

Padasalai⁹S Telegram Groups!

(தலைப்பிற்கு கீழே உள்ள லிங்கை கிளிக் செய்து குழுவில் இணையவும்!)

- Padasalai's NEWS Group https://t.me/joinchat/NIfCqVRBNj9hhV4wu6_NqA
- Padasalai's Channel Group https://t.me/padasalaichannel
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XI –STD ACCOUNTANCY(VOLUME-II)

Chapter-9 RECTIFICATION OF ERRORS

Choose the correct answer:

- 1. Error of principle arises when
- a) There is completed omission of a transaction
- b) There is partial omission of a transaction
- c) Distinction is not made between capital and revenue items
- d) There are wrong posting and wrong castings
- 2. Errors not affecting the agreement of trail balance are.......
- a) Errors of principle
- b) errors of overcastting
- c) Errors of undercasting d) Errors of partial omission'
- 3. The difference in trial balance is taken to...........
- a) The capital account
- b) the trading account
- c) the suspense account d) the profit and loss account
- 4. A transaction not recorded at all is known as an error of.......
- a) Principle

- b) complete omission
- c) partial omission
- d) duplication
- 5. wages paid for installation of machinery wrongly deleted to wages account is an error of
- a) partial omission

- b) principle
- c) complete omission
- d) duplication
- 6. which of the following error will not affect the trail balance?
- a) wrong balancing of an account
- b) posting an account in the wrong account but on the correct side
- c) wrong totalling of an account
- d) carried forward wrong amount in a ledger account

- 7. Goods returned by seenguttuven were taken in to stock but no entry was passed in the books white rectifying this error which of the following accounts should be debited?
- a) senguttuven account b) sales returns account
- c) returns outward account d) purchase returns account
- 8. A credit purchase of furniture from athiyaman was debited to purchase account which of the following accounts should be debited white rectifying this error?
- a) purchase accounts
- b) suspense account
- c) creditor account
- d) none of the above
- 9. the total of purchase book was overcast which of the following accounts should be debited in the rectifying entry?
- a) purchase accounts
- b) suspense account
- c) creditor account
- d) none of the above
- 10. which of the following error will be rectified using suspense account?
- a) purchase return book was undercast by 100
- b) goods returned by Narendran was not recorded in the books
- c) goods book returned by Akila 900 recorded in the sales returns book as 90
- d) a credit sale of goods Ravivarman was not entered in the sales

CHAPTER-10 DEPRECIATION ACCOUNTING

Choose the correct answer:

- 1. under straight line method the amount of a) depreciation is .
- a) increasing every year
- b) decreasing every year
- c) constant for all years
- d) fluctuating every year
- 2. if the total charge of depreciation and maintenance cost are considered the method provides a uniform charge is...........
- a) straight line method
- b) diminishing balance method
- c) annuity method
- d) insurance policy method
- 3. under written down value method of depreciation the amount of depreciation
- a) uniform in the all the years
- b) decreasing every year
- c) increasing year
- d) none of the above
- 4. depreciation provided on machinery is debited to.....
- a) depreciation account
- b) machinery account
- c) trading account
- d) provision for depreciation account
- 5. Cash received from sales of fixed assets is credited to......
- a) Profit and loss account
- b) Fixed asset account

- c) Depreciation account
- d) Bank account
- 6. Depreciation is provided on.........
- a) Fixed assets
- b) Current assets
- c) Outstanding assets
- d) All assets
- 7. Depreciation is caused by
- a) Lapse of time b) usage c) obsolescence d) a,b and c
- 8. Depreciation is the process of......
- a) Allocation of cost of the asset to the period of its useful life
- b) Valuation of assets
- c) Maintenance of an asset in a state of efficieny
- d) Adding value to the asset
- 9. For which of the following assets, the depletion method is adopted for writing off cost of the asset?
- a) Plant and machinery
- b) mines and quarries

c) buildings

- d) trademark
- 10. A depreciable asset may suffer obsolescence due to.......
- a) passage of time b) wear and tear
- c) technological changes d) none of the above
- 11. which method shall be efficient if repairs and maintenance cost of an asset it grown older......
- a) straight line method b) reducing balance method
- c) sinking fund method d) annuity method
- 12. Depreciation is to be calculated from the date when......
- a) asset is put to use
- b) purchase order is make
- c) asset is received at business premiers

- 13. if the rate of depreciation is same then the amount of depreciation under straight method vis-a-vis written down method will be
- a) equal in all years
- b) equal in the first year but higher in subsequent years
- c) equal in the first year but lower in subsequent years
- d) lower in the first year but equal in subsequent years
- 14. Residual value of an asset means the amount that if can fetch on useful life
- a) beginning b) end c) middle d) none



CHAPTER -11 CAPITAL AND REVENUE TRANSACTIONS choose the correct answer:

- 1. Amount spent on increasing the seating capacity in a cinema hall is
- a) Capital expenditure
- b) Revenue expenditure
- c) Deferred revenue expenditure
- d) None of the above
- 2. Expenditure incurred 20,000 for trail run of a newly installed machinery will be.....
- a) Preliminary expense
- b) Revenue expenditure
- c) Capital expenditure
- d) Deferred revenue expenditure
- 3. Interest on bank deposits is......
- a) Capital receipts
- b) B) revenue receipts
- c) Capital expenditure
- d) Revenue expenditure
- 4. Amount received from IDBI as a medium term loan for augmenting working capital.....
- a) Capital expenditure
- b) Revenue expenditure
- c) Revenue receipts
- d) Capital receipts
- 5. Revenue expenditure is intended to benefit......
- a) Past period b) future period c) current period d) any period

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- 6. Pre-operative expenses are
- a) Revenue expenditure
- b) Prepaid revenue expenditure
- c) Deferred revenue expenditure
- d) Capital expenditure



CHAPTER-12 FINAL ACCOUNTS OF SOLE PROPRIETORS -I

Choose the correct answer:

- 1. Closing stock is an item of......
- a) Fixed asset
- b) Current asset
- c) Fictitious asset
- d) Intangible asset
- 2. Balance sheet is.....
- a) An account
- b) A statement
- c) Neither a statement nor an account
- d) None of the above
- 3. Net profit of the business increases the
- a) Drawings
- b) Receivables
- c) Debts
- d) Capital
- 4. Carriage inwards will be shown......
- a) In the trading account
- b) In the profit and loss account
- c) On the liabilities side
- d) On the assets side
- 5. Bank overdraft should be shown.......
- a) In the trading account
- b) Profit and loss account
- c) On the liabilities side
- d) On the assets side
- 6. Balance sheet shows theof the business

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- a) Profitability
- b) Financial position
- c) Sales
- d) Purchase
- 7. Drawings appearing in the trial balance is......
- a) Added to the purchase
- b) Subtracted from the purchase
- c) Added to the capital
- d) Subtracted from the capital
- 8. Salaries appearing in the trail balance is shown on the
- a) Debit side of trading account
- b) Debit side of profit and loss account
- c) Liabilities side of the balance sheet
- d) Assets side of the balance sheet
- 9. Current asset does not include
- a) Cash b) stock c) furniture d) prepaid expense
- 10. Goodwill is classified as.....
- a) A current asset
- b) A liquid asset
- c) A tangible asset
- d) An intangible asset

CHAPTER-13 FINAL ACCOUNTS OF SOLE PROPRIETORS -II

- Choose the correct answer:
- 1. A prepayment of insurance premium will appear in........
- a) The trading account on the debit side
- b) The profit and loss account on the credit side
- c) The balance sheet on the asset side
- d) The balance sheet on the liabilities side
- 2. Net profit is......
- a) Debited to capital account
- b) Credited to capital account
- c) Debited to drawings account
- d) Credited to drawings account
- 3. Closing stock is valued at.....
- a) Cost price
- b) Market price
- c) Cost price or market price whichever is higher
- d) Cost price or net realisable value whichever is lower
- 4. Accrued interest on investment will be shown.......
- a) On the credit side of profit and loss account
- b) On the assets side of balance sheet
- c) Both (a) and(b)
- d) None of these
- 5. If there is no existing provision created doubtful debts is.....
- a) Debited to bad debts account
- b) Debited to sundry debtors account
- c) Credited to bad debts accounts
- d) Debited to profit and loss

CHAPTER-14 COMPUTERISED ACCOUNTING

Choose the correct answer:

- 1. An accounting computer is computer is commonly used in the following area
- a) Recording of business transaction
- b) Payroll accounting
- c) Stores accounting
- d) All the above
- 2. Customised accounting software is suitable for......
- a) Small, conventional business
- b) Large, medium business
- c) Large typical business
- d) None of the above
- 3. Which one is not a component of computer system?
- a) Input unit b) output unit c) data d) central processing unit
- 4. An example of output device is......
- a) Mouse b) printer) scanner d) keyboard
- 5. One of the limitations of computerised accounting system is
- a) System failure b) Accuracy c) Versatility d) storage
- 6. Expend CAS......
- a) Common application software
- b) Computerised accounting system
- c) Centralised accounting system
- d) Certified accounting system
- 7. Which one of the following is not a method of codification of accounts?
- a) Access codes
- b) Sequential codes
- c) Block codes

- d) Mnemonic codes
- 8. Tally is an example of.....
- a) Tailor made accounting software
- b) Ready made accounting software
- c) In built accounting software
- d) Customised accounting software
- 9. People who write codes and programes are called as
- a) System analysis
- b) System designers
- c) System operators
- d) System programmers
- 10. Accounting software is an example of
- a) System software
- b) Application software
- c) Utility software
- d) Operating software

KEY ANSWERS:

Ch-9	Ch-10	Ch-11	Ch-12	Ch-13	Ch-14
1(c)	1(c)	1(a)	1(b)	1(c)	1(d)
2 (a)	2(b)	2(c)	2(b)	2(b)	2(b)
3 (c)	3(b)	3(b)	3(d)	3(d)	3(c)
4(b)	4(a)	4(d)	4(a)	4(c)	4(b)
5(b)	5(b)	5(c)	5(c)	5(d)	5(a)
6(b)	6(a)	6(d)	6(b)		6(b)
7(b)	7(d)		7(d)		7(a)
8(c)	8(a)		8(b)		8(b)
9(b)	9(b)		9(c)		9(d)
10(a)	10(c)		10(d)		10(b)
	11(b)				
	12(a)				
	13(b)				
	14(b)				