "will you"? Urgent request use "won't you"?

1. Pass me the book, will you?
2. Get me a ticket, will you?
3. Send the e-mail, immediately, won't you?
4. Catch this quick, won't you?

9. Impatient remarks use "can't you"?

1. Keep quiet, can't you?
2. Listen to me, can't you?
3. Be attentive, can't you?

10. Statement using

each, every, someone, anyone, anybody, none, nobody – take a plural pronoun – 'they'

1. Everybody cheered, didn't they?
2. Nobody was injured, were they?
3. Someone can do it, can't they?

CONFUSABLES

EXERCISE WITH ANSWERS

1. We -----different types of -----phones in our shop. (cell/sell)
2. In Japan even -----stores are not -----for they float on boats.
(Stationary / stationery)
3. Our -----is a person of -----(principal / Principle)
4. Birla is -----and he can solve any -----problem. (industrious / industrial)
5. I don't know -----the -----will permit us to go out (weather/ whether)
6. Last -----he did not attend the school as he was -----(weak/week)
7. The -----referred the case to the mayor for -----(council/counsel)
8. The moisture is -----to the heavy -----(due/dew)
9. The doctor tried to get the patient's -----in (vain / vein)
10. He remained -----for -----a long time (quiet / quiet)
11. Though -----with wound, the bird tried to -----(sore/sour)
12. The -----ate the -----of the coconut. (colonel/kernel)
13. The protruding -----of the tree obstructed our -----(route/root)
14. I had no-----of mind until he gave me a -----of advice. (peace/piece)
15. He -----a book -----the window(through/threw)
16. As you -----, -----shall you reap (so/sow)
17. Cricket is a -----game in a -----country like India (popular / populous)
18. As your handwriting is -----your essay is not -----for full marks. (illegible/eligible)
19. My -----bungalow is situated in the middle of the -----garden.
(luxuriant / luxurious)
20. My boss is not -----even in -----matter. (official / officious)
21. Army -----never care for their -----safety. (personnel/personal)
22. -----approach is important for -----matters. (judicious/judicial)
23. -----instruction classes boost the -----of students. (morale/moral)
24. Most of the -----from Pakistan are considered illegal-----in India. (emigrants/immigrants)
25. my moral -----makes me be -----of right and wrong. (conscience/conscious)
26. The -----was standing beneath the -----tree (yew/ewe)
27. In the -----below, they -----foreign goods. (cell/sell)
28. The -----products were exhibited in the -----order. (cereal/serial)
29. The huge hike in bus -----is not -----(fair/fare)
30. As the child had -----sick, he began to -----(groan/grown)
31. I will tell you a -----about my dog's -----(tale/tail)
32. The wound on your -----will not -----easily. (heel/heal)
33. Like a -----the clouds covered the -----(vale/veil)
34. If we -----together, we will not fall a -----to temptations. (prey/pray)
35. Generally -----trees don't grow on the -----(beech / beach)

ANSWERS

- | | | |
|---------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. sell, cell | 2. stationery, stationary | 3. principal, principle |
|---------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|

- | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| 4. industrious, industrial | 5. whether, weather | 6. week, weak |
| 7. council, counsel | 8. due, dew | 9. vein, vain |
| 10. quiet, quite | 11. sore, soar | 12. colonel, kernel |
| 13. root, route | 14. peace, piece | 15. threw, through |
| 16. sow, so | 17. popular, populous | 18. illegible, eligible |
| 19. luxurious, luxuriant | 20. officious, official | 21. personnel, personal |
| 22. judicious, judicial | 23. moral, morale | 24. emigrants, immigrants |
| 25. conscience, conscious | 26. ewe, yew | 27. cell, sell |
| 28. cereal, serial | 29. fare, fair | 30. grown, groan |
| 31. tale, tail | 32. heel, heal | 33. veil, vale |
| 34. pray, prey | 35. beech, beach | |





**SHRI VIDHYABHARATHI MATRIC HR.SEC.SCHOOL
SAKKARAMPALAYAM , AGARAM (PO) ELACHIPALAYAM
TIRUCHENGODE(TK), NAMAKKAL (DT) PIN-637202**

Cell : 99655-31727, 94432-31727

XI ENGLISH

PART - IV LETTER WRITING

BOOK BACK

LETTER WRITING

1. Write a letter to the editor of a newspaper about the need to wear seat belts while driving

From

YYY

XXX,

12.2.2018

To

The Editor,

The Hindu,

Egmore,

Chennai-20

Respected Sir,

Subject: Need for wearing seat belts while driving

I would like to bring to your notice that wearing seat belts is very important. Taking a few moments to use a seat belt correctly or fit a child restraint could help save lives and reduce injuries in the event of a collision. If a person doesn't wear the seat belt he must pay a fine of Rs.2500/=. So we must wear seat belt while travelling. I hope you will publish this article in your paper and help the poor and needy.

Thank you,

Yours faithfully.

XXX

Address on the envelope

To

The Editor,

The Hindu,

Egmore,

Chennai-20

2. Write a letter to the commissioner of the corporation complaining about the sanitary conditions of the streets in your locality.

From

YYY

XXX,

12.2.2018

YYY.

To

The Commissioner,
Greater Chennai Corporation,
Gandhi Street,
Chennai-20

Respected Sir,

Subject: Poor sanitary conditions of our streets

I would like to draw your attention towards the bad and poor condition of cleanliness and drain system of our town. The streets are not swept regularly. The municipal cleaning people have disappeared since one month. Piles of garbage can be seen everywhere in our society. Bad smell is arising from these refuses which badly. This bad system is generating many fatal diseases. Some immediate steps must be take to stop this grim issue os that people can live comfortably. I am looking forward for your prompt action regarding this matter.

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully
XXX.

Address on the envelope:

To

The Commissioner,
Greater Chennai Corporation,
Gandhi Street,
Chennai-20

3. Write a letter to a sports company ordering sports items for the Physical Education Department of your school.

From

XXX,

YYY

15.4.2018

To

The Manager,
Sun Sports,
15, Pink Street,
Mumbai-20

Respected Sir,

Subject: Ordering Sports Goods

I am the sports secretary of our school. Sir we need few sports equipments to our Physical Education Department Education as we are practicing for the zonals. I would like to place an order for the following sports equipments.

Sports Item	Quantity
1. Cricket bat	15
2. 2. Cork ball	15
3. Cricket Kit	5

Please send the above by V,P.P.
Thanking you,

Yours faithfully,

XXX.

Address on the envelope:

The Manager,
Sun Sports,
15, Pink Street,
Mumbai-20

4. Write a letter to the Chief Reservation Supervisor of Railways requesting him to grant concession for your educational tour.

From

XXX,
YYY.

YYY

12.2.2018

To

The Chief Reservation Supervisor,
Central Railway Station,
Chennai-3

Respected Sir,

Subject: Requesting to grant concession

Our school has planned for an excursion to Kanyakumari an educational trip on 16th April 2018. I request you sir to kindly grant us concession for 300 students for our educational tour. I hope you will do the needful.

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully

XXX.

Address on the envelope:

To

The Chief Reservation Supervisor,
Central Railway Station,
Chennai-3

5. Write a letter to the curator of the museum seeking permission for a school visit.

From

XXX,
YYY.

YYY

12.2.2018

To

The Curator,
Government Museum,
Egmore,
Chennai-24

Respected Sir,

Subject: Permission to visit your museum

With due veneration, we the students of class XI would like to visit the museum. We have been longing to see this historical place. We have heard a lot about this museum. So kindly assign a date exclusively for our school children. We shall every remain grateful for this act of kindness. Thanking you,

Yours faithfully
XXX.

Address on the envelope:

To

The Curator,
Government Museum,
Egmore,
Chennai-24

Respond to the following advertisement considering yourself fulfilling the conditions specified. Write XXXX fro your name and YYYY for your address.

JOB APPLICATION LETTER

1.

Wanted

Wanted enterprising young men for the post of **Salesman** for our new branch, dealing with textiles. minimum qualification required: A degree from any one of the recognized universities with at least two years experience in the field. Apply with full resume.

M/s ABC Pvt. Ltd.

100, Car Street, Chennai - 600 007.

From

XXXX,

YYYY.

yyy,

20.12.2012.

To

M/s ABC Pvt. Ltd.

100, Car Street, Chennai - 600 007

Sir,

Sub : Application for the post of **Salesman** regarding.

Ref : Your advertisement in '**THE HINDU**' dated 17.12.2012.

With reference to your advertisement in 'THE HINDU' dated 17.12.2012, I wish to apply for the post of Salesman. I have herewith enclosed my bio-data for your perusal and favourable consideration. If I am appointed, I assure you Sir, that I will discharge my duties in an exemplary manner.

Thanking you,

Place : YYYY

Yours faithfully,

Date : 20.12.2012.

XXXX.

BIO – DATA

Name : XXXX

Father's Name : ABC

Postal Address : YYYY

Age / Date of Birth : 30-03-80 (32)

E-mail id : 1. xxx@yahoo.com
2. xxx@hotmail.com

Gender : Male.

Religion : Hindu.

Nationality : Indian.

Marital Status : Single.

Qualification :

S.No.	NAME OF THE DEGREE	NAME OF THE COLLEGE	NAME OF THE UNIVERSITY	PERSENTAGE OF MARKS	YEAR OF PASSING
1.	B.Com.,	TMG Arts College., Pollachi.	M.K.University., Madurai.	75 %	2001

Experience : 5 years in Madura Coats, Madurai

Languages known to speak : Tamil, English, Hindi

Languages known to write : Tamil, English, Hindi

Salary expected : 10,000.

Other Skills : DCA with Tally. Senior Grade in type writing and short hand.

DECLARATION

I hereby declare that all the above given details are true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Station : YYYY.

Date : 20.12.2012.

XXXX

Signature of the applicant

Address to the envelope:

Application for the post of salesman

To

M/s ABC Pvt. Ltd.
100, Car Street,
Chennai - 600 007.

stamp



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XI ENGLISH

PART-III PROVERB

PROVERBS

1.	A merry heart does good like medicine. மகிழ்ச்சியான மனம் மருந்தென நன்மை செய்யும்.
2.	A bad workman blames his tools ஆடத்தெரியாதவன் தெருக் கோணல் என்றானாம்.
3.	A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush. கிடைக்கப்போகும் பலாக்காயினும் கிடைத்த களாக்காய் மேல். (அ) அரசனை நம்பி புருஷனைக் கைவிடலாமா?
4.	A burnt child dreads fire. சூடு கண்ட பூனை அடுப்பண்டை போகாது.
5.	A clean hand wants no washing. கைப்புண்ணுக்குக் கண்ணாடி எதற்கு?
6.	A colt you break, but an old horse you never can. ஐந்தில் வளையாதது, ஐம்பதில் வளையுமா?
7.	A constant guest is never welcome. விருந்தும் மருந்தும் முன்று நாளைக்கு.
8.	A contented mind is a continual feast. போதும் என்ற மனமே பொன் செய்யும் மருந்து
9.	A crowd is not a company. குறிக்கோளற்ற கூட்டம் நல்ல துணை ஆகாது.
10.	A crying child will get milk. அழுகின்ற பிள்ளைதான் பால் குடிக்கும்.
11.	A drowning man will catch at a straw. மூழ்கும் மனிதன் சிறு துரும்பையும் பற்றிக் கொள்வான்.
12.	A friend in need is a friend indeed. ஆபத்துக்கு உதவுபவனே உண்மையான நண்பன்.
13.	A good beginning makes a good ending. நல்ல ஆரம்பமே நல்ல முடிவு.
14.	A good face needs no paint. அழகிய முகத்திற்கு அரிதாரம் தேவையில்லை.
15.	A guilty conscience needs no accuser. குற்றமுள்ள நெஞ்சு குறுகுறுக்கும்.

16.	A hasty man never wants woe. ஆத்திரக்காரனுக்குப் புத்தி மட்டு.
17.	A hog is an armour but still hog. உயர உயரப் பறந்தாலும் ஊர்க்குருவி பருந்து ஆகாது.
18.	A honey tongue and a heart of gall. நாக்கில் தேனும் நெஞ்சில் விஷமும் போல. (அ) படிப்பது இராமாயணம் இடிப்பது பெருமாள் கோயில்.
19.	A hungry man is an angry man. பசி வந்திடப் பத்தும் பறந்து போகும்.
20.	A journey of a thousand miles begins with a single step. எறும்பு ஊறக் கல்லும் தேயும்.
21.	A lamp at sight, a lion at chase. பார்த்தால் பூனை, பாய்ந்தால் புலி.
22.	A law maker should not be a law breaker. வேலியே பயிரை மேயலாமா?
23.	A lie has no legs. கதைக்குக் கால் கிடையாது.
24.	A little learning is a dangerous thing சிறிது கற்பது மிக ஆபத்தான செயல்.
25.	A little stream will drive a light mill. சிறு துரும்பும் பல் குத்த உதவும்.
26.	A low hedge is easily leaped over. ஏழை என்றால் மோழையும் பாயும்.
27.	A man in debt is caught in a net. கடன்பட்டார் நெஞ்சம் போல்.
28.	A man of courage never wants weapons. வல்லவனுக்குப் புல்லும் ஆயுதம்.
29.	A penny saved is a penny gained. சிறு துளிப் பெரு வெள்ளம்.
30.	A proverb is an ornament to language மொழிக்கு மெருகூட்டுவது பழமொழி.
31.	A rolling stone gathers no mass. பலமரம் கண்ட தச்சன், ஒரு மரமும் வெட்ட மாட்டான். (அல்லது) பல ஊர் சுற்றித் திரிபவன் ஒரு தொழிலும் கல்லான்.
32.	A single swallow can not make a summer. தனிக்குருவி கோடையைக் கொண்டு வராது.
33.	A smooth tongue and an evil heart. உதட்டில் உறவு உள்ளத்தில் பகை. உள் ஒன்று வைத்து புறமொன்று பேசாதே.

34.	A sound mind in a sound body. உடல் வலுவற்றால்தான் உள்ளம் வலுவறும்.
35.	A stitch in time saves time. வெள்ளம் வருமுன்னே அணை போட வேண்டும். (அ) வருமுன் காத்தல் நன்று. (அ) பருவத்தே பயிர் செய். (அ) காலம் பொன் போன்றது.
36.	A teacher is better than two books. எத்தனை புத்தகங்களானாலும் ஒரு ஆசிரியருக்கு இணையாகுமா?
37.	A thing of beauty is Joy for ever. அழகான பொருள் என்றென்றும் மகிழ்ச்சிக்கு வித்தாகும்.
38.	A wild goose never lay a tame egg. புலிக்குப் பிறந்தது பூனையாகுமா?
39.	A wise traveler never despises his own country. தாய்நாட்டை ஒரு அறிவுள்ள பயணி என்றும் வெறுப்பதில்லை?
40.	A work ill done must be twice done. ஒரு வேலைக்கு இரு வேலை.
41.	A young calf knows not fear. இளங்கன்று பயம் அறியாது.
42.	Actions speak louder than words. சொல்லைவிட செயலே மேல்.
43.	Adding fuel to the fire. எரிகிற தீயில் எண்ணெய் வார்ப்பது போல்.
44.	After a dinner sit a while. உண்ட மயக்கம் தொண்டருக்கும் உண்டு.
45.	After a storm comes a calm. புயலுக்குப் பின்னே அமைதி
46.	After death, the doctor. கண்கெட்டபின் சூரிய நமஸ்காரம்
47.	All are not saints that go to church. வெளுத்தது எல்லாம் பால் ஆகுமா? (அ) தாடி வைத்தவனெல்லாம் தத்துவ ஞானி அல்ல.
48.	All covet all loss. பேராசை பேரிழப்பு.
49.	All happiness is in the mind. மகிழ்ச்சிக்கு மனதே காரணம்.
50.	All is well that ends well. முடிவு நலமானால் முழுவதும் நலமே.
51.	All roads lead to Rome. ஒன்றுக்குப் பல வழிகள்.
52.	All that glitters is not gold. மின்னுவதெல்லாம் பொன்னல்ல.

53.	All things come to those who wait. பொறுத்தார் பூமி ஆள்வார்.
54.	All work and no play makes jack a dull boy. ஓயா வேலை தீராச் சோர்வு (அ) விளையாட்டில்லாத வேலை ஒருவனைச் சோம்பேறியாக்கும்.
55.	An apple a day keeps the doctor away. தினம் ஒரு ஆப்பிள் மருத்துவரை அதிகத் தூரமாக்கும்.
56.	An artist lives everywhere. கற்றோருக்குச் சென்ற இடமெல்லாம் சிறப்பு.
57.	An early bird catches the worms. பந்திக்கு முந்திக் கொள். படைக்குப் பிந்திக்கொள்.
58.	An idle brain is the devil's workshop. சோம்பேறியின் முளை, சாத்தானின் தொழிற்சாலை
59.	Art is long and life is short. கல்வி கரையில; கற்பவர் நாள் சில. (அ) வாழ்வோ சிறிது ; வளர்கலையோ பெரிது.
60.	As angry as a wasp. குளவிக் கூண்டைக் கலைத்தாற் போல்.
61.	As clear as crystal உள்ளங்கை நெல்லிக்கனிப்போல
62.	As is the father, so is the son. அப்பனைப்போல் பிள்ளை / தாயைப் போல் பிள்ளை
63.	As is the king, so are his subjects. மன்னன் எவ்வழியோ மக்கள் அவ்வழி.
64.	As rare a hen's teeth. குதிரைக்குக் கொம்பு முளைத்தாற்போல (அ) அத்தி பூத்தாற் போல
65.	As you sow, so you reap தினை விதைத்தவன் தினை அறுப்பான், வினை விதைத்தவன் வினை அறுப்பான்
66.	Ask and it shall be given.to you. தட்டுங்கள் திறக்கப்படும். கேளுங்கள் கொடுக்கப்படும்.
67.	Bad money drives out good. தீய பணம் நல்ல தன்மைகளை விரட்டும்.
68.	Bad words find bad acceptance. சொல் இழுக்குப்பட்டால் துன்புறுவர்.
69.	Bare words buy no barley. ஏட்டுச் சுரைக்காய் கறிக்கு உதவுமா? (அ) வெறுங்கை முழம் போடுமா?
70.	Barking dogs seldom bite. குரைக்கும் நாய் கடிக்காது.
71.	Be just before you are generous. ஆற்றில் போட்டாலும் அளந்து போடு.

72.	Bend the twig, Bend the tree. ஐந்தில் வளையாதது, ஐம்பதில் வளையுமா?
73.	Better bend the neck than bruise the forehead. தாழ்ந்து நின்றால் வாழ்ந்து நிற்பாய்.
74.	Birds of the same feather flock together. இனம் இனத்தோடுச் சேரும்.
75.	Blessed are the meek ; for they shall inherit the earth. பொறுத்தவர் பூமி ஆள்வார்.
76.	Blood is thicker than water. தான் ஆடாவிட்டாலும் தன் தசை ஆடும்.
77.	Blue are the hills that are far away. இக்கரைக்கு அக்கரை பச்சை. (அல்லது) தூரத்துப்பச்சை கண்ணுக்குக் குளுமை.
78.	Both the crocodile and the wicked will not leave what they got. முதலையும் மூர்க்கனும் கொண்டது விடா.
79.	Brevity is the soul of wit சுருங்கச் சொல்லி விளங்கவை
80.	By hard work Japan has become number one in industry கடின உழைப்பின் மூலம் தொழில் துறையில் முன்னேறி ஜப்பான் முதல் நாடாக விளங்குகிறது.
81.	Calm before storm. புயலுக்கு முன்னே அமைதி.
82.	Can the leopard change its spots. பாம்புக்குப் பால் வார்த்தாலும் நஞ்சைக் கக்கும் குணம் போகுமா?
83.	Cast not your pearls before swine. பன்றிகளின் முன்னால் முத்துகளைப் போடாதீர்கள்.
84.	Casting no pearls before swine. கழுதை அறியுமோ கற்பூர வாசனை
85.	Charity begins at home. தனக்குப் போகத்தான் தானமும தர்மமும்.
86.	Christmas comes but once a year. அமாவாசைச் சோறு என்றைக்கும் அகப்படுமா?
87.	Cleanliness is next to godliness. சுத்தம் சுகம் தரும்.
88.	Coming events cast their shadow. யானை வரும் பின்னே, மணி ஓசை வரும் முன்னே.
89.	Constant dripping wears away the stone. எறும்பு ஊறக் கல்லும் தேயும்.
90.	Covet all, lose all. பேராசை பெருநஷ்டம்

91.	Cowards die many times before their death. வீரனுக்கு ஒரு நாள் சாவு.
92.	Custom infancy becomes nature in oldage. / What is learned in the cradle is carried to the grave. தொட்டில் பழக்கம் சுடுகாடு மட்டும். / ஐந்தில் வளையாதது ஐம்பதில் வளையுமா?
93.	Cut your coat according to the cloth. வரவுக்குத் தகுந்த செலவு செய்.
94.	Dance in a room first and then on a stage. அறையில் ஆடி அம்பலத்தில் ஆடு.
95.	Death keeps no calendar ஆறிலும் சாவு நூறிலும் சாவு
96.	Debt is the worst poverty. ஏழ்மை கடலினும் மேன்மை.
97.	Delay is dangerous. காலதாமதம் ஆபத்தானது.
98.	Delay of justice is injustice. தாமதிக்கப்பட்ட நீதி அநீதி.
99.	Diamond cuts diamond முள்ளை முள்ளால் எடு.
100.	Difficulties give way to diligence. கரைப்பார் கரைத்தால் கல்லும் கரையும்.
101.	Diligence is the mother of good luck. முயற்சி திருவினையாக்கும்.
102.	Distance lends enchantment to the view. இக்கரைக்கு அக்கரை பச்சை.
103.	Do in Rome as Romans do. ஊரோடு ஒத்து வாழ்.
104.	Do not add fuel to the flame. எரிகிற நெருப்பில் எண்ணெய் ஊற்றாதே.
105.	Do not look a gift horse in the mouth. (or) Don't spura free horse. தானம் கொடுத்த மாட்டைப் பல்லைப் பிடித்துப் பார்க்காதே.
106.	Don't beat about the bush. சுற்றி வளைத்துப் பேச வேண்டாம்.
107.	Don't cast pearls before swine. கழுதைக்குத் தெரியுமா கற்பூர வாசனை.
108.	Don't count your chickens before they hatch. பிள்ளை பெறும் முன் பெயரிடாதே.
109.	Don't cry over spilt milk. இழந்ததை எண்ணி வருந்தாதே.

110.	Don't have too many irons in the fire. ஒரே சமயத்தில் பல வேலைகளில் ஈடுபடாதே.
111.	Don't rob peter and pay paul. கடைத்தேங்காயை எடுத்து வழிப்பிள்ளையாருக்கு உடைக்காதே.
112.	Drawn wells are seldom dry. இறைக்கிற கிணறு சுரக்கும்.
113.	Eagles don't catch flies. புலி பசித்தாலும், புல்லைத் தின்னாது.
114.	Early ripe, early rotten. பிஞ்சில் பழுத்தால் வெம்பிப்போகும்.
115.	East or west home is best. எலி வளையானாலும் தனி வளை வேண்டும்.
116.	Eat to live. Don't live to eat. வாழ்வதற்காக உண், உண்பதற்காக வாழாதே.
117.	Education should develop and promote good values. கல்வி நன்னெறிகளை உருவாக்கி வளர்க்க வேண்டும்.
118.	Empty vessels make much noise. அரைகுடம் தரும்படி. (அ) குறைகுடம் கூத்தாடும்.
119.	Enough is as good as feast. போதுமென்ற மனமே பொன் செய்யும் மருந்து.
120.	Even a demon will pity a woman. பெண் என்றால் பேயும் இரங்கும்.
121.	Every ass loves his bray. காக்கைக்கும் தன் குஞ்சு பொன்குஞ்சு.
122.	Every bird must hatch its own eggs. அழுதாலும் பிள்ளை அவள்தானே பெற வேண்டும்.
123.	Every cock will crow upon his own dunghill. தன் ஊரில் ஆனை. அயலூரில் பூனை.
124.	Every dog has its day. (or) Everyman hath hit hood. யானைக்கொரு காலம் வந்தால் பூனைக்கு ஒரு காலம் வரும்.
125.	Every Jack has his Jill. இராமனுக்கு ஏற்ற சீதை.
126.	Every poor man is counted a fool. ஏழைச் சொல் அம்பலமேறாது.
127.	Every tide has its ebb. ஏற்றம் இருந்தால் இறக்கமும் இருக்கும் (அ) உயர்ச்சி இருந்தால் தாழ்ச்சியும் உண்டு (அ) சாண் ஏறினால் முழம் சறுக்கும்.
128.	Evil begetith evil. கெடுவான் கேடு நினைப்பான்.

129.	Example is better than precept. எடுத்துக்காட்டு அறிவுரையை விட மேலானது.
130.	Experience is the best teacher. அனுபவமே சிறந்த ஆசான்.
131.	Experience is the mother of wisdom. அனுபவமே அறிவின் சிறந்த பிறப்பிடம்.
132.	Face is the index of the mind. அகத்தின் அழகு முகத்தில் தெரியும்.
133.	Failure teaches success. (or) Failures are the pillars of success. தோல்வியே வெற்றிக்கு அடிப்படை.
134.	Fair words butter no parsnips. சர்க்கரை என்று சொன்னால் தித்திக்குமா? (அ) ஏட்டுச் சரைக்காய் கறிக்கு உதவாது.
135.	Familiarity breeds contempt. பழகப் பழகப் பாலும் புளிக்கும்
136.	Faults are thick when love is thin. அன்பு சிறுத்தால் பகை பெரிதாகும். (அ) வேண்டாத பொண்டாட்டி கைப்பட்டால் குற்றம், கால் பட்டால் குற்றம்.
137.	Fear the Greeks bearing gift. பரிசுகளுடன் பணிந்து வரும் எதிரியை எளிதில் நம்பாதே.
138.	First come first served. பந்திக்கு முந்து ; படைக்குப் பிந்து.
139.	First deserve, then desire. முடவன் கொம்புத் தேனுக்கு ஆசைப்படலாமா?
140.	Fish and guest stink in three days. விருந்தும் மருந்தும் மூன்று நாளைக்கு.
141.	Forest calls one and the house wants him go. காடு "வாவா" என்கிறது, வீடு "போ, போ" என்கிறது.
142.	Forgive and forget. மன்னிப்போம். மறப்போம்.
143.	Fortune accompanies industry. இருந்த கால் சீதேவி. நடந்த கால் முதேவி.
144.	Fortune favours the brave. அதிர்ஷ்டம் உழைப்பாளிக்குக் கை கொடுக்கும்.
145.	Fortune knocks everyman's gate atleast once. அதிர்ஷ்டம் ஒவ்வொருவர் வீட்டுக் கதவையும் ஒருமுறையாவது தட்டும்.
146.	Fortune smiles not always. அதிர்ஷ்டம் கதவை ஒரு முறைதான் தட்டும்.

147.	Genius is ten percent inspiration and ninety percent perspiration. புத்திசாலித்தனம் என்பது 90% உழைத்து வருவது 10 % தானாக வருவது.
148.	Glass articles inside ; Handle the Parcel carefully கண்ணாடிப் பொருட்கள் உள்ளே உள்ளன. கவனமாகக் கையாளவும்.
149.	God is love. அன்பே கடவுள்.
150.	Good Homer sometimes nods. ஆனைக்கும் அடிசறுக்கும்
151.	Good wine needs no bush. பூக்கடைக்கு விளம்பரம் வேண்டுமா?
152.	Grasp all, lose all. பேராசை பெரு நஷ்டம்
153.	Great minds think alike. பேரறிஞர்கள் ஒரே மாதிரியாகச் சிந்திப்பர்.
154.	Green are the hills that are far away. இக்கரைக்கு அக்கரை பச்சை.
155.	Habits die hard. ஐனம் புத்தியைச் செருப்பால் அடித்தாலும் போகாது. (அ) தொட்டில் பழக்கம் சுடுகாடு மட்டும்.
156.	Hanging and Waving go by destiny. தாரமும் குருவும் தலைவிதிப்படியே.
157.	Haste makes waste. (or) Hurried is buried. பதறாத காரியம் சிதறாது. (அ) பதறிய காரியம் சிதறும்.
158.	Hasty climbers have sudden falls அவசரத்தில் ஏறுபவர்கள் திடீரென வீழ்வர். (அ) விரைவில் உயர்ந்தோர் விரைவில் தாழ்வர்.
159.	He is making ropes of sand. மணலைக் கயிறாகத் திரித்தாற்போல.
160.	He swells not in prosperity and shrinks not in adversity. பங்குனி என்றும் பருக்கிறதும்லை சித்திரை என்றும் சிறுக்கிறதும்லை.
161.	He that travels far knows much. அதிக தூரப்பயணி அதிகம் அறிவான்.
162.	Health is wealth. நோயற்ற வாழ்வே குறைவற்ற செல்வம்.
163.	Hear much speak little. அதிகமாகக் கேள் குறைவாகப் பேசு.
164.	Hitch your wagon to a star. உள்ளுவதெல்லாம் உயர்வுள்ளல்
165.	Homer too nods / Even Homer sometimes nods. ஆனைக்கும் அடி சறுக்கும்.

166.	Honesty is the best policy. நேர்மையே உயரிய கொள்கை.
167.	Hope for the best and prepare for the worst. நற்பலனை எதிர்பார் எப்பலனையும் எதிர்கொள்.
168.	Humility is the best virtue. அடக்கமுடைமை ஒரு சிறந்த பண்பாகும்.
169.	Idleness is the industry of the devil. சோம்பேறித்தனம் பிசாசின் பட்டறையாகும்.
170.	Idleness is the root of all evils. சோம்பலே எல்லாத் துன்பத்திற்கும் மூல காரணம்.
171.	If a crab gets fat it will not stay in the hole. நண்டு கொழுத்தால் வளையில் தங்காது.
172.	If there is revolt justice will be born. கலகம் பிறந்தால் நியாயம் பிறக்கும்.
173.	Ill gotten, ill spent. தவறான வழியில் ஈட்டிய பொருள், தவறான வழியிலேயே செலவாகும்.
174.	It is better to travel hopefully than to arrive. சேர்வதை விட செல்வதே மேல்.
175.	It is no use crying over spilt milk. கொட்டிய பாலை நினைத்துக் குமுறி அழாதே.
176.	It takes two to make a quarrel. இரு கை தட்டினால் தான் ஓசை வரும்.
177.	Jack of all trades but master of none. பலதொழில் கற்றவன் ஒரு தொழிலும் செய்யான். (அல்லது) பலமரம் கண்ட தச்சன் ஒருமரமும் வெட்டான்.
178.	Keep off the grass புல்லின் மேல் நடக்காதே.
179.	Kindness cannot be bought. அன்பை விலைக்கு வாங்க முடியாது.
180.	Knock and it shall be open. தட்டுங்கள் திறக்கப்படும்.
181.	Knowledge is power. அறிவே சிறந்த ஆற்றல்.
182.	Lamb at home and a lion at chase. பார்த்தால் பூனை பாய்ந்தால் புலி
183.	Less luggage more comfort. குறைந்த சுமை நிறைந்த வசதி.
184.	Let by gones, be by gones, take care in future. நடந்தது நடந்ததாக இருக்கட்டும் ; இனி நடப்பதில் கவனமாக இரு.

185.	Let every man praise the bridge he goes over. உப்பிட்ட வரை உள்ளளவும் நினை.
186.	Like a goose berry in the palm. உள்ளங்கையில் நெல்லிக்கனிபோல்.
187.	Like father, like son. (or) As is the father, so is the child. தாயைப்போல் பிள்ளை, நூலைப்போல் சேலை. (அ) தந்தையைப் போல் தனயன் இருப்பான்.
188.	Like Priest, Like people.(or) As is the king, so are the subjects. அரசன் எவ்வழி குடிமகன் அவ்வழி.
189.	Like the cotton and fire. பஞ்சும் நெருப்பும் போல்.
190.	Little brooks make great rivers. நாலாறு சேர்ந்தால் பாலாறாகும். (அ) சிறுதுளி பெருவெள்ளம்.
191.	Little knowledge is a dangerous thing. அரைகுறை அறிவு ஆபத்தானது.
192.	Little strokes fell great oaks. அடிமேல் அடி அடித்தால் அம்மியும் நகரும்.
193.	Live and Let live. வாழ ; வாழ விடு.
194.	Look before you leap. ஆழம் தெரியாமல் காலை விடாதே
195.	Love is blind காதலுக்குக் கண்ணில்லை
196.	Love thy neighbour. உன்னுடைய அயலானையும் நேசி.
197.	Make hay while the sun shines. (or) Strike the rod while it is hot. காற்றுள்ள போதே தூற்றிக்கொள்.
198.	Make the best of a bad job. எரிகிற வீட்டில் பிடுங்கின மட்டும் லாபம். (அ) செய்வன திருந்த செய்.
199.	Man cannot live by bread alone. உணவே வாழ்க்கை அன்று.
200.	Man proposes, God disposes. நாம் ஒன்று நினைக்க, தெய்வம் ஒன்று நினைக்கும்.
201.	Man without money is a bow without an arrow. பணமில்லாதவன் நடைப்பிணம்.
202.	Many a slip between the cup and the lip. கைக்கு எட்டியது வாய்க்கு எட்டவில்லை.
203.	Many drops make a shower. (or) Many a drop maketh a ocean. (or) Little dropeth of water maketh a mighty ocean. பலதுளி பெருவெள்ளம்

204.	Marriages are made in Heaven. திருமணங்கள் சொர்க்கத்தில் நிச்சயிக்கப்படுகின்றன.
205.	Measure things even before you throw them in the river. ஆற்றில் போட்டாலும் அளந்து போடு.
206.	Measure thrice before you cut once. சிந்தித்துச் செயலாற்று.
207.	Might is right. வலியவன் சொல்லே மந்திரம். (அல்லது) வல்லான் வகுத்ததே சட்டம்.
208.	Misfortunes never come single. பட்ட காலிலே படும். கெட்ட குடியே கெடும்.
209.	Money makes many things. பணம் பாதாளம் வரை பாயும். (அ) பணம் பத்தும் செய்யும்
210.	Money makes the mare go. பணம் என்றால் பிணமும் வாயைத் திறக்கும்.
211.	Mother, Father, Preceptor and God. மாதா, பிதா குரு, தெய்வம்
212.	Necessity has no law. ஆபத்திற்குப் பாவம் இல்லை.
213.	Necessity is the mother of invention. தேவையே புதிய கண்டுபிடிப்புகளுக்குக் காரணமாகும்.
214.	Never cast a clout till may be out. கரையை அடையும் முன் துடுப்பை எறியலாமா?
215.	Never look at a gift horse in the mouth. தானம் கொடுத்த மாட்டைப் பல்லைப் பிடித்துப் பார்க்காதே.
216.	Never too old to learn. கற்பதற்கு வயது வரம்பில்லை
217.	New brooms sweep well. பணிக்குப் புதியவன் சிறக்கச் செய்வான்.
218.	Nip the brier in the bud. முள்ளை முளையிலேயே கிள்ளி எறி.
219.	No man can serve two masters. ஆற்றிலே ஒரு கால் சேற்றிலே ஒரு கால்.
220.	No pains no gains. உழைப்பின்றி ஊதியமில்லை. (அல்லது) உழைப்பின் வாரா உறுதியுமுளவோ?
221.	No rains, no gains. மாரியின்றிக் காரியமில்லை.
222.	No smoke without fire. நெருப்பு இல்லாமல் புகையாது.

223.	Nothing can bring you peace but yourself. உனக்கு நீயே தான் அமைதி தேடிக்கொள்ள வேண்டும்.
224.	Nothing ventured, nothing gained. முயற்சி திருவினையாக்கும்.
225.	Old habits die hard. (or) Habits die hard. ஜென்மத்தில் பிறந்தது செருப்பால் அடித்தாலும் போகாது. தொட்டில் பழக்கம் சுடுகாடு மட்டும்.
226.	Old is gold. பழையது விலை மதிப்புள்ளது.
227.	Once bitten, twice shy. (or) A burnt child dreads the fire. குடுபட்ட பூனை அடுப்பண்டை சேராது.
228.	Once prices go up they never come down. ஒரு முறை விலைவாசி ஏறினால் இறங்காது.
229.	One doth the act, another hath the blow. பாவம் ஒரு பக்கம், பழி ஒரு பக்கம்
230.	One flower makes no garland. தனிமரம் தோப்பு ஆகாது
231.	One lie leads to many ஒரு பொய் பல பொய்களை உருவாக்கும்.
232.	One stone will be enough to drive thousand crows. ஆயிரம் காக்கைக்கு ஒரு கல்.
233.	Opportunity seldom knocks twice. வாய்ப்பு என்பது இரண்டாவது முறை வருவதில்லை.
234.	Pen is mightier than sword. வாளினும் எழுதுகோல் வலிமையுடையது.
235.	Penny wise and pound foolish. கடுகு போன இடம் ஆராய்வர். பூசணிக்காய் போன இடம் தெரியாது.
236.	Perseverance Prevails (kills the game). முயற்சி திருவினையாக்கும்.
237.	Plain speaking is always unpleasant. உண்மையைப் பேசினால் கசக்கும்.
238.	Poison is there at the base of the tongue and nectar at the end. அடிநாக்கிலே நஞ்சும், நுனி நாக்கிலே அமிர்தமும்
239.	Poor man's words have little weight ஏழைச் சொல் அம்பலம் ஏறாது.
240.	Practice makes perfect. (or) Practice makes a man perfect. சித்திரமும் கைப்பழக்கம். (அ) பயிற்சிதான் ஒரு மனிதனை முழு மனிதனாக்கும்.
241.	Prevention is better than cure. வருமுன் காப்பதே சிறந்தது / வெள்ளம் வருமுன் அணைபோடு.

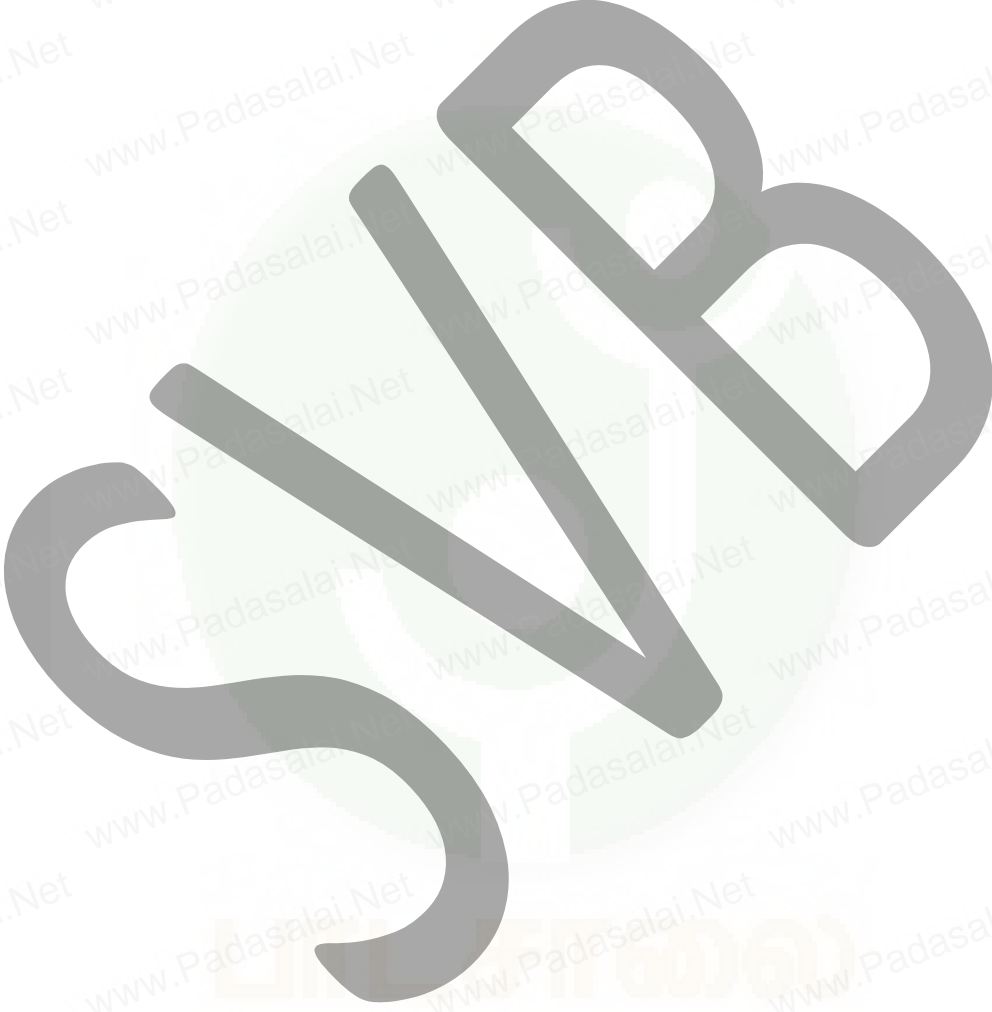
242.	Pride goes before a fall. ஆணவத்தால் அழியாதே. (அல்லது) அழிவுக்கு முன்னானது அகந்தை.
243.	Quick believers need broad shoulder. உடனே எதையும் நம்புவோர் மோசம் போவர்.
244.	Revenge is a kind of wild justice. பழிவாங்குதல் என்பது நீதியின் கொடுமையான வகை.
245.	Sadness and gladness succeed each other. துயரமும் மகிழ்ச்சியும் மாறி மாறி வரும்.
246.	Saying is one thing and doing is another. சொல்வது ஒன்று செய்வது ஒன்று.
247.	Self - help is the best help. தன் கையே தனக்கு உதவி
248.	Set a beggar on horseback, and he'll ride to the Devil. அற்பனுக்கு வாழ்வு வந்தால் அர்த்த ராத்திரியில் குடை பிடிப்பான்.
249.	Set a thief to catch a thief. முள்ளை முள்ளால் எடு.
250.	Silence gives consent. மௌனம் சம்மதம்.
251.	Slow and steady wins the race பொறுத்தார் பூமி ஆள்வார். (அ) பொறுமையும் உறுதியும் போட்டியில் வெற்றியைத் தரும். (அ) நிதானம் பிரதானம்.
252.	Something is better than nothing. மனம் போல வாழ்வு.
253.	Soon ripe, soon rotton. பிஞ்சிலே பழுத்தவன் சீக்கிரம் அழுகிப்போவான்,
254.	Spare the rod and spoil the child. அடியாத மாடு பணியாது. (அ) அடி உதவுவது போல் அண்ணன் தம்பி உதவ மாட்டார்கள்.
255.	Still water run deep. அமைதியாக ஓடும் நீர் ஆழமாக இருக்கும்.
256.	Stolen fruit is sweetest. திருடிய கனி தித்திக்கும்.
257.	Strict punctuality is the cheapest virtue. காலந்தவறாமையே சிறந்த நெறி !
258.	Strike the iron while it is hot. காற்றுள்ள போதே தூற்றிக்கொள். (அ) பருவத்தே பயிர்செய்.
259.	Take the time by the fore look வாய்ப்பை நழுவ விடாதே.
260.	Television is one of the modern wonders of electronics. மின்னணுவியல் விந்தைகளுள் புதுமையான ஒன்றாகத் தொலைக்காட்சிக் கருவி திகழ்கிறது.

261.	The beard does not make a philosopher. தாடி வைத்தவன் எல்லாம் தத்துவ ஞானி அல்ல.
262.	The blind cannot lead the blind. குருடனுக்குக் குருடன் வழிகாட்ட முடியுமா?
263.	The child is the father of the man. விளையும் பயிர் முளையிலே தெரியும்.
264.	The face is the index of the mind. அகத்தின் அழகு முகத்தில் தெரியும்.
265.	The unreachable grapes are sour. எட்டாத பழம் புளிக்கும்.
266.	The hand that rocks the cradle rules the world. தொட்டிலை ஆட்டும் கை தொல்லுலகை ஆளும் கை.
267.	The kick of the don hurts not the colt கோழி மிதித்துத் குஞ்சு முடமாகுமா?
268.	The law - maker should not be a law breaker. வேலியே பயிரை மேயலாமா? (அ) சட்டம் இயற்றுவோர் சட்டத்தை மீறக்கூடாது.
269.	The mills of God grind slow but sure. அரசன் அன்றே கொல்வான். தெய்வம் நின்று கொல்லும்.
270.	The noisy floor catcheth no birds. துள்ளுகிற மாடு பொதி சுமக்காது.
271.	The old fox is caught at last. பலநாள் திருடன் ஒரு நாள் அகப்படுவான்.
272.	The pen is mightier than the sword. பேனா முனை கத்தி முனையை விட கூர்மையானது. (அ) வாளினும் வலியது எழுதுகோல்.
273.	The pot called the kettle black. ஈயத்தைப் பார்த்து இளித்ததாம் பித்தளை.
274.	The proof of the pudding is in the eating. உணவின் தரம் அதைச் சுவைப்பதினால் நிரூபிக்கப்படுகிறது.
275.	The wife is the key to the house. மனைவி சொல்லே மந்திரம்.
276.	There is many a slip between a cup and a lip. கைக்கு எட்டியது வாய்க்கு எட்டாதது போல
277.	There is no smoke without fire. நெருப்பில்லாமல் புகையாது.
278.	There is no substitute for hard work. கடின உழைப்பிற்கு ஈடுயிணையில்லை.
279.	Think every body alike. தன்னைப்போல் பிறரை நினை.

280.	Think first and fight afterwards. எண்ணித் துணிக கருமம்.
281.	This is the boy who got the first prize. இந்தப் பையன் தான் முதல்பரிசு பெற்றவன்
282.	Time and tide waits for no man. (or) Time and tide waits for none. ஐயர் வரும் வரை அமாவாசைக் காத்திருக்காது. (அ) காலமும் கடலையும் காத்திருக்காது (அ) காலமும் ஓதமும் யாருக்கும் காத்திராது.
283.	Time once lost can never be regained. (or) Time once lost, is lost for ever இழந்த காலத்தை என்றும் பெறவியலாது. (அ) கடந்த காலம் என்றும் மீளாது.
284.	Tit for tat. பழிக்குப் பழி.
285.	To carry coals to New castle. கொல்லன் பட்டறையில் ஊசி விற்கலாமா?
286.	To err is human, to forgive is divine. தவறு செய்வது மனித இயல்பு. மன்னிப்பது இறைவனின் பண்பு.
287.	To milk a cow one should act according to its way ஆடிக்கறக்கிற மாட்டை ஆடிக்கறக்கணும், பாடிக் கறக்கிற மாட்டைப் பாடிக் கறக்கணும்.
288.	To pay Peter to pay Paul. பிள்ளையார் கோயிலை இடித்துப் பெருமாள் கோயில் கட்டுகிறதா? (அ) கடைத்தேங்காயை எடுத்து வழிப் பிள்ளையாருக்கு உடைக்கலாமா?
289.	To the bad people world appears bad. காமாலை கண்டவனுக்குக் கண்டதெல்லாம் மஞ்சள். (அ) கெட்டவர்களுக்கு உலகம் கெட்டதாகவே தெரியும்.
290.	To the good people world appears good. நல்லவர்க்கு உலகம் நல்லதாகவே தெரியும்.
291.	To throw pearls before swine. கழுதைக்குத் தெரியுமா கற்பூர வாசனை?
292.	Today never comes tomorrow. கடந்து போனது திரும்ப வராது.
293.	Today's students are tomorrow's citizens. இன்றைய மாணவர்கள் நாளை குடிமகன்கள்.
294.	Tomorrow comes never. கடந்த காலம் கரணம் போட்டாலும் வராது?
295.	Too many cooks spoil the broth. பலமரம் கண்ட தச்சன் ஒருமரமும் வெட்டான். (அ) பல பேர் சமைத்தால் சாப்பிட முடியாது.
296.	Too much of anything is good for nothing அளவுக்கு மிஞ்சினால் அமுதமும் நஞ்சு.
297.	Travel broadens the mind. பயணங்கள் மனதை விசாலமாக்கும். (அல்லது) பார் சுற்றல் பரந்த அறிவுக்கு வழி.
298.	Truth alone triumphs. வாய்மையே வெல்லும்.

299.	Union is strength. ஒற்றுமையே சிறந்த வலிமை.
300.	United we stand divided we fall. ஒன்றுபட்டால் உண்டு வாழ்வு.
301.	Virtue Joins man to God. நற்பண்பு மனிதனைக் கடவுளுடன் இணைக்கிறது.
302.	Walls have ears. பக்கம் பார்த்துப் பேசு. (அ) சுவருக்கும் காது உண்டு.
303.	Wasted time never returns. கடந்து போன காலம் மீண்டும் வராது
304.	Wealth is best known by want. நிழலின் அருமை வெயிலில் தெரியும்.
305.	Weight and measure take away strike ஆற்றில் போட்டாலும் அளந்து போடு.
306.	Well begun is half done. நன்றாய்த் தொடங்கும் செயலே நற்செயல்.
307.	What everybody says must be true. பலர் சொன்னால் பொய்யும் உண்மையாகும்.
308.	What is bred in the bone will come out in the flesh. ஜென்மப் புத்தி செருப்பால் அடித்தாலும் போகுமா?
309.	When poverty comes in at the door love flies out of the window. இல்லாணை இல்லாளும் வேண்டாள்.
310.	When the wine is in, the will is out. மது உள்ளே சென்றால் அறிவு வெளியேறிவிடும்.
311.	Whenever you write on subjects, you need to have a clear idea on it. நீ ஒரு பொருளைப்பற்றி எழுதும் பொழுதெல்லாம் உனக்கு அந்தப் பொருளைப் பற்றிய தெளிவான கருத்து வேண்டும்.
312.	Where there is a will there is way. மனமிருந்தால் மார்க்கம் உண்டு.
313.	While in Rome, be a Roman ஊருடன் ஒத்து வாழ். (அ) உலகத்தோடு ஒட்ட ஒழுகு.
314.	Work is worship. செய்யும் தொழிலே தெய்வம்.
315.	Work while you work, play while you play. கருமமே கண்ணாயிரு. (அ) காலமறிந்து காரியமாற்று (அ) வேலை செய்யும்போது வேலை செய் விளையாடும்போது விளையாடு.
316.	You can not eat your cake and have it too. கூழுக்கும் ஆசை மீசைக்கும் ஆசை.

317.	You reap what you sow. வினை விதைத்தவன் வினை அறுப்பான்.
318.	You will never have a friend if you must have one without fault. குற்றம் பார்க்கின் சுற்றம் இல்லை.
319.	Your life is in your hand. உன் வாழ்க்கை உன் கையில்.
320.	Youth and age will never agree. இளமையும் வயோதிகமும் என்றும் ஒத்துப்போவதில்லை.





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XI- ENGLISH

PART - IV

WRITE CONVERSATIONS ON THE FOLLOWING SITUATIONS.

BOOK BACK

1. Between two friends about uses and abuses of mobile phone
2. Between two friends about planting trees
3. Between two friends about the importance of reading newspapers
4. Between two friends about the uses of the internet
5. Between a father and a son on choice of a career
6. Between you and a bookseller on buying books
7. Between two friends on the benefits of early rising
8. Between two friends on an exciting cricket match
9. Between two friends on the importance of punctuality
10. Between two friends on a picnic they enjoyed recently

BOOK BACK

Mani : His Sonu, Let's have ,some coffee.

Sonu : Ok ya. When you called me over phone to come here, I was a little bit worried about the place.

Mani : Why?

Sonu : Look at the surrounding buildings. Some factories are near by and they emit smoke.

Mani : That's true, But how is that related to our drinking coffee here?

Sonu : See, if the place is not clean/ hygienic, that will pose a threat to our body and also our environment.

Mani : Now coffee has come, Have it.

Sonu : Wail, I'll have my own coffee mug.

Mani : What? Do you carry it everywhere?

Sonu : Yest, Don't we carry mobile phones, water bottle, like that I carry my coffee mug sothat I avoid using plastic cups. Because they don't dispose them properly.

Mani : What about paper cups?

Sonu : They are also wax coated. So to save us and our earth be clean and keep our environmentclean

Mani : Good suggestion, I'll follow youradvice. Bye.

Sonu : Bye

Task : It's your Turn

1. Between two friends about uses and abuses of mobile phone.

Ravi : Hello Shyam! How are you?

Shyam : I'm fine and what about you?

Ravi : I'm fine too, It is a long time since we met

Shyam : But I spoke to you last night over the phone

Ravi : Yes, cellphone has become a part and parcel of our life

Shyam : Yes, We cannot do without it for a single day.

Ravi : It has made our life easy and comfortable.

Shyam : It has made our global communication dynamic and faster.

Ravi : Yes, But it is very dangerous also

Shyam : You are right Ravi. It causes brain tumour genetic damage and many other incurable diseases.

Ravi : If we speak for a long time the red blood cells may get affected.

Shyam : Though we get immense benefits from it, we should use it with care and caution to avoid its demerits.

Ravi : Too much of anything is good for nothing

2. Between two friends about planting trees.

Durga : Hello Priya! What happened to you yesterday?

Priya : Hi Durga. I went to the tree fair to buy some saplings

Durga : When did this tree fair begin?

Priya : It has been going on for the last 3 days. It will continue for three more days.

Durga : Who has organized this tree fair?

Priya : The Department of Agriculture and Forestry organizes this every year in the month of July on the occasion of Vanamahotsava.

Durga : Why do they organize this tree fair?

Priya : It is so strange that you are not aware of the importance of tree plantation.

Durga : Please tell me about it in detail

Priya : Trees are our best friends, They give us shade and shelter. They are a great source of our food and furniture.

Durga : But we find many people cutting trees.

Priya : Yes, But we should stop deforestation. If it continues our country will become a desert we won't have water and fresh air.

Durga : I have understood well and I will motivate all my friends to plant more trees and make our country a land of greenery.

3. Between two friends about the importance of reading newspapers.

Ravi : Hi Vijay what are you doing?

Vijay : I am reading newspaper.

Ravi : Newspaper ! ?Why are you reading newspaper? I think you are wasting your time

Vijay : No Ravi, you are wrong. Reading paper is not wastage of time. It's very useful

Ravi : How is useful?

Vijay : By reading newspaper, we can get the news of various items in the world.
 Ravi : But doesn't the T.V. serve this purpose?
 Vijay : Television gives us news but that is not as much as newspaper.
 Ravi : Thanks a lot, Vijaya for your valuable information.
 Vijay : You are most welcome.

4. Between two friends about the uses of the Internet.

Sruthi : How are you Mona?
 Mona : Hi! I am doing fine. Thanks what about you?
 Sruthi : I am also fine. Have you taken your internet connection?
 Mona : Yes, I have already taken it. I am using mobile sim for browsing internet.
 Sruthi : Good, What is your idea about using the internet.
 Mona : In fact, mobile and internet are now an integrated part of our modern life, I think it is no luxury at all.
 Sruthi : You're right. For quick communication mobile and internet are a must. I often download materials from internet for my assignment.
 Mona : I also download songs and videos from internet.
 Sruthi : Measures should be taken so that all people get access to it.
 Mona : Every educational institution should have internet connection. And the young should be encouraged to browse important websites.
 Sruthi : You are right. Thank you very much for the information.
 Mona : You are most welcome.

5. Between a father and a son on choice of a career.

Father : Good morning , my boy.
 Son : Good morning , dad.
 Father : I want to talk to you my son. Are you busy?
 Son : No papa. Tell me what it is?
 Father : Your result is going to come in a couple of days.
 Son : Yes dad, I am tensed about it.
 Father : What group would you choose?
 Son : I will take biology. I want to become a doctor.
 Father : You have to clear NEET exam,
 Son : I will work hard and will definitely clear it.
 Father : I have enrolled your name in ABC coaching class.
 Son : Oh! Great dad, it's really a surprise.
 Father : Very good my son.
 Son : Thank you dad.

6. Between you and a bookseller on buying books.

Book seller: Good morning may I help you, please?
 Myself : Yes I want to buy some books
 Book seller: There are different kinds of books here. What book do you want mam?
 Myself : I want novels.

Book seller: What kind of novels do you want mam?

Myself : I want detective novels

Book seller: Here are the books you asked for.

Myself : I want Sherlock Holmes.

Book seller: I will get you Sherlock Holmes mam.

Myself : How much does it cost?

Book seller: It cost Rs. 650/-

Myself : Do you have the change for Rs. 2,000/-?

Book seller: Yes mam, here is the change.

Myself : Thank you

7. Between two friends on the benefits of early rising

Lakshmi : Hello Divya! How are you?

Divya : I am fine & what about you?

Lakshmi : I am fine too. But why are you always late to the class?

Divya : I always try to come on time but I simply can't

Lakshmi : Why can't you? What time do you get up in the morning?

Divya : I usually get up from bed around 9 o'clock. I watch T.V and go to bed late.

Lakshmi : Early to bed and early to rise makes a man healthy, wealthy and wise.

Divya : Is the proverb true Lakshmi?

Lakshmi : Yes, if you get up early in the morning you will get much time to learn lessons, have breakfast and reach college ahead of time

Divya : Yes, you are right. If I get up early I can make the best use of my time.

Lakshmi : Exactly and also your mind and body will remain fresh.

Divya : Thank you Lakshmi . Hereafter I will try my best.

8. Between two friends on an exciting cricket match.

Rahul : Hello shyam! How are you?

Shyam : I am fine and what about you?

Rahul : I am also quite fine. Did you enjoy the IPL match yesterday between CSK and RCB.

Shyam : Yes, it was quite thrilling.

Rahul : I thought CSK will lose the match. But M.S Dhoni led the team to the winning point with his fantastic 80 not out.

Shyam : I also loved the way AB de Villiers batted.

Rahul : Oh yes! I was deeply impressed to see the performance of the two teams.

Shyam : Yes it was a great surprise that Chennai Super Kings won the match.

Rahul : Exactly! It's all because of captain cool.

Shyam : Can you guess which team will enter the finals?

Rahul : Definitely CSK will reach the finals.

Shyam : The opponents may be SRH or Mumbai Indians KXIP.

9. Between two friends on the importance of punctuality.

Lily : Hello Zarina! How are you?

Zarina : I am fine and what about you?

Lily : I am fine too. But I am in some trouble

Zarina : I am sorry for that. Can I be of any help to you?

Lily : You know Zarina, I missed many of my classes. And now I am having trouble with understanding those lessons and I also lack attendance.

Zarina : I don't have such problems because I maintained punctuality and attended classes in time.

Lily : Really you did a good job. Now I realize that I have made a great mistake. I thought that I would be able to complete all my lessons before the exams.

Zarina: It is really unfortunate that you have made a great blunder. We should maintain strict punctuality in our student life if we want to do well in our exams.

Lily : Now, I understand the importance of punctuality in student life.

Zarina: Yes punctuality in student life is very important. You must not forget it.

Lily : Yes, that's absolutely true. Student life is the best time to grow the habit of punctuality.

Zarina : If anyone fails to develop the habit of punctuality, he must suffer.

10. Between two friends on a picnic they enjoyed recently

Mona : Hello Lizzy! How are you?

Lizzy : I am fine and what about you?

Mona : I am also fine, You might know that we enjoyed a picnic at Maynamati,

Lizzy : Oh; I see, I have also enjoyed a picnic at Sonargaon. The scenic beauty of the place was wonderful

Mona : Yes I know that Sonargaon is a scenic spot. Who were with you in the picnic?

Lizzy : The students of our class organized the picnic. Our English teacher accompanied us.

Mona : The picnic was more enjoyable with my teacher

Lizzy: We were 40. We started at 7.00 am after our break fast

Mona : That's very good. Had you any plan to cook food?

Lizzy : Yes, We ourselves cooked biriyani at the spot our English teacher supervised everything.

Mona : Fantastic! However we also prepared our own food. Picnic becomes more enjoyable when foods are prepared at the picnic spot.

Lizzy : Yes, you are absolutely right. However we enjoyed much on the day. The song, dance and games added to our pleasure.

Mona : I think you really enjoyed much

Lizzy: Thank you Mona

➤ **HINTS DEVELOPMENT**

Developing hints is a good art in language skills. While developing hints remember the following points:

1. First read the given hints at least thrice and visualize the concept in your mind.
2. With the help of the hints, write the paragraph in a natural continuous way using good English.
3. You can give a suitable title to the story.
4. You must avoid exaggeration.
5. Read the passage again and rectify and flaws.

HINTS DEVELOPMENT

Students need to take notes from various sources in the form of hints and sometimes in the form of an outline. These hints and outline have to be elaborated in the form of sentence blocks for their use and record. The exercise on 'hints development' prepares the students to develop their skill in elaborating gist or points into sentences and passages.

Guidelines for Developing the hints:

1. Read the given hints carefully in order to understand the main theme.
2. Follow the outline given. Do not omit any point and keep to the order in which the points are given in the outline.
3. Carefully connect all the points given the outline and develop the story in a coherent way.
4. Make proper use of connectives for continuity between sentences.
5. Use your imaginative skill to develop the hints.
6. Your language must be simple and direct and verbs must be used in the proper tense forms.
7. Never forget to supply title to your answer.
8. Title-1Marks; 1 or 2 paragraph -1 Marks; content-2 Marks Moral: 1Marks.

BOOK BACK

Developing the following hints into a paragraph.

Two kings – ruled – neighbouring kingdoms. King Arya – great warrior – looked after – subjects – very well – People loved him – looking – their safety and welfare – all his subjects – very happy – healthy life – King Vaishal on the other hand – very lazy man – spend his time – entertaining – dancing – ignoring – needs or developmental – people – His people – angry – never came out of the palace – listen to their woes. Powerful Sultan attacked – with his strong army – King Arya's army – alert – ready – preparedness – enemy – more powerful – love for King even women and children – come to the war front – fight – protect their King – a different story – King Vaishal – impending war – people started fleeing – King all by himself – not interested to protect – King – did nothing for their welfare. King Vaishal – realized his foolishness – too late – defeated in the war and fled for his life – King Arya – defeated the Sultan – people to live in peace – King Arya – welfare of his people at heart at all times – subjects – returned his love – loyal and supportive – during testing times.

AS YOU SOW, SO SHALL YOU REAP

There were two kings namely King Arya and King Vaishal ruling two neighbouring kingdoms. King Arya was a great warrior who looked after his subjects very well. He was an able administrator. He worked for the welfare of his people. So they loved him so much and were ready to sacrifice their lives whereas King Vaishal was a very lazy man. He spent his time dancing and making merry and never looked into the welfare of the people. His people were angry with him. He did not listen to the cries of the people. One day a powerful Sultan with his strong army waged war against King Arya's army. The King was alert and was prepared to face the enemy. He had a strong support from his people. Even the women and children came forward to help him. Thus he framed a powerful army. But in King Vaishal's Kingdom when people came to know about war they started fleeing and the king was left all alone by himself. Since he was not interested in the welfare of the people and was selfish he was left alone. King Vaishal realized his foolishness. But it was too late. He was defeated in the war and fled for his life. Whereas King Arya defeated the Sultan with the help of his people. The people led a happy and peaceful life. He always thought only of the welfare of his people and his subjects. People loved him so much and were loyal and supportive to him especially during testing times.

Hints development

1. Kindness to disabled persons –should not ridicule them – treat them with kindness – too much of sympathy – not relished by them – encourage them – consider them normal human beings – treat them on par – determination to overcome challenges.

Kindness to the disabled

We must be kind to the disabled persons. We should not make fun of their disabilities. Showing excessive sympathy would also hurt their feelings. Instead, we need to encourage them. We must treat them on par with normal human beings. This would strengthen their determination to overcome challenges.

2. My story – pen – initially in the shelf – showroom – little child – wrote home work – lessons – lost me in class – friend picked me up – his brother – filled me with ink – uncle – story writer – letters, stories, good ideas – mode of expression – fine – proud – nice ideas conveyed through me – happy with myself.

Auto biography of a pen

I was initially kept in the shelf of a pen seller's show room. The shop was called "pen corner". I was bought and given to a child. She used me for doing her school work and home work. One day she lost me in her classroom. I was picked up by a friend. His brother filled my belly with ink. His uncle was a story writer. As he wrote stories and letters, I felt proud as new characters were being moulded through me. I was a part of creative work. Ideas flowed through me. I was happy with myself.

3. Great pyramid of Khufu – Masterpiece of the Egyptians – built for the Pharaoh Khufu at Giza – 4500 years ago – about 1,00,000 workers – finished about 2465BC – walls of stone – big stone blocks of many tons – thousands of tourists – visit every year.

Great Pyramid of Khufu

Thousands of tourists visit the Great Pyramid of Khufu. It is said to be the masterpiece of Egyptian pyramids. It was built for the Pharaoh Khufu at Giza. This was built 4500 years ago involving 1,00,000 workers. The great task was completed in 2465BC. Its walls are made of stone. Each block of stone weighs many tons. How Egyptians constructed this huge masterpiece is a great mystery to the tourists even today.

4. Kalaripayatt – traditional art – Kerala 13th century – oldest martial art – Bohidharma – Buddhist monk from India – introduced Kelari – into China and Japan – it is more than – marital art – teaches philosophy – medicine – attack – self – defence – to avoid confrontations – focus on acupressure also – trains mind and body – people who practiced the art – treated with great respect – honour – thus the most complete – and scientific martial art – the mother of all martial arts.

Kalaripayatt – the Oldest Martial Art

It is believed that the oldest traditional martial art form Kalaripayatt was born in Kerala in 13th century. Bodhi Dharma, the Buddhist Indian monk introduced it as Kelari in China and Japan. It is more than a martial art. It teaches the practitioner philosophy and medicine. It helps one to protect oneself from attacks. Mostly it is used as a self-defence art to avoid unnecessary confrontations. It focuses on acupressure also. It trains one's mind and body. Those who practiced Kalaripayatt were treated with great respect and honour. Thus, it is the most complete, scientific martial art and hence is rightly called “the mother of all martial arts”.