XI-STD 2018 - 2019 XI-Std] COMPUTER SCIENCE [TIME: 1.00 Hr. ONE MARK (Maximum Marks: 50) (Unit 1): 1. Introduction to Computers 2 Number Systems 3. Computer Organization 4. Operating Systems TEST NO: 1 5. Working with Typical Operating System. [Windows & Linux] I. Choose the correct answer: $50 \times 1 = 50$ 1. Name the volatile memory (a) ROM (b) PROM (c) RAM (d) EPROM First generation computers used (a) Vacuum tubes (b) Transistors (c) Integrated circuits (d) Microprocessors When a system restarts which type of booting is used. (a) Warm booting (b) Cold booting (c) Touch boot (d) Real boot output device is used for printing building plan, flex board, etc. (a) Thermal printer (b) Plotter (c) Dot matrix (d) Inkjet printer The component used in second generation computers is (a) Transistor (b) ICs (c) Vacuum tubes (d) Microprocessor Which component used in third generation computers? (a) Vacuum tubes (b) Transistors (c) IC (d) Microprocessors Name the software introduced in fifth generation compouters (a) Artificial Neural Networks (b) Artificial Intelligence Robotics (d) Natural language processing Physical components of a computer are called (d) Hardware (b) Data (c) Information (a) Software 9. Which of the following holds the data and instructions during the processing?..... (b) Output unit (c) Memory unit (a) Input unit 10. Pictures on a monitor are formed with pictures elements called (a) Resolution (b) Software (c) High definition 11. Which of the following device used to draw lines on a computer device ?

(a) Track ball

(b) OCR

(c) BCR

12.	-2- How many bytes does 1 Kilo Byte contain ?
	(a) 1000 (b) 8 (c) 4 (d) 1024
13.	Which is a basic electronic circuit which operates on one or more
	signals?
	(a) Boolean algebra (b) Gate (c) Fundamental gates (d) Derived gates
14.	NAND is called as Gate. (a) Fundamental Gate
1	(b) Derived Gate (c) Logical Gate (d) Electronic gate
15.	A number system can be derived from a
	(a) Bit (b) Byte (c) Base or radix (d) Nibble or word
16.	Which of the following is not a standard number system?
	(a) Pentagon (b) Hexadecimal (c) Decimal (d) Binary
17.	The base value of a number is also known as
	(a) length (b) radix (c) data (d) Position
18.	Which of the programs used Unicode?
	(a) C (b) C++ (c) Java (d) None of these
19.	The fundamental logic are
	(a) Five (b) Four (c) Two (d) Three
20.	The singular form of data is
	(a) Record (b) File (c) Datum (d) Values
21.	Which is the fastest memory? (a) Hard disk
75	(b) Main memory (c) Cache memory (d) Blue - Ray disc
22.	Which of the following is said to be the brain of a computer?
	(a) Input devices (b) Output devices
	(c) Memory device (d) Microprocessor
23.	Display devices are connected to the computer through
	(a) USB port (b) Ps/2 port (c) SCSI port (d) VGA connector
24.	Which of the following performs all tasks in the computer?
ion d	(a) Chips (b) Bus (c) CPU (d) I/O devices
25.	How many characteristics the microprocessor depends on?
	(a) 2 (b) 3 (c) 4 (d) 8

(d) Light Pen

	-3-	3
26.	One Hertz = cycle per second.	3
	(a) 0 (b) 1 (c) 2 (d) 3	
27.	Expansion of MAR is	
	(a) Memory Address Register (b) Micro Address Register	3
28	(c) Memory Add Register (d) Microprocessor Address Recognition Which memory offers a fast read and write access time?	4
۵٠.	(a) Flash (b) Cache (c) Hard disk (d) Main	
29.	Which of the following is the today's basic component of	4
30	electronics? (a) ICs (b) Transistor (c) Silicon (d) Vacuum tube . A portion of secondary memory which can serve as an extension of	4
30	the main memory is called (a) Primary Memory (b) ROM (c) Virtual Memory (d) EEPROM	4
31	. Operating System is a (a) Application Software	4
32	. Which of the following OS is a commercially licensed Operating	
	System?	
33	. Interactive Operating System provides	'
	(a) Graphics User Interface [GUI] (b) Data Distribution	
	(c) Security Management (d) Real Time Processing	
34	Which of the following refers to Android Operating System's version?	
	(a) JELLY BEAN (b) UBUNTU (c) OS/2 (d) MITTIKA	
35	5. Which is used to perform any computer operation?	1
	(a) Application Software (b) Hardware	
	(c) Operating System (d) File Management	
36	In which OS the processor time is divided among different tasks?	•
	(a) Multiuser (b) Multiprocessor (c) Real Time (d) Time Sharing	A
3	7. How many functionalities are there in OS?	
	(a) 4 (b) 5 (c) 3 (d) 2	

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8. Which device management technique used for processing of
   different tasks on the same I/O device? .......
                                                       (d) Allocation
                                    (c) Scheduling
                   (b) Spooling
   (a) Buffering
19. Which of the following are not stored by FAT? ........
                                                   (d) File size
   (a) Address (b) Access mode
                                  (c) NTFS
10. Which OS is the most popular Linux based open source
   software ? .....
   (a) Apple iOS (b) Google Android (c) Windows (d) Blackberry
41. Which is the default browser for ubuntu? ........
                  (b) Internet Explorer (c) Chrome (d) Thunderbird
   (a) Firefox
42. Which OS used on web servers and super computers ? .......
                                                   (d) 10S
                                    (c) Linux
                  (b) Windows
    (a) Unix
43. A rectangular area in an application is called ........
                                                   (d) Window
                                    (c) Icons
                    (b) Start Menu
    (a) Desktop
44. A directory contains information about the ........
                                                   (d) Files
                                    (c) Icons
                  (b) Records
    (a) Data
45. Which command on the start menu used to search the entire
    computer quickly? ......
                                                    (d) Layout
                                   (c) Locate
                 (b) Search
    (a) Find
46. Which key combination is used to delete the file or folder
    permanently ? ......(a) Ctrl + Delete (b) Shift + Delete
                                   (d) Ctrl + Alt + Delete
    (c) Alt + Delete
47. Which icon in Ubuntu OS opens an application like MS Word?......
                              (b) Open Office Writer
    (a) Star Office Writer
                              (d) Libre Office Editor
    (c) Libre Office Writer
48. Trash icon is equivalent to ...... icon in Windows.
                                                         (d) Dustbin
                                     (c) Garbage bin
                 (b) Recycle bin
    (a) Spam
49. Which contains the information about the files? .......
                                                     (d) Document
                                    (c) Directory
                 (b) Windows
     (a) Icons
50. The vertical bar of icons on the left side of the desktop is
     called .....
                                  (c) Status bar (d) Launcher
                  (b) Menu bar
     (a) Task bar
                                                       XI-Std-Comp- O.M.T.-1
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£ .		2018 - 2019
	XI - STD	COMPLITER SCIENCE [TIME: 1.00 Hr
_	NE MARK	(IVARAMIUM And Abstraction)
U		7. Composition and Decomposition 8. Interation and recursion
7.	TEST NO: 2	
I. Che	oose the correct ans	swer:
1.	CAL CALLOWIT	activities is an a
- 24	(a) Multiply two numb	ers (b) Di da d
		In Bruth the reas
2.	If 0 < i before the ass	ignment i: i - 1 after the assignment, we car
4.	conclude that	•
		(c) $i = 0$ (a) $0 \ge i$
•	Stating the input Dro	perty and the as : - output relation a problem
3.		
	a (b)	Statement (c) Algorithm (d) Definition
	(a) Specification (b)	ng activities is algorithmic in nature?
4.	Which of the follows	le (b) Describe a bicycle
	(a) Assemble a bicyc	f a bicycle (d) Explain how a bicycle works
	(c) Label the parts of	a picycle (a) 22pt
5.	Ensuring the input -	output relation is
	(a) the responsibility	of the algorithm and the right of the user
	(b) the responsibility	of the user and the right of the algorithm
10.0	(c) the responsibility of	of the algorithm but not the right of the user
	(d) the responsibility	of both the user and the algorithm
6.	Omitting details ines	sential to the task and representing only the
	essential features of	the task is known as
	(a) specification (b)	abstraction (c) composition (d) decomposition
7.	Instructions are also	
	(a) Programs (b) In	put (c) Statements (d) Process
8.	Which is intended to	solve a problem ?
174		Statements (c) Process (d) Algorithm
9.	Which are named box	kes for storing data ?
	(a) Data (b) Proc	
10.		ions on data performed by
		Program (c) Process (d) All of these

11. How the state of the process represented in an algorithm?

(c) Statements

(b) Variables

(a) Date

lı.	. The order of execution of proram statements is known as the
12	The order of execution of profam states. (a) Variables (b) Control flow (c) Functions (d) Association (a) Variables (b) Control flow attempts are repeated until the
	(a) Variables (b) Control flow (c) Falcette. In which control flow, the statements are repeated until the
13	. In which control flow, the state-
	(b) Alternative control flow (c) Iterative (d) All of these
14	Callowing design technique
1	
15	(a) Specification (b) Abstraction (c) competents. The input and output are passed between an algorithm and the
	(c) variables (u) junctions
16	How many standard specification format are the
	which of the following is the responsibility of the
17	designer and the sing of the algorithm user?
0.00	(a) Properties of input (b) input output relation
	(a) Properties output (d) algorithm name
	(c) Properties output (d) algorithm name Which of the following is a basic and important abstraction?
18.	(a) State (b) Variable (c) Control flow (d) functions
<i>y</i> -	(a) State (b) Variable (c) Controlled
19.	Each part of an algorithm are known as
	(a) variables (b) functions (c) control flow (d) data
20	Which of the following is not a notation for representing
	algorithm? (a) Programming language
	(b) Composition (c) Pseudo code (d) Flow chart
21.	Which of the following is one of the elementary problem solving
	(a) Decomposition (b) Control flow (c) Functions (d) State
22.	Which notation is similar to programming languages?
	(a) Pseudo code (b) Flow chart (c) Statement (d) decomposition
23.	The notation for representing algorithms (a) Pseudo code
	(b) Programming language (c) composition (d) Flow chart
24.	Which of the following is not a programming language?
	(a) C , (b) C++ (c) Ms - Office (d) Python
25.	The algorithm expressed in programming language is called
	(a) Statement (b) program (c) information (d) function
	[PTO

(d) Program

-3-26. The input and output represent in flowchart by (a) 27. The translation will not happened by the error (d) all of these (a) logical (b) runtime (c) grammar 28. Which notation is not formal nor exact? (b) Programming language (a) Flow chart (d) None of these (c) Pseudo code 29. In flowchart, the control flow of the algorithm represented by (b) Diamond shaped boxes (a) Rectangular (d) Parallelogram boxes (c) Arrows 30. Which flowchart symbol represents start and end of execution ?... 31. Statements composed of other statements are known as (b) Expression (a) Assignments Statement (d) Compound Statement (c) Arithmetic Statement 32. Which of the following statement is used to alter the normal flow of control? (d) All of these (c) Execute (b) Assignment (a) Compound 33. Which of the following is not a control flow statement? (a) Sequential (b) Assignment (c) Alternative (d) Interative 34. Which of the following control flow statements executes in order ? (a) Sequential (b) Alternative (c) Interative (d) All of these 35. How many cases the alternative statement analyses the (d) many problem ?..... (α) 2 (b) 3 36. Which statement executes the same action repeatedly? (a) Sequential (b) Conditional (c) Interative (d) All of these

and more manageable problems?

38. While decomposing, each step can be further expanded to still finer steps are known as (a) Compounding (b) Conditional (c) Specification (d) Refinement 39. Which of the following is not an invariant of the assignment? m, n: m2+,n3+..... (a) $m \mod 2$ (b) $n \mod 3$ (c) $3 \times m - 2 \times n$ (d) $2 \times m - 3 \times n$ 40. A loop invariant need not be true (b) At the start of each interation (a) At the start of the loop (c) At the end of each iteration (d) At the start of the algorithm 41. If m x a + n x b is an invariant for the assignment a,b : = a + 8, b + 7, the values of 'm' and 'n' are (a) m = 8, n = 7 (b) m = 7, n = -8 (c) m = 7, n = 8 (d) m = 8, n = -742. Which statements executed repeatedly as long as the loop condition is true? (d) Assignment (a) sequential (b) Abstraction (c) Iteration 43. Which of the following algorithm design techniques to execute the same action repeatedly? (d) Both a & c (a) Assignment (b) Iteration (c) Recursion 44. Which of the following is updated when each time the loop body is executed?..... (d) All of these (c) Function (b) Variables (a) Data 45. The unchanged variables of the loop body is called loop (a) Condition (b) Loop statement (c) Loop variable (d) Loop invariant 46. Which of the following is more powerful algorithms design technique closely related to iteration? (a) Specification (b) Abstraction (c) Recursion (d) Decomposition 47. Which of the following is the key to construct interative (b) Loop updation algorithms? (a) Loop invariant (d) Loop condition (c) Loop Variable 48. How many important points the loop variant is ture? (d) 4 (c) 3 (b) 2 (α) 1 49. How many base case atleast must be in recursion 37. Which of the following involves breaking down a problem into smaller (d) 3 (c) 4 (b) 2 $((\alpha) 1$ 50. How many cases are there a recursive solver has? (α) 2 (a) Specification (b) Abstraction (c) decomposition (d) Composition XI-Std-Comp- O.M.T.-2

XI-STD	2018 - 2019
ONE MARK	HrStd] COMPUTER SCIENCE [TIME: 1.00 (Maximum Marks: 50)
TEST NO: 3	Unit: III(Full) 9. Introduction to C++ 10. Flow of Control 11. Functions 12. Arrays and Structures
Choose the correct answer	
	ng are called as compile time operators?
Carrier Co. S. C. Co.	ointer (c) Virtual (d) This
2. The smallest individu	ual unit in a program is
	ithm (c) Flowchart (d) Tokens
	(a) Charles Babbage
the state of the s	(c) Bill Gates (d) Sunder Pichai
	high level language is called as ?
(a) Object code (b) So	ource code (c) Executable code (d) All of these
	g is not a data type modifier ?
(a) signed (b) in	
6. This can be used as al	ternate to end command
(a) $\setminus t$ (b) $\setminus b$	(c) \o (d) \n
7. Which operator to be	used to access reference of variable ?
(a) \$ (b) #	(c) & (d) !
8. Which of the followi	ng are the user defined names given to
different parts of the	
	tifiers (c) Punctuators (d) Keywords
	perators are applied to three operands, the
result will be a	(a) Post value
(c) Numerical value	
i .	s (a) Important Development Environment
(b) Integrated Developm	ent Environment
(c) Integrated Digital E	

11. Which of the following data type created by the programmer ? ...

number of characters to be written in C++ output ?

(a) User defined (b) Fundamental (c) Built - in (d) Derived 12. Which of the following Manipulator determines the minimum

(c) Setprecission

(d) Integrated Digital Extension

(b) Setfill

(a) Self

	associated operations of handling it F
1	(a) Literals (b) Datatypes (c) Keywords (d) Punctuators
14	. Which of the following are the memory locations to hold values to
1.	specific data type ?
	(a) Pointers (b) Punctuators (c) Variables (d) Operator
15.	In C++, the group of statement should enclosed within
	(a) {} (b) [] (c) () (d) <>
16.	Which of the following is the exit control loop?
	(a) for (b) while (c) do while (d) if else
17.	A loop that contains another loop inside its body
	(a) Nested loop (b) Inner loop (c) Inline loop (d) Nesting of loop
18.	Which statement used to change the flow of control?
	(a) Control (b) Selective (c) Compound (d) Alternative
19.	Which of the following statement commonly used as place holders
	in iteration statements ?
	(a) loop (b) assignment (c) empty (d) switch
20.	Both selection and iterative statements are executed depends upon
	the
	(a) Conditional expression (b) Arithmetic expression
	(c) Assignment expression (d) Block
21.	How many forms of nested if are there?
	(a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) many
22.	Which statement creates branches for multiple alternatives
	sections of code depending on single variable value?
	(a) if (b) if -else (c) switch - case (d) do - while
23.	Which of the following decide whether to execute the statements
	inside if block and switch statement?
	(a) Variable (b) Constant (c) Operator (d) Expression
24.	How many elements are there in every loop?
	(a) 3 (b) 5 (c) 4 (d) 2
25.	Which of the following is the easiest looping statement?
	(a) for (b) while (c) do - while (d) all of these
	[PTO

(d) Setw

24.

25.

-3-	-4-
26. Which function begins the program execution?	39. Which of the following is the collection of variables of the same
(a) isalpha() (b) isdigit() (c) main() (d) islower()	type that an referenced by a common name?
27. Which of the following is the scope of operator?	(a) int (b) float (c) array (d) class
(a) > (b) & (c) % (d) ::	40. By default, the string and with which character?
28. Which of the following header file defines the standard I/O	
predefined functions?	41. In array, the values are stored
(a) stdio.h (b) math.h (c) string.h (d) ctype.h	(a) Randomly (b) Iteratively (c) Sequentially (d) Recursively
29. Which of the following provides function prototype and library	42. The size of an array should be specified in
functions definitions? (a) Header file (b) C++ program file	(a) <> (b) {} (c) () (d) []
(c) User- define functions (d) Built - in functions	43. In C++, there is no datatype to represent a
0. A program can be split into small sub-program are called	(a) integer (b) character (c) exponential value (d) string
(a) Expressions (b) Functions (c) Control flow (d) Composition	44. How many arguments are there in get () function?
1. A function parameters list separated by	(a) 2 (b) 3 (c) only one (d) 4
(a) semicolon (b) colon (c) comma (d) dot	45. An array of string is a (a) One dimensional character array
2. Which datatype indicates the complier that the function does not	(b) One dimensional string array
return a value ?	(c) Two dimensional string array
(a) derived (b) void (c) built-in (d) user - defined	(d) Two dimensional character array
3. The parameters used in the function definition are known as	46. Which of the following increases the time consumption whil
(a) actual (b) formal (c) main (d) built-in	searching?
Which of the following function increases the speed of program	(a) Structures (b) Arrays (c) Functions (d) Built - in functions
	47. Which of the following can be passed to a function in a similar wa
execution? (a) built-in (b) derived (c) user - defined (d) inline	of passing an argument that is of built-in-datatype?
[4] 54.05 51. [2]	(a) Structure variable (b) Ordinary variable
. A variable declared above all blocks and functions has the scope (a) file (b) function (c) local (d) class	(c) Pointer variable (d) Array variable
	48. Object declared along with structure definition are called
. How many arguments taken by strcpy () function?	(a) function objects (b) local objects
(a) 2 (b) 3 (c) 4 (d) 1	(c) global objects (d) class objects
. The variables used in the function definition as parameters are	49. The data elements in the structure are also known as
known as	(a) Objects (b) Members (c) Data (d) Records
(a) formal parameters (b) actual parameters	50. When accessing a structure member, the identifier to the left
(c) build - in parameters (d) derived parameters	the dot operator is the name of
Which of the following is a new way of creating and implementing	
a user defined datatype ?	
(a) function (b) operator (c) field (d) class	(c) Structure variable (d) Structure tag
	THE PARTY AND TH

(c) Attributes (b) Data members 23. Which of the following must be declared to make use of class

specifications?......

(c) objects (d) class name (b) methods (a) members

24. An array which contains the class type element is called

(b) array of classes (a) array of strings

(d) array as member variable (c) array of objects

25. Which defining copy constructor the objects should be passed only by

(d) Explicit (c) Global (b) Value (a) Reference

26. Which of the following destroys the objects constructed by the constructor?...... (d) Methods (c) Destructor (b) Constructor

XI-STD

ONE MARK

TEST NO: 4

2018 - 2019

XII -Std] COMPUTER SCIENCE [TIME: 1.00

(Maximum Marks: 50)

Unit: IV(Full) 13. Introduction to Object Oriented Programming Techniques

14. Classes and Obje to 15. Polymorphism 16. Inheritance

Choose the correct answer:

 $50 \times 1 = 50$

- "Write once and use it multiple time' can be achieved by (a) redundancy (b) reusability (c) modification (d) composition
- 2. The identifiable entity with some characteristics and behaviour is (a) Class (b) Object (c) Structure (d) Member
- 3. The term is used to describe a programming approach based on classes and objects is

(d) SOP (c) ADT (a) OOP (b) POP

- 4. Which of the following concept encapsulate all the essential of the object that are to be created ?
 - (a) Class (b) Encapsulation (c) Polymorphism (d) Abstraction
- Which of the following is an example of modular programming? ... (c) Python (d) VB.Net (b) Pascal
- (a) Fortran Which of the following allows us to organize software as a collection of data and behaviour?
 - (a) Object Oriented Paradigm (b) Procedural Programming Paradigm (c) Modular Programming Paradigm (d) All of these
- 7. Which of the following defined as a blueprint representing a group
- objects that share properties and relationship? (c) Procedures (d) Subroutines (b) Modules (a) Class
- 8. What concept used in C++ to bind data and function together into a single unit?......
- (a) Polymorphism (b) Inheritance (c) Abstraction (d) Encapsulation
- 9. Which of the following encapsulate all the essential properties of the object that are to be created?
 - (a) Modularity (b) Polymorphism (c) Abstraction (d) Encapsulation
- 10. Encapsulation also called (a) Data binding
 - (d) Inheritance (c) Information hiding (b) Data hiding
- 11. The ability of a message or function to be displayed in more than one form is called (a) Data hiding
 - (c) Data abstraction (d) Modularity (b) Polymorphism
- 12. Which of the following provides the security of data? ...
 - (a) Inheritance

- (b) Polymorphism
- (c) Data abstraction
- (d) Encapsulation

(a) Destroyer

	-3-	
27	. Which of the following refers to a function having more than one distinct meaning?	38. Which of the following identifies a given member function is a constructor?
	(a) Function overloading (b) Member overloading	(a) compiler (b) class (c) object (d) method
	(c) Operator overloading (d) Operations overloading	39. Which of the following is the process of creating new classes from
28.	Which of the following is not true with respect to function	an existing class?
	overloading?	
	(a) The overloaded functions must differ in their signature	(a) Polymorphism (b) Inheritance (c) Encapsulation (d) Super class
	(b) The return type is also considered for overloading a function	40. The type of inheritance that reflects the transitive nature is
	(c) The default arguments of overloaded functions are not considered	(a) Single Inheritance (b) Multiple Inheritance
	for ovarloading	(c) Multilevel Inheritance (d) Hybrid Inheritance
	(d) Destructor function cannot be overloaded	41. Inheritance is process of creating new class from
29.	Which of the following reduces the number of comparisons in a	(a) Base class (b) Abstract (c) Derived class (d) Function
	program?	42. Which amongst the following is executed in the order of
		inheritance? (a) Destructor (b) Member function
	1, 1	(c) Constructor (d) Object
	(c) Function overloading (d) Member overloading	43. A class that is used to derive another class is called
30.	The word polymorphism means (a) Different shapes	(a) Sub class (b) Super class (c) Nested class (d) Derived class
	(b) Many shapes (c) Used shapes (d) Unused shapes	44. When more than one derived clauses are created from a single base
31.	Which of the following is the ability of a message to be displayed in	
	more than one form ? (a) Polymorphism	class called
	(b) Encapsulation (c) Abstraction (d) Inheritacne	(2) 1111111111
32.	How many type OS overloading are there in C++?	45. The size of the class without any declaration will occupy
	(a) 3 (b) 4 (c) only one (d) 2	(a) 0 byte (b) 1 byte (c) 4 bytes (d) 8 bytes
33.	Which of the following means a name having two or more distinct	46. The accessibility of base calss by the derived class is controlled
	meanings?	by (a) access specifiers (b) visibility modes
	(a) Abstraction (b) Over riding (c) Overloading (d) Data hiding	(c) data members (d) member functions
34.	The number and types of a function's parameter are called	47. When an object of the derived clas is created, the compiler first
	(a) Overload resolution (b) Overloaded function	call to the
	(c) Function's signature (d) Function's prototype	(a) base class destructor (b) base class members functions
35.	The process of selecting the most appropriate overloaded function	(c) base class constructor (d) base class data members
	or operator is called	48. Which of the following class destructor expires first
	(a) Overloaded function (b) Function's signature	(a) base class (b) Derived class (i) Only a (ii) only b
	(c) Function's prototype (d) Overload resolution	(iii) both a & b (iv) none of these
	Which of the following can have more than one constructor with	49. The derived class member functions have the same of the base
	different signature ?	class member functions is called
	(a) methods (b) Class (c) Object (d) attribute	(a) overloading (b) data hiding (c) Data hiding (d) over riding
37	Which of the following provides flexibility of creating multiple type	50 Which of the following are extended in the order of inherited
	of objects for a class?	class? (a) data members (b) Destructors
	(a) function overloading (b) operator overloading	(d) Constructors
	(a) Juneous over towns (-)	(c) member functions (d) Constitution (d) XI-Std-Comp-O.M.T4

(d) object overloading

(c) constructor overloading

XI-Std-Comp-O.M.T.-4

something is not true?

11. Which of the following crime that tricking people into believing

XI-STD	2018 - 2019
ONE MARK	XII -Std] COMPUTER SCIENCE [TIME : 1.00 Hr. (Maximum Marks : 50)
DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF	Unit : V(Full) 17. Computer Ethics and Cyber Security
TEST NO: 5	Unit: VI(Full) 18. Tamil Computing
Choose the correct answer :	50 x 1 = 50
1. Which one of the following	lowing are self - repeating and do not require a
computer program t	o attach themselves ?
(a) Viruses (b) wor	rms (c) Spyware (d) Trojans
2. Commercial program	ns made available to the public illegally are
known as	<u> </u>
(a) freeware (b) t	warez (c) free software (d) software
3. Which of the follow	ing is not a malicious program on computer
systems?	
(a) worms (b) tro	ojans (c) spyware (d) cookies
4. E-commerce means	
(a) electronic comm	erce (b) electronic data exchange
(c) electric data exc	change (d) electronic commercialization
5. The process of conve	erting cipher text to plain text is called
(a) encryption (b) de	ecryption (c) key (d) proxy server
	r transactions are carried out by
(a) electronic data in	nterchange (b) electronic data exchange
(c) electronic data tr	ansfer (d) electrical data interchange
7. Which of the following	ng is a communication media which is easily
accessible and open	to all ?
(a) TV (b) Mo.	
8. Which presents a ma	jor challenge to the ethical use of information
technologies?	
(a) Cyber - crime (b)	Crime by area (c) Corruption (d) Crime one time
9. Which of the follows	ing is a set of nurral principles that rule the
behaviour of individ	uals who use computers ?
(a) Cyber Crime (b)	Ethics (c) Values (d) Mannerism
10. Which of the following	g is not the common ethical issues?

(a) Cyber crime (b) authorized access

	(a) Spam (b) Spoojing (c) Scan (a) har seeing
12.	The crime stealing tiny amounts of money from transaction is
	(a) Salami slicing (b) Spyware (c) Malware (d) Spam
13.	Which of the following is not used to prevent unauthorized
	access ?
- 1	(a) Firewalls (b) IDS (c) Malware (d) Virus scanners
14.	Who breaks into someone else's computer system called
	(a) Hacker (b) Cracker (c) Breaker (d) Cipher
15.	How many types of cyber attacks are there?
	(a) 3 (b) 5 (c) 2 (d) 4
16.	Which of the following programs are self repeating and do not
	require a computer program to attack themselves ?
	(a) Virus (b) spyware (c) Ransomware (d) Worms
17.	'Phising without a trop' called
	(a) hacking (b) cracking (c) pharming (d) warehouse
18.	MITM also called (a) Malware attack (b) Janus attack
	(c) Virus attack (d) Spyware attack
19.	Which of the following acts as an intermediary between the end
	user and web server ?
	(a) Website (b) Web client (c) Proxy server (d) Network
20.	Encryption and decryption are done by
- 5	(a) GUI (b) Cryptography (c) Clipher – text (d) Compiler
21.	Which of the following used to protect data in communication
1	system ?
	(a) Encryption (b) Clipher – text (c) Decryption (d) Spyware
22.	Which type of encryption use the same key for both encryption
	and description?
	(a) Public key (b) Private key (c) Asymmetric key (d) Symmetric key
23.	Public key encryption is also called
	(a) Symmetric key (b) asymmetric (c) synchronous (d) all of these

(d) Piracy

(c) Hacking

> 1.			-2-
XI-STD	2018 - 2019	11.	Which of the following crime that tricki
ONE MARK	XII -Std] COMPUTER SCIENCE [TIME : 1.0 Hr. (Maximum Marks : 50)		something is not true?
	Unit: V(Full) 17. Computer Ethics and Cyber Security	11.	
TEST NO: 5	Unit: VI(Full) 18. Tamil Computing	-	The crime stealing tiny amounts of mone
Choose the correct answer :	50 x 1 = 5	0	(a) Salami slicing (b) Spyware (c) M
	wing are self - repeating and do not require	a 13.	Which of the following is not used to
computer program to	attach themselves ?	- -	access ?
(a) Viruses (b) worm	s (c) Spyware (d) Trojans		(a) Firewalls (b) IDS (c) Malware
2. Commercial programs	made available to the public illegally are	e 14.	Who breaks into someone else's compute
known as		. I	(a) Hacker (b) Cracker (c) Break
(a) freeware (b) wa	rez (c) free software (d) software	15.	How many types of cyber attacks are the
	g is not a malicious program on compute		(a) 3 (b) 5 (c) 2
			Which of the following programs are se
systems?	(d) coolean	10.	require a computer program to attack th
(a) worms (b) troja			
4. E-commerce means			(a) Virus (b) spyware (c) Ransomwar
(a) electronic commerc	ce (b) electronic data exchange	17.	'Phising without a trop' called
(c) electric data excha	ange (d) electronic commercialization		(a) hacking (b) cracking (c) pharm
5. The process of convert	ting cipher text to plain text is called	. 18.	MITM also called (a) Malware atte
(a) encryption (b) decr			(c) Virus attack (d) Spyware atta
	ransactions are carried out by	19.	Which of the following acts as an interm
	erchange (b) electronic data exchange		user and web server ?
			(a) Website (b) Web client (c) Prox
(c) electronic data tran			
	g is a communication media which is easily	20.	Encryption and decryption are done by
accessible and open to			(a) GUI (b) Cryptography (c) Clipher
(a) TV (b) Mobil	le (c) Radio (d) Internet	21.	Which of the following used to protect
8. Which presents a major	r challenge to the ethical use of information	1	system?
technologies?			(a) Encryption (b) Clipher - text (c) Decry
	ime by area (c) Corruption (d) Crime one time	e 22.	Which type of encryption use the same
	g is a set of moral principles that rule the	1	and description?
	ls who use computers?		(a) Public key (b) Private key (c) Asymmetr
		02	Public key encryption is also called
(a) Cyber Crime (b) E		43.	(a) Summetric key (b) asymmetric (c) syn
10 9971 1 1 - C41 - C-11 1 1	is not the common ethical issues?	1	iai siimmetric keu idi asiiilillettic (c) syit

(b) authorized access

(a) Cuber crime

11. Which of the following crime that tricking people into believing something is not true? (d) harvesting (a) Spam (b) Spoofing (c) Scam 12. The crime stealing tiny amounts of money from transaction is (c) Malware (d) Spam (b) Spyware (a) Salami slicing 13. Which of the following is not used to prevent unauthorized access ? (a) Firewalls (b) IDS (c) Malware (d) Virus scanners 14. Who breaks into someone else's computer system called (c) Breaker (d) Cipher (b) Cracker (a) Hacker 15. How many types of cyber attacks are there ? (d) 4 (a) 3 (c) 2 (b) 5 16. Which of the following programs are self repeating and do not require a computer program to attack themselves? (d) Worms (a) Virus (b) spyware (c) Ransomware 17. 'Phising without a trop' called (d) warehouse (b) cracking (c) pharming (a) hacking (b) Janus attack 18. MITM also called (a) Malware attack (d) Spyware attack (c) Virus attack 19. Which of the following acts as an intermediary between the end user and web server ? (d) Network (a) Website (b) Web client (c) Proxy server 20. Encryption and decryption are done by (d) Compiler (a) GUI (b) Cryptography (c) Clipher - text 21. Which of the following used to protect data in communication system ? (a) Encryption (b) Clipher - text (c) Decryption (d) Spyware 22. Which type of encryption use the same key for both encryption

(a) Public key (b) Private key (c) Asymmetric key (d) Symmetric key

(a) Symmetric key (b) asymmetric (c) synchronous (d) all of these

(d) Piracy

(c) Hacking

24.	Expansion of EDI is
	(a) Electronic Data Interlink (b) Electronic Data Information
	(c) Electronic Data Interchange (d) Electronic Digital Information
25.	Which of the following deals with procedures, practices and
	value?
1.05	(a) Piracy (b) Programs (c) Virus (d) Computer ethics
26.	The first programming language 'Ezhil' is designed by
	(a) C++ (b) Java (c) Python (d) Visual Basic
27.	How many percentage of Internet users consider local language
	digital content to be more reliable than english?
	(a) 42% (b) 52% (c) 68% (d) 48%
28.	Which of the following search engine gives Tamil virtual
	keyboard?
	(a) Bing (b) Yahoo (c) Safari (d) Google
29.	Which of the following is the best informatikon technological
	device?
	(a) Computer (b) Internet (c) Mobile (d) Notebook Computer
30.	Which of the following coding systems specially designed for
	Indian languages ?
	(a) ASCII (b) TSCII (c) ISCII (d) EBCDIC
31.	In India, 42% of users mostly used language in India?
	(a) Tamil (b) Kannada (c) Malayalam (d) Telugu
32.	Which encoding scheme is suitable to handle Tamil?
	(a) ASCII (b) ISCII (c) Unicode (d) BCD
33.	The first version of Unicode is
	(a) 1.0.0 (b) 1.0.1 (c) 0.0.1 (d) 0.1.1
34.	The ASCII encoding system is applicable only for handling the
	language
	(a) English (b) Hindi (c) Tamil (d) All of these
35.	The first version of Unicode introduced in the year
	(a) 1990 (b) 1998 (c) 1991 (d) 1981
36.	Which year onwards, 74% if people in India will access Internet
	using Tamil?
i	(a) 2019 (b) 2021 (c) 2023 (d) 2030

37. Getting Government services through internet is known as (a) e-filling (b) e-payment (c) e-governance (d) e-shopping 38. The first Tamil programming language is (a) Ezhil (b) Kuzhal (c) Thamizpori (d) Kamban 39. In white OS, sellinam Tamil keyboard layout works? (a) Windows (b) Linux (c) Android (d) ios 40. Which of the following plays a vital role in ever man's life?..... (a) Mobile (b) Computer (c) Internet (d) Laptop 41. Which country provides all their services through the official website in Tamil? (a) Srilanka (b) America (c) Singapore (d) Malausia 42. Which of the following application have more than 30000 Tamilwords equivalent to english words? (a) Kamban (b) Thamizpori (c) Vani (d) Ponmozhi 43. Which of the following are portal or website of books collection?... (a) E - papers (b) E - commerce (c) E-languages (d) E - libraries 44. Which of the following Tamil keyboard layout not used by Android os ? (a) NHM writer (b) E - Kalappai (c) Lippikar (d) All of these 45. Which of the following is not familiar Tamil keyboard interfaces software?..... (a) NHM writer (b) Ponmadal (c) E - Kalappai (d) Lippikar 46. Which of the following is not provide searching facilities in Tamil? (a) Yahoo (b) Safari (c) Bing (d) Google 47. Which of the following provide searching facilities in Tamil? (a) Google (b) Bing (c) Safari (d) Both a & b 48. Which of the following are used to search any information from the cyberspace? (a) Operating system (d) Web clients (b) Compiler (c) Search engines 49. Which of the following language used to design 'Ezhil' ? Tamil programming language ? (d) Python (a) C (b) C++ (c) Java 50. In India, which is the most widely language in Internet? (d) Malayalam (c) Kannada (a) Tamil (b) Hindi

XII-Std-Comp-O.M.T.-5

STD - ONE MARK TEST KEYS. 2018 - 2019

XI - 3	SID-	ONE	MAK	NIE	3 I N	EYS,	2018	5 - 20	J19
		CO			IENCE	E-EM		2 T	
			100	YS TEST NO		7 (1)	0 (4)	0 (a)	10 (4)
1. (c)	2. (a)	3. (a)	4. (b)	5. (a)	6. (c)	7. (b)	8. (d)	9. (c)	10. (d)
11. (d)	12. (d)	13. (a)	14. (b)	15. (c)	16. (a)	17. (b)	18. (c)	19. (d)	20. (c)
21. (c)	22. (d)	23. (d)	24. (c)	25. (b)	26. (b)	27. (a)	28. (a)	29. (c)	30. (c)
31. (c)	32. (a)	33. (a)	34. (a)	35. (c)	36. (d)	37. (b)	38. (b)	39. (c)	40. (b)
41. (a)	42. (c)	43. (d)	44. (d)	45. (a)	46. (b)	47. (c)	48. (b)	49. (c)	50. (d)
			KE	YS TEST NO	<u>)-2</u>				
1. (d)	2. (b)	3. (a)	4. (a)	5. (d)	6. (b)	7. (c)	8. (d)	9. (d)	10. (a)
11. (b)	12. (b)	13. (c)	14. (b)	15. (c)	16. (a)	17. (b)	18. (a)	19. (b)	20. (b)
21. (a)	22. (a)	23. (b)	24. (c)	25. (b)	26. (d)	27. (c)	28. (c)	29. (c)	30. (b)
31. (d)	32. (a)	33. (b)	34. (a)	35. (a)	36. (c)	37. (c)	38. (d)	39. (d)	40. (d)
41. (b)	42. (c)	43. (d)	44. (b)	45. (d)	46. (c)	47. (a)	48. (d)	49. (a)	50. (a)
		· ************************************	K	EYSTESTN	<u>0:3</u>		-		200
. 1. (a)	2. (d)	3. (b)	4. (b)	5. (b)	6. (d)	7. (c)	8. (b)	9. (d)	10. (b)
= 11. (a)	12. (d)	13. (b)	14. (c)	15. (a)	16. (c)	17. (a)	18. (a)	19. (c)	20. (a)
21. (c)	22. (c)	23. (d)	24. (c)	25. (a)	26. (c)	27. (d)	28. (a).	29. (a)	30. (b)
31. (c)	32. (b)	33. (b)	34. (d)	35. (a)	36. (a)	37. (a)	38. (d)	39. (c)	40. (a)
41. (c)	42. (d)	43. (d)	44. (a)	45. (d)	46. (b)	47. (a)	48. (c) .	49. (b)	50. (a)
			K	EYS TEST N	0:4			9	
1. (b)	2. (b)	3. (a)	4. (b)	5. (b)	6. (a)	7. (a)	8. (d)	9. (c)	10. (a)
11. (b)	12. (c)	13. (b)	14. (a)	15. (c)	16. (a)	17. (b)	18. (b)	19. (c)	20. (d)
21. (c)		23. (c)	24. (c)	25. (a)	26. (c)	27. (a)	28. (b)	29. (c)	30. (b)
31. (a)		-33. (c)	34. (c)	35. (d)	36. (b)	37. (c)	38. (a)	39. (b)	40. (c)
41. (a)	42. (c)	43. (b)	44. (d)	45. (b)	46. (b)	47. (c)	48. (b)	49. (d)	50. (b)
			1	KEYS TEST	NO:5				
. ()	2 (b)	2 (d)	4. (a)		6. (b)	7. (d)	8. (a)	9. (b)	10. (b)
1. (a)	2. (b)						18. (b)	19. (c)	20. (b)
11. (c)	12. (a)	13. (c)					28. (d)	29. (b)	30. (c)
21. (a)	22. (d)				26. (c)		38. (a)	39. (c)	40. (c)
31. (a)	32. (c)	33. (a)	34. (a)	35. (c)	36. (b)			49. (d)	50. (a)
41. (a)	42. (b)	43. (d)	44. (d)	45. (b)	46. (b)	47. (d)	48. (c)	49. (a)	50. (a)