CLASS-X1

<u>VGR COACHING CENTER</u> <u>MATHS</u>

<u>MARK-80</u>

PART-A

- 1. If $|x + 2| \le 9$, then x belongs to (1)($-\infty$,-7) (2) [-11, 7] (3) ($-\infty$,-7) U [11, ∞) (4) (-11, 7)
- 2. The solution of 5x 1 < 24 and 5x + 1 > -24 is (1) (4, 5) (2) (-5,-4) (3) (-5, 5) (4) (-5, 4)
- 3. If $\log_{\sqrt{x}} 0.25 = 4$, then the value of x is (1) 0.5 (2) 2.5 (3) 1.5 (4) 1.25
- 4. If 3 is the logarithm of 343, then the base is (1) 5 (2) 7 (3) 6 (4) 9
- 5. The number of solutions of $x^2 + |x 1| = 1$ is (1) 1 (2) 0 (3) 2 (4) 3

<u>PART-B</u> [ANY 9]

- **1.** Prove that $\sqrt{3}$ is an irrational number
- 2. Solve |2x 3| = |x 5|.
- 3. Our monthly electricity bill contains a basic charge, which does not change with number of units used, and a charge that depends only on how many units we use. Let us say Electricity Board charges Rs.110 as basic charge and charges Rs. 4 for each unit we use. If a person wants to keep his electricity bill below Rs.250, then what should be his electricity usage?
- 4. Find the number of solutions of $x^2 + |x 1| = 1$
- 5. Solve the equation $\sqrt{6} 4x x^2 = x + 4$.
- 6. Find the real roots of $x^4 = 16$
- 7. Find the values of *p* for which the difference between the roots of the equation $X^4 + px + 8 = 0$ is 2.
- 8. Simplify and hence find the value of $n: 3^{2n} 9^2 3^{-n} / 3^{3n} = 27$
- 9. Prove $\log a^2/bc + \log b^2/ca + \log c^2/ab = 0$
- 10.How many licence plates may be made using either two distinct letters followed by four digits or two digits followed by 4 distinct letters where all digits and letters are distinct
- **11.What is the unit digit of the sum 2! + 3! + 4! + + 22!?**

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<u>PART-C [ANY 9]</u>

- 1. a. Evaluate n! / r!(n r)! when (i) n = 7, r = 5.
 - b. Find the value of *n* if (i) (n + 1)! = 20(n 1)!
- 2. How many 4 digit even numbers can be formed using the digits 0, 1, 2, 3 and 4, if repetition of digits are not permitted?
- 3. If $x = \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}$ find $x^2 + 1 / x^2 2$
- 4. If $\log_2 x + \log_4 x + \log_{16} x = 7 / 2$ find the value of x.
- 5. Resolve into partial fractions: $x + 1 / x^2(x 1)$
- 6. Find all values of x that satisfies the inequality 2x 3 / (x 2)(x 4) < 0.
- 7. If α and β are the roots of the quadratic equation $x^2 + \sqrt{2x+3} = 0$, form a quadratic polynomial with zeroes $1/\alpha$, $1/\beta$.
- 8. A model rocket is launched from the ground. The height *h* reached by the rocket after *t* seconds from lift off is given by h(t) = −5t²+100t, 0 ≤ t ≤ 20. At what time the rocket is 495 feet above the ground?
- 9. Solve 1/(2x-1) < 6 and express the solution using the interval notation
- 10. The equations $x^2 6x + a = 0$ and $x^2 bx + 6 = 0$ have one root in common. The other root of the first and the second equations are integers in the ratio 4 : 3. Find the common root

<u>PART-D</u> <u>[ANY 5]</u>

- **1. Resolve into partial fractions:** $2x/(x^2+1)(x-1)$
- 2. Resolve into partial fractions $X^2 + x + 1 / X^2 5x + 6$
- 3. Simplify $1/3 \sqrt{8} 1/\sqrt{8} \sqrt{7} + 1/\sqrt{7} \sqrt{6} 1/\sqrt{6} \sqrt{5} + 1/\sqrt{5} 2$
- 4. Prove that $\log 2 + 16 \log \frac{16}{15} + \frac{12 \log \frac{25}{24}}{25 + 7 \log \frac{81}{80}} = 1$.
- 5. How many strings of length 6 can be formed using letters of the word FLOWER if
 - (i) either starts with F or ends with R?
 - (ii) neither starts with F nor ends with R?
- 6. Let $S = \{1, 2, 3\}$ and $\rho = \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (2, 2), (1, 3), (3, 1)\}.$

- (i) Is ρ reflexive? If not, state the reason and write the minimum set of ordered pairs to be included to ρ so as to make it reflexive
- (ii) Is ρ symmetric? If not, state the reason, write minimum number of ordered pairs to be included to ρ so as to make it symmetric and write minimum number of ordered pairs to be deleted from ρ so as to make it symmetric.

(iii) Is ρ transitive? If not, state the reason, write minimum number of ordered pairs to be included to ρ so as to make it transitive and write minimum number of ordered pairs to be deleted from ρ so as to make it transitive.

(iii) Is ρ an equivalence relation? If not, write the minimum ordered pairs to be included to ρ so as to make it an equivalence relation.

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